

SUPPLEMENT DATED FEBRUARY 24, 2022 TO VARIABLE ANNUITY PROSPECTUSES

THE VARIABLE ANNUITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

SEPARATE ACCOUNT A

For the Following Fixed and Variable Deferred Annuity Contracts

Portfolio Director® Plus
Portfolio Director 2
Portfolio Director
Portfolio Director® Freedom Advisor
Equity Director
Independence Plus
Potentia®
Contract Form UIT-981

The purpose of this supplement is to notify owners of the fixed and variable deferred annuity contracts listed above (the “Contracts”) of the expected substitution of shares of the VALIC Company I Government Money Market I Fund (the “VALIC Money Market Fund”) with shares of the Goldman Sachs VIT Government Money Market Fund Institutional Shares (the “Goldman Sachs Money Market Fund”). The substitution is to be performed in light of the announced liquidation of the VALIC Money Market Fund, which was approved by its board of directors.

The substitution is expected to occur after the close of the New York Stock Exchange (“Market Close”), which is generally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time, on or about April 29, 2022 (“Substitution Date”). On the Substitution Date, all Account Value invested in the Division corresponding to the VALIC Money Market Fund will automatically be invested in the Division corresponding to the Goldman Sachs Money Market Fund. The Division corresponding to the VALIC Money Market Fund will not be an available investment option after the Substitution Date.

You may reallocate Account Value free of charge from the Division corresponding to the VALIC Money Market Fund prior to the Substitution Date or from the Division corresponding to the Goldman Sachs Money Market Fund within 30 days after the Substitution Date. Neither the substitution, nor any transfer of Account Value as described above, will count against any limit on free transfers that you are permitted to make each year.

Please note that if you have Account Value invested in the Division corresponding to the VALIC Money Market Fund, and you do not wish to have such Account Value automatically invested in the Division corresponding to the Goldman Sachs Money Market Fund on the Substitution Date, the Company must receive instructions from you to transfer your Account Value out of the Division corresponding to the VALIC Money Market Fund to any available investment option prior to Market Close on the Substitution Date. Existing instructions or instructions received after Market Close on the Substitution Date for new premiums, transfers, dollar cost averaging or automatic rebalancing that reference the VALIC Money Market Fund will be automatically updated to reference the Goldman Sachs Money Market Fund. You may give us instructions to transfer your Account Value to another investment option available to you under your Contract, or otherwise update your instructions on file, by logging into your account at www.aijrs.com, using the self-service automated phone system at 1-800-544-4116, in writing to VALIC P.O. Box 15648, Amarillo, Texas 79105, or by calling the number noted above.

A copy of the Goldman Sachs Money Market Fund summary prospectus accompanies this supplement. Please refer to your prospectuses for information regarding the available investment options. Additional fund prospectus copies can be obtained at www.aijrs.com or by contacting us at the telephone number noted above.

Please keep this supplement with your prospectus

Dated: February 24, 2022
VC 10855-F

Summary Prospectus

April 30, 2021

GOLDMAN SACHS VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

Goldman Sachs Government Money Market Fund – Institutional Shares

Before you invest, you may want to review the Goldman Sachs Government Money Market Fund (the “Fund”) Prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund’s Prospectus, reports to shareholders and other information about the Fund online at <http://www.gsamfunds.com/vitfunds>. You can also get this information at no cost by calling 800-621-2550 or by sending an e-mail request to gs-funds-document-requests@gs.com. The Fund’s Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”), both dated April 30, 2021, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

Beginning on or after January 1, 2021, you may not receive paper copies of the Fund’s annual and semi-annual shareholder reports from the insurance company that offers your variable insurance contract or your financial intermediary, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the insurance company or from your financial intermediary. Instead, the reports will be made available on a website, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. At any time, you may elect to receive reports and certain communications from the insurance company electronically by contracting your insurance company or financial intermediary.

You may elect to receive all future shareholder reports in paper free of charge. You can inform the insurance company or your financial intermediary that you wish to receive paper copies of reports. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all Goldman Sachs Funds available under your contract and may apply to all funds held with your financial intermediary.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Goldman Sachs Government Money Market Fund (the “Fund”) seeks to maximize current income to the extent consistent with the preservation of capital and the maintenance of liquidity by investing exclusively in high quality money market instruments.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell Institutional Shares of the Fund. This table does not reflect the fees and expenses associated with any variable annuity contract or variable life insurance policy that uses the Fund as an investment option. Had those fees and expenses been included, overall fees and expenses would be higher.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.16%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	0.04%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.20%
Expense Limitation ¹	(0.02)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Expense Limitation	0.18%

¹ The Investment Adviser has agreed to reduce or limit “Other Expenses” (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, transfer agency fees and expenses, taxes, interest, brokerage fees, expenses of shareholder meetings, litigation and indemnification, and extraordinary expenses) equal on an annualized basis to 0.004% of the Fund’s average daily net assets through at least April 30, 2022, and prior to such date the Investment Adviser may not terminate the arrangement without the approval of the Board of Trustees.



**Asset
Management**

EXPENSE EXAMPLE

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. This Example does not reflect the fees and expenses associated with any variable annuity contract or variable life insurance policy that uses the Fund as an investment option. Had those fees and expenses been included, the costs shown below would be higher. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in Institutional Shares of the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your Institutional Shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same (except that the Example incorporates any applicable fee waiver and/or expense limitation arrangements for only the first year). Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Institutional Shares	\$18	\$62	\$111	\$253

PRINCIPAL STRATEGY

The Fund pursues its investment objective by investing only in “government securities,” as such term is defined in or interpreted under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (“Investment Company Act”), and repurchase agreements collateralized by such securities. “Government securities” generally are securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or certain U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities (“U.S. Government Securities”).

The Fund intends to be a “government money market fund,” as such term is defined in or interpreted under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act. “Government money market funds” are money market funds that invest at least 99.5% of their total assets in cash, U.S. Government Securities, and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by cash or U.S. Government Securities. “Government money market funds” are exempt from requirements that permit money market funds to impose a “liquidity fee” and/or “redemption gate” that temporarily restricts redemptions. As a “government money market fund,” the Fund values its securities using the amortized cost method. The Fund seeks to maintain a stable net asset value (“NAV”) of \$1.00 per share.

Under Rule 2a-7, the Fund may invest only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities that meet certain risk-limiting conditions relating to portfolio quality, maturity and liquidity.

PRINCIPAL RISKS OF THE FUND

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the Fund is not a bank deposit and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Fund's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time. The Fund should not be relied upon as a complete investment program. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective. The Fund's principal risks are presented below in alphabetical order, and not in the order of importance or potential exposure.

Credit/Default Risk. An issuer or guarantor of a security held by the Fund, or a bank or other financial institution that has entered into a repurchase agreement with the Fund, may default on its obligation to

pay interest and repay principal or default on any other obligation. Additionally, the credit quality of securities may deteriorate rapidly, which may impair the Fund's liquidity and cause significant deterioration in NAV.

Interest Rate Risk. When interest rates increase, the Fund's yield will tend to be lower than prevailing market rates, and the market value of its investments will generally decline. The risks associated with changing interest rates may have unpredictable effects on the markets and the Fund's investments. A low or negative interest rate environment poses additional risks to the Fund, because low or negative yields on the Fund's portfolio holdings may have an adverse impact on the Fund's ability to provide a positive yield to its shareholders, pay expenses out of current income, or minimize the volatility of the Fund's NAV per share and/or achieve its investment objective. Fluctuations in interest rates may also affect the liquidity of the Fund's investments.

Large Shareholder Transactions Risk. The Fund may experience adverse effects when certain large shareholders purchase or redeem large amounts of shares of the Fund. Such large shareholder redemptions, which may occur rapidly or unexpectedly, may cause the Fund to sell portfolio securities at times when it would not otherwise do so, which may negatively impact the Fund's NAV and liquidity. Similarly, large Fund share purchases may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash or otherwise maintains a larger cash position than it ordinarily would. These transactions may also increase transaction costs. In addition, a large redemption could result in the Fund's current expenses being allocated over a smaller asset base, leading to an increase in the Fund's expense ratio.

Liquidity Risk. The Fund may make investments that are illiquid or that may become less liquid in response to market developments or adverse investor perceptions. Illiquid investments may be more difficult to value. The liquidity of portfolio securities can deteriorate rapidly due to credit events affecting issuers or guarantors, such as a credit rating downgrade, or due to general market conditions or a lack of willing buyers. An inability to sell one or more portfolio positions, or selling such positions at an unfavorable time and/or under unfavorable conditions, can adversely affect the Fund's ability to maintain a stable \$1.00 share price. Liquidity risk may also refer to the risk that the Fund will not be able to pay redemption proceeds within the allowable time period because of unusual market conditions, an unusually high volume of redemption requests, or other reasons. Liquidity risk may be the result of, among other things, the reduced number and capacity of traditional market participants to make a market in fixed income securities or the lack of an active market. The potential for liquidity risk may be magnified by a rising interest rate environment or other circumstances where investor redemptions from money market and other fixed income mutual funds may be higher than normal, potentially causing increased supply in the market due to selling activity. Redemptions by large shareholders may have a negative impact on the Fund's liquidity.

Market Risk. The value of the securities in which the Fund invests may go up or down in response to the prospects of individual companies, particular sectors or governments and/or general economic conditions throughout the world due to increasingly interconnected global economies and financial markets. Events such as war, acts of terrorism, social unrest, natural disasters, the spread of infectious illness or other public health threats could also significantly impact the Fund and its investments.

Stable NAV Risk. The Fund may not be able to maintain a stable \$1.00 share price at all times. If any money market fund that intends to maintain a stable NAV fails to do so (or if there is a perceived threat of

such a failure), other such money market funds, including the Fund, could be subject to increased redemption activity, which could adversely affect the Fund's NAV. Shareholders of the Fund should not rely on or expect the Investment Adviser or an affiliate to purchase distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions into the Fund, enter into capital support agreements with the Fund or take other actions to help the Fund maintain a stable \$1.00 share price.

Tax Diversification Risk. The Fund intends to meet the diversification requirements that are applicable to insurance company separate accounts under Subchapter L of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") (the "Diversification Requirements"). To satisfy the Diversification Requirements applicable to variable annuity contracts, the value of the assets of the Fund invested in securities issued by the U.S. government must remain below specified thresholds. For these purposes, each U.S. government agency or instrumentality is treated as a separate issuer.

Operating as a "government money market fund," as such term is defined in or interpreted under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act, may make it difficult for the Fund to meet the Diversification Requirements. This difficulty may be exacerbated by the potential increase in demand for the types of securities in which the Fund invests as a result of changes to the rules that govern Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") registered money market funds. A failure to satisfy the Diversification Requirements could have significant adverse tax consequences for variable annuity contract owners whose contract values are determined by investment in the Fund. See "Taxation" in the Statement of Additional Information (the "SAI") for more information.

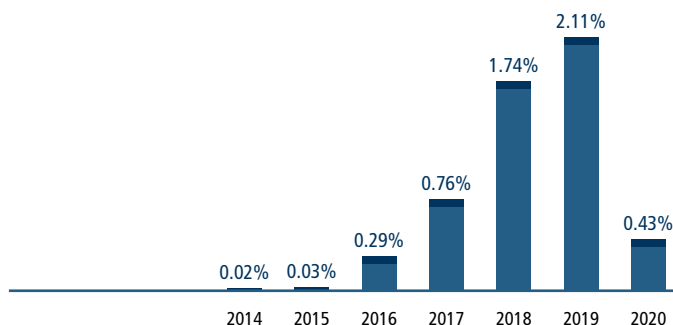
U.S. Government Securities Risk. The U.S. government may not provide financial support to U.S. government agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises if it is not obligated to do so by law. U.S. Government Securities issued by those agencies, instrumentalities and government sponsored enterprises, including those issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae"), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac") and the Federal Home Loan Banks, are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury and, therefore, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. The maximum potential liability of the issuers of some U.S. Government Securities held by the Fund may greatly exceed their current resources, including any legal right to support from the U.S. Treasury. It is possible that issuers of U.S. Government Securities will not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table below provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing: (a) changes in the performance of the Fund's Institutional Shares from year to year; and (b) the average annual total returns of the Fund's Institutional Shares. The Fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Performance reflects applicable fee waivers and/or expense limitations in effect during the periods shown. Through April 15, 2016, the Fund had been known as the Goldman Sachs Money Market Fund. As of this date, certain changes were made to the Fund's investment strategies. Performance information prior to this date reflects the Fund's former investment strategies. As a result, the Fund's performance may differ substantially from the performance information shown below for the period prior to April 15, 2016. In addition, performance reflects Fund level expenses but does not reflect the fees and expenses associated with any variable annuity contract or variable life insurance policy that uses the Fund as an investment option for any

contract or policy. Had performance reflected all of those fees and expenses, performance would have been reduced. Updated performance information is available at no cost at www.gsamfunds.com/vit or by calling the phone number on the back cover of the Prospectus.

CALENDAR YEAR



During the periods shown in the chart above:	Returns	Quarter ended
Best Quarter Return	0.58%	June 30, 2019
Worst Quarter Return	0.00%	December 31, 2020

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

For the period ended December 31, 2020	1 Year	5 Years	Since Inception
Institutional Shares (Inception 10/16/2013)	0.43%	1.06%	0.74%

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P. is the investment adviser for the Fund (the "Investment Adviser" or "GSAM").

BUYING AND SELLING FUND SHARES

Fund shares are not sold directly to the public. Fund shares may be purchased and redeemed by separate accounts that fund variable annuity and variable life insurance contracts issued by participating insurance companies. Orders received from separate accounts to purchase or redeem Fund shares are effected on business days. Individual investors may purchase or redeem Fund shares indirectly through variable annuity contracts and variable life insurance policies offered through the separate accounts.

TAX INFORMATION

Provided that the Fund and separate accounts investing in the Fund satisfy applicable tax requirements, the Fund will not be subject to federal tax. Special tax rules apply to life insurance companies, variable annuity contracts and variable life insurance contracts. For information on federal income taxation of owners of variable annuity or variable life insurance contracts, see the prospectus for the applicable contract.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

The Fund and/or its related companies may pay participating insurance companies and securities dealers for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the insurance company and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your insurance company's website for more information.

**THE VARIABLE ANNUITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
SEPARATE ACCOUNT A**

Supplement Dated December 3, 2021 to the Prospectus of

**Fixed and Variable Deferred Annuity Contracts
Portfolio Director® dated May 3, 2021
Portfolio Director Plus dated May 3, 2021
Portfolio Director Freedom Advisor dated May 3, 2021
Equity Director® dated May 2, 2016
Potentia® dated May 3, 2021**

This Supplement updates certain information in the *Variable Account Options* subsection of the Prospectus.

On or about December 16, 2021 (the “Effective Date”), a change of control will occur for BMO Asset Management Corp. (“BMO AM”), the current subadvisor for VALIC Company I Capital Appreciation Fund (the “Fund”), and BMO AM will no longer provide investment advisory services to mutual funds. Columbia Management Investment Advisers, LLC will be the new subadvisor to the Fund. On the Effective Date, as it pertains to the Fund, the Adviser/Sub-Adviser found in the list of Variable Account Options and corresponding Adviser/Sub-Adviser is deleted and replaced with the information below.

Variable Account Options	Adviser/Sub-Adviser
Capital Appreciation Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: Columbia Management Investment Advisers, LLC.

Please keep this Supplement with your Prospectus.

**THE VARIABLE ANNUITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
SEPARATE ACCOUNT A**

**Supplement Dated November 18, 2021
to the Prospectus of**

**Fixed and Variable Deferred Annuity Contracts
Portfolio Director® dated May 3, 2021
Portfolio Director® Freedom Advisor dated May 3, 2021
Portfolio Director® Plus dated May 3, 2021**

This Supplement updates certain information in the *Variable Account Options* subsection of the Prospectus.

Effective November 1, 2021, a change of control occurred for Wells Fargo Asset Management, which includes Wells Capital Management Incorporated (“WellsCap”), the subadviser for VALIC Company I International Value Fund and Small Cap Special Values Fund (each, a “Fund” and together, the “Funds”). As part of the change of control transaction, WellsCap changed its name to Allspring Global Investments, LLC (“Allspring”). Accordingly, as it pertains to the Funds, the Adviser/Sub-Adviser found in the list of Variable Account Options and corresponding Adviser/Sub-Advisers is deleted and replaced with the information below.

Variable Account Options	Adviser/Sub-Adviser
International Value Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: Allspring Global Investments, LLC (“Allspring”)

Variable Account Options	Adviser/Sub-Adviser
Small Cap Special Values Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: Allspring

Please keep this Supplement with your Prospectus.

**THE VARIABLE ANNUITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
SEPARATE ACCOUNT A**

**Supplement Dated November 5, 2021
to the Prospectus of**

**Fixed and Variable Deferred Annuity Contracts
Portfolio Director® Plus, Portfolio Director 2, and Portfolio Director dated May 3, 2021
Portfolio Director® Freedom Advisor dated May 3, 2021
Portfolio Director® Plus, For Series 2 dated May 3, 2021
Equity Director dated May 2, 2016**

This Supplement updates certain information in the *Variable Account Options* subsection of the Prospectus.

Effective on or about December 7, 2021, Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC will become a sub-sub-adviser to the VALIC Company I Global Strategy Fund. Accordingly, as it pertains to the Global Strategy Fund, the Adviser/Sub-Adviser found in the list of Variable Account Options and corresponding Adviser/Sub-Advisers, is deleted and replaced with the information below.

Variable Account Options	Adviser/Sub-Adviser
Global Strategy Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: Franklin Advisers, Inc. Sub-Sub-Adviser: Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC

Please keep this Supplement with your Prospectus.

**THE VARIABLE ANNUITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
SEPARATE ACCOUNT A**

**Supplement Dated September 10, 2021
to the Prospectus of**

**Fixed and Variable Deferred Annuity Contracts
Portfolio Director® Plus, Portfolio Director 2, and Portfolio Director dated May 3, 2021
Portfolio Director® Freedom Advisor dated May 3, 2021
Portfolio Director® Plus, For Series 2 dated May 3, 2021
Equity Director dated May 2, 2016**

This Supplement updates certain information in the *Variable Account Options* subsection of the Prospectus.

Effective April 30, 2021, Morgan Stanley Investment Management Company became a sub-sub-adviser to the VALIC Company I International Growth Fund. Accordingly, as it pertains to the International Growth Fund, the Adviser/Sub-Adviser found in the list of Variable Account Options and corresponding Adviser/Sub-Advisers, is deleted and replaced with the information below.

Variable Account Options	Adviser/Sub-Adviser
International Growth Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: Morgan Stanley Investment Management Inc. Sub-Sub-Adviser: Morgan Stanley Investment Management Company

Effective July 7, 2021, ClearBridge Investments, LLC replaced SunAmerica Asset Management, LLC as a sub-adviser to the VALIC Company I Dividend Value Fund. Accordingly, as it pertains to the Dividend Value Fund, the Adviser/Sub-Adviser found in the list of Variable Account Options and corresponding Adviser/Sub-Advisers, is deleted and replaced with the information below.

Variable Account Options	Adviser/Sub-Adviser
Dividend Value Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Advisers: BlackRock Investment Management, LLC (“BlackRock”) and ClearBridge Investments, LLC

Please keep this Supplement with your Prospectus.

Portfolio Director®

A fixed and variable tax-deferred annuity issued by The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company

Prospectus as of May 3, 2021

Go faster. Go more secure. Go paperless.

Enroll in Personal**Deliver**-e[®] today!

- Convenient
- Secure
- Environmentally friendly

The Privacy Notice is printed at the back of this printed document.
This Privacy Notice is not a part of this prospectus.

This page is not part of the prospectus.





aigrs.com — Account access

Manage your account online

You will need to create an online security profile with a unique user ID and password.

With your PIN, you can also access your account via the 24-hour VALIC automated phone line at 1-800-448-2542.

- Print and download account transaction confirmations and tax statements
- View transaction history and download it to Quicken using Direct ConnectSM
- Use the Account Aggregation feature to display information from other accounts in addition to your AIG Retirement Services accounts
- Easily manage your personal profile to update your contact information (phone, address, email), update your beneficiaries, reset your password and more

Initiate account transactions including:

- Change allocation
- Transfer money among investment options
- Rebalance account to your desired allocation mix
- Change contributions

Start exploring your account online today!

- Visit aigrs.com
- Register for online access
- Follow steps to create a security profile

Personal **Deliver-e**[®]

- It's easy to sign up
- Simply visit aigrs.com today to get started

Please note:

Email delivery is not accessible to certain annuity contract owners.

Sign up today at aigrs.com

We know privacy is important to you, so please be assured that your email address and other information you share with us is kept private and never sold. Review our Privacy Policy online for more information.

Your Future is Calling. Sign up for Personal **Deliver-e**[®] today.

CLICK aigrs.com **CALL** 1-800-448-2542 **VISIT** your financial advisor

Securities and investment advisory services offered through VALIC Financial Advisors, Inc. (VFA), member FINRA, SIPC and an SEC-registered investment adviser.

Annuities are issued by The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC), Houston, TX. Variable annuities are distributed by its affiliate, AIG Capital Services, Inc. (ACS), member FINRA.

AIG Retirement Services represents AIG member companies — The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC) and its subsidiaries, VALIC Financial Advisors, Inc. (VFA) and VALIC Retirement Services Company (VRSCO). All are members of American International Group, Inc. (AIG).

The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company

Separate Account A

Units of Interest Under Group and Individual

Fixed and Variable Deferred Annuity Contracts

Portfolio Director® Plus, Portfolio Director 2, and Portfolio Director

For Series 1.00 to 12.00

May 3, 2021

Prospectus

The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (“VALIC”) offers certain series of Portfolio Director Plus, Portfolio Director 2, and Portfolio Director (referred to collectively as “Portfolio Director” in this prospectus), comprising group and individual fixed and variable deferred annuity contracts for Participants who receive certificates in certain employer-sponsored qualified retirement plans (the “Contracts”). Nonqualified contracts are also available for certain employer plans as well as for certain after-tax arrangements that are not part of an employer’s plan. The Contracts permit Participants to invest in and receive retirement benefits in one or more Fixed Account Options and/or an array of Variable Account Options described in this prospectus. If your Contract is part of your employer’s retirement program, that program will describe which Variable Account Options are available to you. If your Contract is a tax-deferred nonqualified annuity that is not part of your employer’s retirement plan, those Variable Account Options that are invested in Mutual Funds available to the public outside of annuity contracts, life insurance contracts, or certain employer-sponsored retirement plans will not be available within your Contract.

Any guarantees under the Contract, including the death benefit, that exceed the value of your interest in the VALIC Separate Account A (“Separate Account”) are paid from our general account (and not the Separate Account). Therefore, any amounts that we may pay under the Contract in excess of your interest in the Separate Account are subject to our financial strength and claims-paying ability and our long-term ability to make such payments.

This prospectus provides information employers and Participants should know before investing in the Contracts and will help each make decisions for selecting various investment options and benefits. Please read and retain this prospectus for future reference.

A Statement of Additional Information, dated May 3, 2021, contains additional information about the Contracts and is part of this prospectus. For a free copy call 1-800-448-2542. The table of contents for the Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”) is shown at the end of this prospectus. The SAI has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and is available along with other related materials at the SEC’s internet web site (<http://www.sec.gov>).

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the shareholder reports for variable account options available under your Contract are no longer sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports. Instead, the reports will be made available on a website, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report. If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from VALIC electronically by contacting us at 1-800-448-2542 or logging into your account at VALIC Online at www.aigrs.com.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. You can inform VALIC that you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports by contacting 1-866-345-5954 or visiting FundReports.com and providing the 20-digit unique ID located above or below your mailing address. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all variable account options available under your Contract.

Investment in the Contracts is subject to risk that may cause the value of the Owner’s investment to fluctuate, and when the Contracts are surrendered, the value may be higher or lower than the Purchase Payments. The SEC has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Variable Account Options

The Variable Account Options below are available on and after approximately May 24, 2021. Please see Supplement to Prospectus, dated May 3, 2021, for Variable Account Options available prior to May 24, 2021.

VALIC Company I Funds

Aggressive Growth Lifestyle Fund
Asset Allocation Fund
Blue Chip Growth Fund
Capital Appreciation Fund
Conservative Growth Lifestyle Fund
Core Bond Fund
Dividend Value Fund
Dynamic Allocation Fund
Emerging Economies Fund
Global Real Estate Fund
Global Strategy Fund
Government Money Market I Fund
Government Securities Fund
Growth Fund
High Yield Bond Fund
Inflation Protected Fund
International Equities Index Fund
International Government Bond Fund
International Growth Fund
International Opportunities Fund
International Socially Responsible Fund
International Value Fund
Large Capital Growth Fund
Mid Cap Index Fund
Mid Cap Strategic Growth Fund
Mid Cap Value Fund
Moderate Growth Lifestyle Fund
Nasdaq-100® Index Fund
Science & Technology Fund
Small Cap Growth Fund
Small Cap Index Fund
Small Cap Special Values Fund
Small Cap Value Fund
Stock Index Fund
Systematic Core Fund
Systematic Value Fund
U.S. Socially Responsible Fund

Public Funds

American Beacon Bridgeway Large Cap
Growth Fund
Ariel Appreciation Fund
Ariel Fund
Invesco Balanced-Risk Commodity Strategy Fund
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2015 Fund
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2020 Fund
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2025 Fund
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2030 Fund
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2035 Fund
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2040 Fund
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2045 Fund
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2050 Fund
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2055 Fund
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2060 Fund
Vanguard Lifestrategy Conservative Growth Fund
Vanguard Lifestrategy Growth Fund
Vanguard Lifestrategy Moderate Growth Fund
Vanguard Long-Term Investment-Grade Fund
Vanguard Long-Term Treasury Fund
Vanguard Wellington Fund
Vanguard Windsor II Fund

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>		<u>Page</u>
Glossary of Terms	4	Surrender of Account Value	27
Fee Tables	5	When Surrenders Are Allowed	27
Highlights	8	Surrender Process	28
General Information	9	Amount That May Be Surrendered	28
About the Contracts	9	Surrender Restrictions	28
About VALIC	10	Partial Surrenders	29
American Home Assurance Company	10	Systematic Withdrawals	29
About VALIC Separate Account A	10	Distributions Required by Federal Tax Law	29
Units of Interest	11	Exchange Privilege	29
Distribution of the Contracts	11	Death Benefits	30
Administration of the Contracts	12	The Process	30
Fixed and Variable Account Options	12	Beneficiary Information	30
Fixed Account Options	12	Special Information for Nonqualified Contracts	30
Dollar Cost Averaging Program	14	During the Purchase Period	30
Variable Account Options	14	Death Benefit Before Age 70	30
Purchase Period	18	Death Benefit On or After Age 70	31
Account Establishment	18	Adjusted Purchase Payment Amount	31
When Your Account Will Be Credited	19	During the Payout Period	31
Purchase Units	19	Other Contract Features	32
Calculation of Value for Fixed Account Options	19	Changes That May Not Be Made	32
Calculation of Value for Variable		Change of Beneficiary	32
Account Options	20	Contingent Owner	32
Stopping Purchase Payments	20	Cancellation — The “Free Look” Period	32
Transfers Between Investment Options	20	We Reserve Certain Rights	32
During the Purchase Period — Policy Against		Relationship to Employer’s Plan	32
Market Timing and Frequent Transfers	20	Voting Rights	33
Communicating Transfer or		Who May Give Voting Instructions	33
Reallocation Instructions	22	Determination of Fund Shares Attributable to	
Effective Date of Transfer	22	Your Account	33
Transfers During the Payout Period	22	During the Purchase Period	33
Fees and Charges	22	During the Payout Period or after a Death	
Account Maintenance Charge	22	Benefit Has Been Paid	33
Surrender Charge	22	How Fund Shares Are Voted	33
Amount of Surrender Charge	23	Federal Tax Matters	33
10% Free Withdrawal	23	Types of Plans	33
Exceptions to Surrender Charge	23	Tax Consequences in General	34
Premium Tax Charge	23	Legal Proceedings	36
Separate Account Charges	23	Financial Statements	36
Reduction or Waiver of Account Maintenance,		Table of Contents of Statement of	
Surrender, or Separate Account Charges	24	Additional Information	36
Separate Account Expense Reimbursements		Appendix A — Selected Purchase Unit Data	A-1
or Credits	24	Appendix B — Living Benefits	B-1
Market Value Adjustment (“MVA”)	25	Appendix C — State Contract Variability	C-1
Other Charges	25		
Payout Period	25		
Fixed Payout	25		
Assumed Investment Rate	26		
Variable Payout	26		
Combination Fixed and Variable Payout	26		
Partial Annuitization	26		
Payout Date	26		
Payout Options	27		
Payout Information	27		

Glossary of Terms

Unless otherwise specified in this prospectus, the words “we,” “us,” “our,” “Company,” and “VALIC” mean The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company and the words “you” and “your” mean the Participant, or the individual purchasing an individual Contract.

Other specific terms we use in this prospectus are:

Account Value — the total sum of your Fixed Account Option and/or Variable Account Option that has not yet been applied to your Payout Payments.

Annuitant — the individual (in most cases, you) to whom Payout Payments will be paid.

Annuity Service Center — VALIC Document Control, P.O. Box 15648, Amarillo, Texas 79105.

Assumed Investment Rate — The rate used to determine your first monthly payout payment per thousand dollars of account value in your Variable Account Option.

Beneficiary — the individual designated to receive Payout Payments upon the death of the Annuitant.

Business Day — any weekday that the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open for trading. Normally, the NYSE is open Monday through Friday through 4:00 p.m. Eastern time (“Market Close”). On holidays or other days when the NYSE is closed, such as Good Friday, the Company is not open for business.

Code — the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Contract Owner — the individual or entity to whom the Contract is issued. For a group Contract, the Contract Owner will be the employer purchasing the Contract for a retirement plan.

Division — the portion of the Separate Account invested in a particular Mutual Fund. Each Division is a subaccount of VALIC Separate Account A.

Fixed Account Option — an account that is guaranteed to earn at least a minimum rate of interest while invested in VALIC’s general account.

Guided Portfolio AdvantageSM / Guided Portfolio Services[®] (“GPA” and “GPS”, respectively) — are financial advice services offered by VALIC Financial Advisors, Inc., a registered investment adviser and Company subsidiary. A separate investment advisory fee and agreement are required for either of these services, if available under an employer’s retirement plan.

Home Office — located at 2929 Allen Parkway, Houston, Texas 77019.

Living Benefit — an optional guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefit designed to help you create a guaranteed income stream for a specified period of time or as long as you and your spouse live, even if your entire Account Value has been reduced to zero. IncomeLOCK[®] +6, IncomeLOCK[®] +8 (together, “IncomeLOCK Plus”) and IncomeLOCK[®] are no longer available

for purchase. See “Appendix B” for information on these Living Benefits.

Mutual Fund or Fund — the investment portfolio(s) of a registered open-end management investment company, which serves as the underlying investment vehicle for each Division represented in VALIC Separate Account A.

Participant — the individual (in most cases, you) who makes purchase payments or for whom purchase payments are made.

Participant Year — a 12 month period starting with the issue date of a Participant’s Contract certificate and each anniversary of that date.

Payout Payments — annuity payments withdrawn in a steady stream during the Payout Period.

Payout Period — the time when you begin to withdraw your money in Payout Payments. This may also may be called the “Annuity Period.”

Payout Unit — a measuring unit used to calculate Payout Payments from your Variable Account Option. Payout Units measure value, which is calculated just like the Purchase Unit value for each Variable Account Option except that the initial Payout Unit includes a factor for the Assumed Investment Rate selected. Payout Unit values will vary with the investment experience of the VALIC Separate Account A Division.

Proof of Death — a certified copy of the death certificate, a certified copy of a decree of a court of competent jurisdiction as to death, a written statement by an attending physician, or any other proof satisfactory to VALIC.

Purchase Payments — an amount of money you or your employer pay to VALIC to receive the benefits of a Contract.

Purchase Period — the accumulation period or time between your first Purchase Payment and the beginning of your Payout Period (or surrender). Also may be called the “Accumulation Period.”

Purchase Unit — a unit of interest owned by you in your Variable Account Option.

Systematic Withdrawals — payments withdrawn on a regular basis during the Purchase Period.

VALIC Separate Account A or Separate Account — a segregated asset account established by VALIC under the Texas Insurance Code. The purpose of the VALIC Separate Account A is to receive and invest your Purchase Payments and Account Value in the Variable Account Option, if selected.

Variable Account Option — investment options that correspond to Separate Account Divisions available under the Contracts.

Fee Tables

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay when buying, owning, and surrendering the Contract. The first table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay at the time that you buy the Contract, surrender the Contract, or transfer cash value between investment options.

Contract Owner/Participant Transaction Expenses

Maximum Surrender Charge ⁽¹⁾	5.00%
Maximum Loan Application Fee (per loan)	\$75
State Premium Taxes (as a percentage of the amount annuitized) ⁽²⁾	0-3.5%

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay periodically during the time that you own the Contract, not including the Funds' fees and expenses.

Annual Separate Account Charges

Annual Variable Account Option Maintenance Charge (\$3.75/quarter, annualized) ⁽³⁾	\$15
---	------

The information in the Mortality and Expense Risk Separate Account Charges table below applies on and after May 24, 2021. For information applicable to the period May 3, 2021 – May 23, 2021, please refer to the fee table in the Supplement to Prospectus, dated May 3, 2021.

Mortality and Expense Risk Separate Account Charges for each Variable Account Option (as a percentage of average daily net asset value allocated to the Variable Account Option)	Maximum Separate Account Charge (%) ⁽⁴⁾	Separate Account Reimbursement or Credit (%) ⁽⁵⁾	Current (Net) Separate Account Charge (%)
VALIC Company I Funds ⁽⁶⁾ (34 Funds) (excludes VALIC Company I Lifestyle Funds)	1.00	—	1.00
Lifestyle Funds (3 Funds)	1.00	(0.15) ⁽⁷⁾	0.85
Public Funds			
American Beacon Bridgeway Large Cap Growth Fund (Investor Shares)	1.25	(0.25)	1.00
Ariel Appreciation Fund (Investor Shares)	1.25	(0.25)	1.00
Ariel Fund (Investor Shares)	1.25	(0.25)	1.00
Invesco Balanced-Risk Commodity Strategy Fund (R5 Shares)	1.25	(0.25)	1.00
T. Rowe Price Retirement Funds (Advisor Shares) 2015 Fund, 2020 Fund, 2025 Fund, 2030 Fund, 2035 Fund, 2040 Fund, 2045 Fund, 2050 Fund, 2055 Fund, 2060 Fund	1.25	(0.25)	1.00
Vanguard LifeStrategy Funds (Investor Shares) Conservative Growth Fund, Growth Fund, Moderate Growth Fund	1.25	—	1.25
Vanguard Long-Term Investment-Grade Fund (Investor Shares)	1.25	(0.25)	1.00
Vanguard Long-Term Treasury Fund (Investor Shares)	1.25	(0.25)	1.00
Vanguard Wellington Fund (Investor Shares)	1.25	—	1.25
Vanguard Windsor II Fund (Investor Shares)	1.25	—	1.25

Optional IncomeLOCK Plus Fee

If you elected this optional Living Benefit feature, the fee for IncomeLOCK Plus is calculated as a percentage of the Benefit Base.⁽⁸⁾

Number of Covered Persons	Initial Annual Fee Rate	Maximum Annual Fee Rate ⁽⁹⁾
For One Covered Person	1.10%	2.20%
For Two Covered Persons	1.35%	2.70%

Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses

The next table shows the minimum and maximum total operating expenses charged by the Funds that you may pay periodically during the time that you own the Contract. **More detail about each Funds' fees and expenses is contained in the prospectus for each Fund.**

Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	Minimum ⁽¹⁰⁾	Maximum ⁽¹¹⁾
(Expenses that are deducted from Fund assets, including management fees, other expenses, distribution and service (including any 12b-1) fees, if applicable)	0.12%	1.37%

Footnotes to the Fee Tables

(1) The maximum surrender charge is the lesser of 5% of the amount withdrawn or 5% of the Purchase Payments received within the past 60 months. If no Purchase Payments are received within the past 60 months, the surrender charge will be zero. Reductions in the surrender charge are available if certain conditions are met. See “Reduction or Waiver of Account Maintenance, Surrender, or Separate Account Charges” and “Exceptions to Surrender Charge.”

(2) If applicable, state premium taxes of up to 3.5% may also be deducted when you begin the Payout Period. See “Premium Tax Charge” section and “Appendix C — State Contract Variability.”

(3) Reductions in the account maintenance charge are available if certain conditions are met. See “Reduction or Waiver of Account Maintenance, Surrender, or Separate Account Charges” and “Exceptions to Surrender Charge.”

(4) See “Purchase Unit Value” in the SAI for a discussion of how the separate account charges impact the calculation of each Division’s unit value. Reductions in the Separate Account Charges may be available for plan types meeting certain criteria. See “Reduction or Waiver of Account Maintenance, Surrender, or Separate Account Charges.”

(5) For these Variable Account Options, the Separate Account Charges for these Divisions currently are reduced voluntarily by VALIC. See “Separate Account Expense Reimbursements or Credits.”

(6) See cover page for a list of the VALIC Company I Variable Account Options.

(7) Effective approximately May 24, 2021, the Separate Account Charges for the VALIC Company I Aggressive Growth Lifestyle Fund, Conservative Growth Lifestyle Fund, and the Moderate Growth Lifestyle Fund are reduced voluntarily by VALIC. The voluntary reduction will end on or about April 30, 2023. See “Separate Account Expense Reimbursements or Credits.”

(8) The fee is assessed against the Benefit Base which determines the basis of the Covered Person(s) guaranteed lifetime benefit. The fee is deducted from your Account Value at the end of the first quarter following election and quarterly thereafter. For a complete description of how the Benefit Base is calculated, see “Appendix B.”

(9) The Initial Annual Fee Rate is guaranteed not to change for the first Benefit Year. Subsequently, the fee rate may change quarterly subject to the parameters identified in the table below. Any fee adjustment is based on a non-discretionary formula tied to the change in the Volatility Index (“VIX[®]”), an index of market volatility reported by the Chicago Board Options Exchange. Your Fee Rate will increase or decrease on a Benefit Quarter Anniversary based on the change in the average value of the VIX from one Benefit Quarter to the next Benefit Quarter. For the formula to calculate the fee, see “Appendix B.”

Number of Covered Persons	Minimum Annual Fee Rate	Maximum Annual Fee Rate	Maximum Annualized Fee Rate Decrease or Increase*
One Covered Person	0.60%	2.20%	+/-0.25%
Two Covered Persons	0.60%	2.70%	+/-0.25%

* The fee rate can increase or decrease no more than 0.0625% each Benefit Quarter (0.25%/4).

In accordance with the investment requirements associated with the election of a Living Benefit, you may, but are not required to, invest a portion of your assets in the Dynamic Allocation Fund. The Dynamic Allocation Fund utilizes an investment strategy that is intended, in part, to maintain a relatively stable exposure to equity market volatility over time. Accordingly, when the equity market is in a prolonged state of higher volatility, your Fee Rate may be increased due to VIX indexing and the Dynamic Allocation Fund may decrease its exposure to equity markets, thereby potentially reducing the likelihood that you will achieve a higher Anniversary Value. Additionally, the increased fee will continue to be applied against your fixed and separate account assets compromising the Benefit Base. Conversely, when the equity market is in a prolonged state of lower volatility, your Fee Rate may be decreased and the Dynamic Allocation Fund may increase its exposure to equity markets, providing you with the potential to achieve a higher Anniversary Value.

(10) The Fund with the lowest total annual fund operating expenses is the Vanguard LifeStrategy Conservative Growth Fund. However, the Vanguard Long-Term Treasury Fund Variable Account Option has the lowest combined expenses, which includes the net Separate Account Charges and total fund annual fund operating expenses (1.00% and 0.20%, respectively).

(11) The Fund with the highest total annual fund operating expenses is the Invesco Balanced-Risk Commodity Strategy Fund. The Fund’s adviser has contractually agreed to waive advisory fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent that the Fund’s total annual fund operating expenses exceed 1.15% of the Fund’s average daily net assets. Invesco has also contractually agreed to waive a portion of the Fund’s management fee in an amount equal to the net management fee that Invesco earns on the Fund’s investments in certain affiliated funds. Unless Invesco continues the expense limit/fee waiver agreements, they will terminate on February 28, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively. During their terms, the agreements cannot be terminated or amended to increase the expense limits or reduce the advisory fee waiver without the approval of the Fund’s Board of Trustees. See the Fund’s prospectus for additional information.

Examples

These examples are intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Contract with the cost of investing in other variable annuity contracts. These costs include Contract Owner/Participant transaction expenses, Contract fees, Separate Account annual expenses and the Variable Account Option fees and expenses. Each example assumes that you invest a single Purchase Payment of \$10,000 in the Contract for the time periods indicated and that your investment has a 5% return each year. Neither example includes the effect of premium taxes upon annuitization, which, if reflected, would result in higher costs. Your actual costs may be higher or lower than the examples below.

The first set of examples assumes you invest in the Variable Account Option with the **maximum** total fund expenses (1.37%) and Separate Account Charges (1.00%) for total combined expenses of 2.37% (Invesco Balanced-Risk Commodity Strategy Fund).

(1) If you surrender your Contract at the end of the applicable time period:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$716	\$1,268	\$1,837	\$2,841

(2) If you annuitize your Contract or you do *not* surrender your Contract:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$255	\$783	\$1,337	\$2,841

The second set of examples assumes you invest in the Variable Account Option with the **minimum** total fund expenses (0.20%) and Separate Account Charges (1.00%) for total combined expenses of 1.20% (Vanguard Long-Term Treasury Fund).

(1) If you surrender your Contract at the end of the applicable time period:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$604	\$925	\$1,233	\$1,599

(2) If you annuitize your Contract or you do *not* surrender your Contract:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$137	\$425	\$733	\$1,599

The third set of examples is applicable if you previously elected the IncomeLOCK Plus feature and assumes you invest in the Variable Account Option with the **maximum** total fund expenses (1.37%) and Separate Account Charges (1.00%) for total combined expenses of 2.37% (Invesco Balanced-Risk Commodity Strategy Fund), and election of the IncomeLOCK Plus feature for Two Covered Persons (for the first year calculated at the initial annual fee rate of 1.35% and at the maximum annual fee rate of 2.70% for remaining years).

(1) If you surrender your Contract at the end of the applicable time period:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$844	\$2,008	\$3,041	\$5,164

(2) If you annuitize your Contract or you do not surrender your Contract (the IncomeLOCK Plus feature terminates at annuitization):

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$389	\$1,561	\$2,596	\$5,164

Note: These examples should not be considered representative of past or future expenses for any Variable Account Option or for any Mutual Fund. Actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown above. Similarly, the 5% annual rate of return assumed in the examples is not an estimate or guarantee of future investment performance.

For Purchase Unit data for each of the Variable Account Options offered by this prospectus, which includes annual beginning and ending unit values and the number of units outstanding at the end of each period, see “Appendix A — Selected Purchase Unit Data.”

Highlights

The Portfolio Director Fixed and Variable Annuity is a Contract between you and the Company. It is designed to help you invest on a tax-deferred basis and meet long-term financial goals.

There are minimum Purchase Payment amounts required to purchase a Contract. Purchase Payments may be invested in a variety of variable and fixed account options. Like all deferred annuities, the Contract has a Purchase Period and a Payout Period. During the Purchase Period, you invest money in your Contract. The Payout Period begins when you start receiving income payments from your annuity to provide for your retirement.

Purchase Requirements: Purchase Payments may be made at any time and in any amount, subject to plan, VALIC, or Code limitations. The minimum amount to establish a new Multi-Year Enhanced Option guarantee period (MVA Band), as described in the Contract, may be changed from time to time by the Company. The maximum single payment that may be applied to any account without prior Home Office approval is \$1,000,000. *For more information on Purchase Payments, refer to the "Purchase Period."*

Right to Cancel: You may cancel your Contract within 20 days after receiving it (or whatever period is required in your state). We will return your original Purchase Payment or whatever your Contract is worth on the day that we receive your request, depending on your state law. *See "Other Contract Features."*

Expenses: There are fees and charges associated with the Contract. During the Purchase Period, if any portion of your account is invested in a Variable Account Option, a quarterly account maintenance charge of \$3.75 is charged to your account. The Contract maintenance charge may be waived for certain group contracts. We also deduct Separate Account Charges of up to 1.25% annually of the average daily value of your Contract allocated to the Variable Account Options. *See the "Fee Tables" and "Fees and Charges."*

Living Benefits: A Living Benefit is a guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefit and is designed to help you create a guaranteed income stream for as long as you live, or as long as you and your spouse live, even if the entire Account Value has been reduced to zero, provided withdrawals taken are within the parameters of the applicable feature. A Living Benefit may offer protection in the event your Account Value declines due to unfavorable investment performance, certain withdrawal activity, if you live longer than expected or any combination of these factors. Living Benefits (IncomeLOCK +6, IncomeLOCK +8 and IncomeLOCK) are no longer available for purchase. *See "Appendix B" for information on these Living Benefits.*

Federal Tax Information: Although deferred annuity contracts such as Portfolio Director can be purchased with after-tax dollars, they are primarily used in connection with

retirement programs that already receive favorable tax treatment under federal law.

Annuities, custodial accounts and trusts used to fund tax-qualified retirement plans and programs (such as those established under Code sections 403(b) or 401(k) and IRAs) generally defer payment on taxes and earnings until withdrawal. If you are considering an annuity to fund a tax-qualified plan or program, you should know that an annuity generally does not provide additional tax deferral beyond the tax-qualified plan or program itself. Annuities, however, may provide other important features and benefits such as the income payout option, which means that you can choose to receive periodic payments for the rest of your life or for a certain number of years, and a minimum guaranteed death benefit, which protects your Beneficiaries if you die before you begin the income payout option. Before purchasing a deferred annuity for use in a qualified retirement plan or program, you should seek tax advice from your own tax advisor. *For a more detailed discussion of these income tax provisions, see "Federal Tax Matters."*

Surrender Charges: Under some circumstances, a surrender charge is deducted from your account. These situations are discussed in detail in the section of this prospectus entitled "Fees and Charges — Surrender Charge." When this happens, the surrender charge is computed in two ways and you are charged whichever amount is less. The first amount is simply 5% of whatever amount you have withdrawn. The second amount is 5% of the contributions you have made to your account during the last 60 months. *See the above mentioned section for exceptions to this procedure.*

Withdrawals from a Multi-Year Enhanced Option prior to the end of the applicable MVA term will be subject to a market value adjustment unless an exception applies. This may increase or reduce the amount withdrawn.

However, the market value adjustment will not reduce the amount invested in the Multi-Year Enhanced Option below the guaranteed amount.

Withdrawals are always subject to your plan provisions and federal tax restrictions, which, for plans other than section 457(b) plans, generally include a tax penalty on withdrawals made prior to age 59½, unless an exception applies.

Access to Your Money: You may withdraw money from your Contract during the Purchase Period. You will pay income taxes on earnings and untaxed contributions when you withdraw them. Payments received during the Payout Period are considered partly a return of your original investment. A federal tax penalty may apply if you make withdrawals before age 59½. As noted above, a withdrawal charge may apply. *See "Surrender of Account Value" and "Federal Tax Matters."*

Loans: Portfolio Director offers a tax-free loan provision for tax-qualified contracts, other than individual retirement plans (“IRAs”), which gives you access to your money in the Fixed Account Options (subject to a minimum loan amount of \$1,000). The availability of loans is subject to federal and state government regulations, as well as your employer’s plan provisions and VALIC policy. Generally, one loan per account will be allowed. Under certain, specific circumstances, a maximum of two loans per account may be allowed. VALIC reserves the right to change this limit. We may charge a loan application fee if permitted under state law. Keep in mind that tax laws restrict withdrawals prior to age 59½ and a tax penalty may apply (including on a loan that is not repaid). If you elected IncomeLOCK Plus, see Appendix B for limitations on your ability to take loans.

Transfers: There is no charge to transfer the money in your account among Portfolio Director’s investment options. You may transfer your Account Values between Variable Account Options at any time during the Purchase Period, subject to certain rules.

Your Account Value in the Short-Term Fixed Account must remain there for at least 90 days before it can be transferred to other investment options. Up to 20% of your Fixed Account Plus Account Value may be transferred during each Participant Year to other investment options. If you transfer assets from Fixed Account Plus to another investment option, any assets transferred back into Fixed Account Plus within 90 days will receive a different rate of interest, than that paid for new Purchase Payments.

Amounts invested in a Multi-Year Enhanced Option may be transferred to another investment option at the end of an MVA term without application of a market value adjustment.

Once you begin receiving payments from your account (called the Payout Period), you may still transfer funds among Variable Account Options once each Participant Year.

Transfers can be made by calling VALIC’s toll-free transfer service at 1-800-448-2542. *For more information on account transfers, see “Transfers Between Investment Options.”*

Income Options: When you are ready to begin taking income, you can choose to receive income payments on a variable basis, fixed basis, or a combination of both. You may also choose from five different income options, including an option for income that you cannot outlive. *See “Payout Period.”*

Death Benefits: Portfolio Director will pay death benefits during either the Purchase Period or the Payout Period. The death benefits are automatically included in your Contract for no additional fee. If death occurs during the Purchase Period, Portfolio Director offers an interest-guaranteed death benefit or the standard death benefit. If death occurs during the Payout Period, your Beneficiary may receive a death benefit depending on the Payout Option selected. Note that the death benefit provisions may vary from state to state. *See “Death Benefits.”*

Inquiries: If you have questions about your Contract, call your financial professional or contact us at 1-800-448-2542.

All material state variations are described in Appendix C.

Please read the prospectus carefully for more detailed information regarding these and other features and benefits of the Contract, as well as the risks of investing.

General Information

About the Contracts

The Contracts were developed to help you save money for your retirement. A group Contract is a Contract that is purchased by an employer for a retirement plan. The employer and the plan documents will determine how contributions may be made to the Contracts. For example, the employer and plan documents may allow contributions to come from different sources, such as payroll deductions or money transfers. The amount, number, and frequency of your Purchase Payments may also be determined by the retirement plan for which your Contract was purchased. Likewise, the employer’s plan may have limitations on partial or total withdrawals (surrenders), the start of annuity payments, and the type of annuity payout options you select.

The Contracts offer a combination of fixed and variable investment options that you, as a Participant, may choose to invest in to help

you reach your retirement savings goals. You should consider your personal risk tolerances and your retirement plan in choosing your investment options. For Contracts purchased under a retirement plan, the plan may designate the available investment options under the Contract, and may be required to provide direction regarding additions or replacements of investment options. Plans subject to Title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”) may be subject to additional plan and Contract provisions.

The retirement savings process with the Contracts will involve two stages: the accumulation Purchase Period, and the annuity Payout Period. The accumulation period is when you make contributions into the Contracts called “Purchase Payments.” The Payout Period begins when you decide to annuitize all or a portion of your Account Value. You can select from a wide array

of payout options including both fixed and variable payments. For certain types of retirement plans, such as 403(b) plans, there may be statutory restrictions on withdrawals as disclosed in the plan documents. Refer to your plan document for guidance and any rules or restrictions regarding the accumulation or annuitization periods. *For more information, see “Purchase Period” and “Payout Period.”*

About VALIC

We were originally organized on December 21, 1955 as The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company of America Incorporated, located in Washington, D.C. We reorganized in the State of Texas on August 20, 1968, as Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company of Texas. On November 5, 1968, the name was changed to The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company. Our main business is issuing and offering fixed and variable retirement annuity contracts, like Portfolio Director. Our principal offices are located at 2929 Allen Parkway, Houston, Texas 77019. We have regional offices throughout the United States.

On August 29, 2001, SunAmerica Financial Group, Inc., formerly American General Corporation (“SAFG”), a holding company and VALIC’s indirect parent company, was acquired by American International Group, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“AIG”). As a result, VALIC is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of AIG. AIG is a leading global insurance organization. AIG provides a wide range of property casualty insurance, life insurance, retirement products, and other financial services to commercial and individual customers in more than 80 countries and jurisdictions. AIG common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

More information about AIG may be found in the regulatory filings AIG files from time to time with the SEC at www.sec.gov.

American Home Assurance Company

The information below is applicable to you only if your Contract or Certificate was issued December 29, 2006 or earlier.

Insurance obligations under Contracts issued by the Company are guaranteed by American Home Assurance Company (“American Home”), an affiliate of the Company. Insurance obligations include, without limitation, Contract value invested in any available fixed account option, death benefits and income options. The guarantee does not guarantee Contract value or the investment performance of the Variable Account Options available under the Contracts. The guarantee provides that the Company’s Contract owners can enforce the guarantee directly.

American Home provided notice of termination of the General Guarantee Agreement dated March 3, 2003 (the “Guarantee”) with respect to Contracts issued by VALIC. The Guarantee terminated on December 29, 2006 at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time

(“Point of Termination”). Pursuant to its terms, the Guarantee will not apply to any group or individual Contract or Certificate issued after the Point of Termination. The Guarantee will remain in effect for any Contract or Certificate issued prior to the Point of Termination until all insurance obligations under such Contracts or Certificates are satisfied in full. As described in the prospectus, VALIC will continue to remain obligated under all of its Contracts and Certificates, regardless of issue date, in accordance with the terms of those Contracts and Certificates.

American Home is a stock property-casualty insurance company incorporated under the laws of the State of New York on February 7, 1899. American Home’s principal executive office is located at 175 Water Street, New York, New York 10038. On or about May 14, 2021, American Home’s principal executive office will be located at 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10020. American Home is licensed in all 50 states of the United States and the District of Columbia, as well as certain foreign jurisdictions, and engages in a broad range of insurance and reinsurance activities. American Home is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of American International Group, Inc.

About VALIC Separate Account A

When you direct money to the Contract’s Variable Account Options, you will be sending that money through VALIC Separate Account A. You do not invest directly in the Mutual Funds made available in the Contract. VALIC Separate Account A invests in the Mutual Funds on behalf of your account. VALIC acts as self custodian for the Mutual Fund shares owned through the Separate Account. VALIC Separate Account A is made up of what we call “Divisions.” Each Division invests in a different Mutual Fund made available through the Contract. For example, Division Ten represents and invests in the VALIC Company I Stock Index Fund. The earnings (or losses) of each Division are credited to (or charged against) the assets of that Division, and do not affect the performance of the other Divisions of VALIC Separate Account A.

VALIC established Separate Account A on July 25, 1979 under Texas insurance law. VALIC Separate Account A is registered with the SEC as a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, (the “1940 Act”). Units of interest in VALIC Separate Account A are registered as securities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “1933 Act”).

VALIC Separate Account A is administered and accounted for as part of the Company’s business operations. However, the income, capital gains or capital losses, whether or not realized, of each Division of VALIC Separate Account A are credited to or charged against the assets held in that Division without regard to the income, capital gains or capital losses of any other Division or arising out of any other business the Company may conduct. In accordance with the terms of the Contract, VALIC

Separate Account A may not be charged with the liabilities of any other Company operation. As stated in the Contract, the Texas Insurance Code requires that the assets of VALIC Separate Account A attributable to the Contract be held exclusively for the benefit of the Contract owner, Participants, annuitants, and beneficiaries of the Contracts. The commitments under the Contracts are VALIC's, and AIG and SAFG have no legal obligation to back these commitments.

Units of Interest

Your investment in a Division of VALIC Separate Account A is represented by units of interest issued by VALIC Separate Account A. On a daily basis, the units of interest issued by VALIC Separate Account A are revalued to reflect that day's performance of the underlying mutual fund minus any applicable fees and charges to VALIC Separate Account A.

Distribution of the Contracts

As of the date of this prospectus, the principal underwriter and distributor for VALIC Separate Account A is AIG Capital Services, Inc. ("ACS" or "Distributor"). ACS, an affiliate of the Company, is located at 21650 Oxnard Street, Suite 750, Woodland Hills, California 91367-4997. *For more information about the Distributor, see "Distribution of Variable Annuity Contracts" in the SAI.*

The Contracts are sold by licensed insurance agents who are registered representatives of broker-dealers, which are members of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), unless such broker-dealers are exempt from the broker-dealer registration requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. VALIC receives payments from some Fund companies for exhibitor booths at meetings and to assist with the education and training of VALIC financial professionals.

VALIC sometimes retains and compensates business consultants to assist VALIC in marketing group employee benefit services to employers. VALIC business consultants are not associated persons of VALIC and are not authorized to sell or market securities or insurance products to employers or to group plan participants. The fees paid to such business consultants are part of VALIC's general overhead and are not charged back to employers, group employee benefit plans or plan participants.

VALIC financial professionals who sell the Contracts will be compensated for such sales by commissions ranging up to 5.0% of each first-year Purchase Payment. The financial professionals will receive commissions of up to 0.85% for level Purchase Payments in subsequent years and up to 5.0% on increases in the amount of Purchase Payments in the year of the increase. During the first two years of employment, financial professionals may also receive developmental

commissions of up to 4% for each first-year Purchase Payment and for increases in the amount of Purchase Payments. As well, financial professionals can also receive an Enrollment Payment where the amount of the payment varies based on the number of total enrollments written by the financial professional and on the expected annualized Purchase Payments of the Participant.

VALIC also distributes its products through independent broker-dealers, some of which are appointed by an employer to provide services in a retirement plan. Whether offered in a retirement plan or as an IRA or a non-qualified Contract, VALIC will pay independent broker-dealers for services/sales through the payment of a commission up to 4.00% of each Purchase Payment and an annual trail (a reduced commission paid after the initial purchase).

For more information about how your financial professional may be compensated, please contact your financial professional.

In addition, the Company and the Distributor may enter into marketing and/or sales agreements with certain broker-dealers regarding the promotion and marketing of the Contracts. The sales commissions and any marketing arrangements as described are paid by the Company and are not deducted from Purchase Payments. We anticipate recovering these amounts from the fees and charges collected under the Contract. *See also the "Fees and Charges" section in this prospectus.*

VALIC maintains ongoing relationships with various organizations and associations, including trade associations, unions, and other industry groups, to which VALIC makes sponsorship payments for marketing and advertising opportunities. These marketing and advertising opportunities may take the form of participation in leadership and recognition events, educational conferences, speaking opportunities, booth space and signage at membership conferences and similar events, and membership dinners. Such payments are typically flat fees (either one-time or recurring) and are not based on transactions or sales.

VALIC also has ongoing relationships with retirement plan sponsors. As part of these ongoing relationships, VALIC may sponsor events and seminars for plan participants that provide education for plan participants, as well as marketing and advertising opportunities for VALIC. Such sponsorships may include providing occasional meals, entertainment, or nominal gifts to the extent permitted by FINRA rules.

These sponsorships may be considered endorsements of VALIC products, may result in additional annuity sales to plan participants, and provide an incentive to these organizations, associations, and plan sponsors to promote VALIC's products and services.

VALIC and/or its affiliates receive payments from fund sponsors and service providers that voluntarily choose to participate in,

and that are designed to defray the costs associated with, VALIC-sponsored or affiliate-sponsored conferences, seminars, training or other educational events where such funds or other related services are discussed and that are attended by VALIC employees, employees of our affiliates and/or plan sponsors and plan consultants.

Administration of the Contracts

VALIC is responsible for the administrative servicing of your Contract. Please contact the Annuity Service Center at 1-800-448-2542, if you have any comments, questions or service requests.

Business Disruption and Cyber Security Risks. We rely heavily on interconnected computer systems and digital data to conduct our variable product business activities. Because our variable product business is highly dependent upon the effective operation of our computer systems and those of our business partners, our business is vulnerable to disruptions from physical disruptions and utility outages, and susceptible to operational and information security risks resulting from information systems failure (e.g., hardware and software malfunctions) and cyber-attacks. These risks include, among other things, the theft, misuse, corruption and destruction of data maintained online or digitally, interference with or denial of service attacks on websites and other operational disruptions and unauthorized release of confidential customer information. Such systems failures and cyber-attacks affecting us, any third-party administrator, the underlying Funds, intermediaries and other affiliated or third-party service providers, as well as our distribution partners, may adversely affect us and your Contract value. For instance, systems failures and cyber-attacks may interfere with our processing of Contract transactions, including the processing of orders from our website, our distribution partners, or

with the underlying Funds, impact our ability to calculate Purchase Unit values, cause the release and possible destruction of confidential customer or business information, impede order processing, subject us and/or our service providers, distribution partners and other intermediaries to regulatory fines, litigation risks and financial losses and/or cause reputational damage. Cyber security risks may also impact the issuers of securities in which the underlying Funds invest, which may cause the Funds underlying your Contract to lose value. Despite our implementation of policies and procedures that address physical, administrative and technical safeguards and controls and other preventative actions to protect customer information and reduce the risk of cyber-incident, there can be no assurance that we or our distribution partners or the underlying Funds or our service providers will avoid losses affecting your Contract and personal information due to cyber-attacks or information security breaches in the future.

Our business is also vulnerable to disruptions from natural and man-made disasters and catastrophes, such as but not limited to hurricanes, windstorms, flooding, earthquakes, wildfires, solar storms, war or other military action, acts of terrorism, explosions and fires, pandemic (such as COVID-19) and other highly contagious diseases, mass torts and other catastrophes. A natural or man-made disaster or catastrophe may negatively affect the computer and other systems on which we rely, and may also interfere with our ability to receive, pickup and process mail, to calculate Purchase Unit values or process other Contract-related transactions, or have other possible negative impacts. While we have developed and put in place business continuity and disaster recovery plans to mitigate operational risks and potential losses related to business disruptions resulting from natural and man-made disasters and catastrophes, there can be no assurance that we, our agents, the underlying Funds or our service providers will be able to successfully avoid negative impacts resulting from such disasters and catastrophes.

Fixed and Variable Account Options

The Contracts offer a choice from among several Variable Account Options and five Fixed Account Options. Depending on the selection made by your employer's plan, if applicable, there may be limitations on which and how many investment options Participants may invest in at any one time. All options listed (except where noted) are available, generally, for 401(a), 403(a), 401(k), and 403(b) plans and 457(b) eligible deferred compensation plans, as well as individual retirement annuities.

This prospectus describes a Contract in which units of interest in VALIC's Separate Account A are offered. Portfolio Director will allow you to accumulate retirement dollars in Fixed Account Options and/or Variable Account Options. Variable Account Options are referred to as Divisions (subaccounts) in VALIC Separate Account A. Each Separate Account Division represents our investment in a different Mutual Fund. This prospectus describes only the variable aspects of Portfolio Director except where the Fixed Account Options are specifically mentioned.

Fixed Account Options

Portfolio Director features up to five guaranteed fixed options that are each part of the general account assets of the Company. These assets are invested in accordance with applicable state regulations to provide fixed-rate earnings and guarantee safety of principal. The guarantees under the Fixed Account Options are subject to our financial strength and claims-paying ability and our long-term ability to make such payments, and not the Separate Account. A tax-deferred nonqualified annuity may include the guaranteed fixed options. The Fixed Account Options are not subject to regulation under the 1940 Act and are not required to be registered under the 1933 Act.

Dollar Cost Averaging Fixed Accounts

You may invest initial Purchase Payments in the Dollar Cost Averaging ("DCA") Fixed Accounts, if available. You may also invest a series of Subsequent Purchase Payments received over

the first 30 days from the date of the initial Purchase Payment. Transfers and exchanges from any affiliated VALIC product are not permitted. See “Dollar Cost Averaging Program” below for more information.

The minimum Purchase Payment amounts for the DCA Fixed Account Options are as follows:

DCA Fixed Account Minimum Purchase Payment

6-Month = \$25,000 *
12-Month = \$25,000 *

- You may not make a transfer from a Variable Account Option or available Fixed Account Option into a DCA Fixed Account Option.
- Unless otherwise directed by you, any Purchase Payment less than the above minimum amounts will automatically be allocated to an available Fixed or Variable Account Option according to your current allocation instructions on file.

* The DCA Fixed Account Minimum Purchase Payment for Contracts issued in Oregon is \$5,000.

Fixed Account Options

Fixed Account Plus

This account provides fixed-return investment growth for the long-term. It is credited with interest at rates set by VALIC. The account is guaranteed to earn at least a minimum rate of interest as shown in your Contract. Your money may be credited with a different rate of interest depending on the time period in which it is accumulated. Purchase Payments allocated to Fixed Account Plus will receive a current rate of interest. There are limitations on transfers out of this option. If you transfer assets from Fixed Account Plus to another investment option, any assets transferred back into Fixed Account Plus within 90 days will receive a different rate of interest, than that paid for new Purchase Payments.

Short-Term Fixed Account

This account provides fixed-return investment growth for the short-term. It is credited with interest at rates set by VALIC, which may be lower than the rates credited to Fixed Account Plus, above. The account is guaranteed to earn at least a minimum rate of interest as shown in your Contract. Your money may be credited with a different rate of interest depending on the time period in which it is accumulated.

Multi-Year Enhanced Option
 (“Multi-Year Option”)

This account is a long-term investment option, providing a guaranteed interest rate for a guaranteed period (three, five, seven, or ten years) (“MVA Term”). See your Contract for minimum investment amounts and other requirements and restrictions. This option may not be available in all employee plans or states. All MVA Terms may not be available. See your financial professional for information on the MVA Terms that are currently offered.

DCA Fixed Account 6-
month & DCA Fixed
Account 12-month

Each account is a short-term investment option providing a guaranteed interest rate for money invested in the option but prior to being systematically transferred to the designated Variable Account Options. It is credited with interest rates set by VALIC. The account is guaranteed to earn at least a minimum rate of interest as shown in your Contract. Purchase Payments allocated to the DCA Fixed Account Option will receive a current rate of interest. Purchase Payments may be credited with a different rate of interest depending on the time period in which it is received by VALIC. This option may not be available in all states.

Generally, for most series of Portfolio Director, a current interest rate is declared at the beginning of each calendar month, and is applicable to new contributions received during that month. Interest is credited to the account daily and compounded at an annual rate. You may obtain current interest rates by calling the Annuity Service Center or speaking with your financial professional. VALIC guarantees that all contributions received during a calendar month will receive that month’s current interest rate for the remainder of the calendar year. Our practice, though not guaranteed, is to continue crediting interest at that same rate for such purchase payments for one additional calendar year. Thereafter, the amounts may be consolidated with contributions made during other periods and will be credited with interest at a rate which the Company declares annually on January 1 and guarantees for the remainder of the calendar year. The interest rates and periods may differ between the series of Portfolio Director. Some series of Portfolio Director may offer a higher interest rate on Fixed Account Plus. This interest crediting policy is subject to change, but any changes made will not reduce the current rate below your contractually guaranteed minimum or reduce monies already credited to the account.

Investment Objective

Your fixed account interest crediting rates are guaranteed for amounts allocated to each fixed account for up to 1 year. Thereafter, for fixed account options, VALIC will declare annual fixed account crediting rates each Contract year, and this rate will never be lower than the minimum guaranteed rate as referenced in your Contract. Factors that influence the declared fixed account renewal rate include, but are not limited to, the level of US treasury rates, credit spreads on corporate bonds and other fixed income instruments, company asset-liability matching strategies, the length of the Contract withdrawal charge period and the number of years since your annuity Contract was issued.

DCA Interest Rate Crediting. DCA Fixed Accounts credit a fixed rate of interest and can only be elected to facilitate a DCA Program. Interest is credited to amounts allocated to the DCA Fixed Accounts while your money is transferred to available investment options over certain specified time frames. The interest rates applicable to the DCA Fixed Accounts may differ from those applicable to any other Fixed Account Option but will never be less than the minimum guaranteed interest rate specified in your Contract. The minimum guaranteed interest rate can vary but is never lower than 1%. However, when using

a DCA Fixed Account, the annual interest rate is paid on a declining balance as you systematically transfer your money to available investment options. Therefore, the actual effective yield will be less than the stated annual crediting rate. We reserve the right to change the availability of DCA Fixed Accounts offered, unless state law requires us to do otherwise.

Dollar Cost Averaging Program

Under the DCA Program, systematic transfers of the value will be processed from the applicable DCA Fixed Account (“source account”) to any available Variable Account Options (“target account”). For example, if you select the DCA Fixed Account 6-month Option, 1/6 of your Account Value will be transferred the first month, 1/5 of the Account Value the 2nd month, 1/4 of the Account Value the 3rd month, 1/3 of the Account Value the 4th month, 1/2 the Account Value the 5th month and the balance of the option the 6th month. At the end of the selected period, there should be no money left in the DCA Fixed Account Option.

The DCA Program allows you to invest gradually in available Variable Account Options at no additional cost. The DCA Program is designed to lessen the impact of market fluctuations on your investment. However, the DCA Program can neither guarantee a profit nor protect your investment against a loss. When you elect the DCA Program, you are continuously investing in securities fluctuating at different price levels. You should consider your risk tolerance for investing through periods of fluctuating price levels.

Example of DCA Program

Assume that you deposit the minimum of \$25,000 into the DCA Fixed Account – 6 month Option. The DCA program will systematically transfer the deposits and interest from the DCA Fixed Account to your designated Variable Account Options. Assume a DCA Fixed Account earns a minimum interest credited rate of 1%, and these amounts are transferred to a single Variable Account Option over the six months, and that this Variable Account Option has the Unit Values shown below. For this example, the DCA Program purchases would have the following values:

Month	Unit Value	Units Purchased
1	\$7.50	556
2	\$5.00	835
3	\$10.00	418
4	\$7.50	557
5	\$5.00	837
6	\$7.50	558

You paid an average price of only \$6.67 per Unit over six months, while the average market price actually was \$7.08.

With Dollar Cost Averaging, you automatically buy more Units when the market price is low and fewer Units when the market price is high. This example is for illustrative purposes only.

DCA Program Guidelines

- Fixed Accounts are not available as target accounts for the DCA Program.
- Transfers occur on a monthly periodic schedule.
- Transfers resulting from your participation in the DCA Program are not counted towards the number of transfers allowed per contract year.

Termination of DCA Program

You may terminate the DCA Program at any time. If you terminate the DCA Program and money remains in the applicable DCA Fixed Account, we transfer the remaining money according to your current allocation instructions on file. Upon notification of your death, we will terminate the DCA Program unless your Beneficiary instructs us otherwise and we will transfer the remaining money according to the current allocation instructions on file.

We reserve the right to terminate or modify the DCA Program at any time and for any reason. Any such termination or modification, however, will not affect Contract Owners currently enrolled in a DCA Fixed Account Option.

Variable Account Options

The Contracts enable you to participate in Divisions that represent the Variable Account Options shown below. These Divisions comprise all of the Variable Account Options that are made available through VALIC Separate Account A. According to your retirement program, you may not be able to invest in all of the Variable Account Options described in this prospectus. You may be subject to further limits on how many options you may be invested in at any one time or how many of the options you are invested in may be involved in certain transactions at any one time. We reserve the right to limit the investment options available under your Contract if you elected a Living Benefit, as described in Appendix B below.

Several of the Variable Account Options offered through VALIC’s Separate Account A are also available to the general public (retail investors) outside of annuity contracts, life insurance contracts, or certain employer-sponsored retirement plans. These funds are listed in the front of the prospectus as “Public Funds.” If your Contract is a tax-deferred nonqualified annuity that is not part of your employer’s retirement plan, or if your Contract is issued under a deferred compensation plan (other than an eligible governmental 457(b) plan), those Variable Account Options that are invested in Public Funds will not be available within your Contract, due to Code requirements concerning investor control.

Therefore, the nonqualified annuities listed above and ineligible deferred compensation 457(f) plans and private sector top-hat plans (generally, an unfunded deferred compensation plan maintained by an employer primarily for the purpose of providing deferred compensation for a select group of management or highly-compensated employees) may invest only in VALIC Company I.

The Variable Account Options shown below are grouped by asset class (e.g., domestic large-cap equity, small-cap equity, fixed income, and others). We also identify each Fund's investment adviser and, if applicable, investment sub-adviser. **See the separate Fund prospectuses for more detailed information on each Fund's management fees and total expenses, investment objective, strategies and risks, as well as a history of any changes to a Fund's investment adviser or sub-adviser. You should read the prospectuses carefully before investing. Additional copies are available from VALIC at 1-800-448-2542 or online at www.aigrs.com.**

Investors seeking to achieve long term retirement security generally are encouraged to give careful consideration to the benefits of a well balanced and diversified investment portfolio. As just one example, investing one's total retirement savings in a limited number of investment options may cause that individual's retirement savings to not be adequately diversified. Spreading those assets among different types of investments can help an investor achieve a favorable rate of return in changing market or economic conditions that may cause one category of assets or particular security to perform very well while causing another category of assets or security to perform poorly. Of course, diversification is not a guarantee of gains or against losses. However, it can be an effective strategy to help manage investment risk.

SunAmerica Asset Management, LLC ("SunAmerica") is affiliated with the adviser, VALIC, due to common ownership.

The following list of Variable Account Options and corresponding Adviser/Sub-Adviser information applies on and after approximately May 24, 2021. Please see Supplement to Prospectus, dated May 3, 2021, for Variable Account Options available prior to May 24, 2021.

<u>Variable Account Options</u>	<u>Adviser/Sub-Adviser</u>	<u>Variable Account Options</u>	<u>Adviser/Sub-Adviser</u>
Domestic Large-Cap Equity Asset Class			
American Beacon Bridgeway Large Cap Growth Fund	Adviser: American Beacon Advisors, Inc. Sub-Adviser: Bridgeway Capital Management, Inc.	Nasdaq-100® Index Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: SunAmerica
Blue Chip Growth Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. ("T. Rowe Price")	Stock Index Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: SunAmerica
Capital Appreciation Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: BMO Asset Management Corp.	Systematic Core Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P. ("Goldman Sachs")
Dividend Value Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Advisers: BlackRock Investment Management, LLC ("BlackRock") and SunAmerica	Systematic Value Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: Wellington Management Company LLP ("Wellington Management")
Growth Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Advisers: BlackRock and SunAmerica	U.S. Socially Responsible Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: SunAmerica
Large Capital Growth Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: Massachusetts Financial Services Company ("MFS")	Vanguard Windsor II Fund	Advisers: Aristotle Capital Management, LLC; Hotchkis and Wiley Capital Management, LLC; Lazard Asset Management LLC; and Sanders Capital, LLC

Refer to your employer's retirement program documents for a list of the employer-selected Variable Account Options and any limitations on the number of Variable Account Options you may choose. All Funds may not be available for all plans or individual or group contracts.

Shares of certain of the Mutual Funds are also sold to separate accounts of other insurance companies that may or may not be affiliated with us. This is known as "shared funding." These Mutual Funds may also be sold to separate accounts that act as the underlying investments for both variable annuity contracts and variable life insurance policies. This is known as "mixed funding." There are certain risks associated with mixed and shared funding, such as potential conflicts of interest due to differences in tax treatment and other considerations, including the interests of different pools of investors. These risks may be discussed in each Mutual Fund's prospectus.

<u>Variable Account Options</u>	<u>Adviser/Sub-Adviser</u>	<u>Variable Account Options</u>	<u>Adviser/Sub-Adviser</u>
Domestic Mid-Cap Equity Asset Class			
Ariel Appreciation Fund	Adviser: Ariel Investments, LLC	Mid Cap Strategic Growth Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Advisers: Janus Capital Management LLC (“Janus”) and Allianz Global Investors U.S., LLC (“Allianz”)
Mid Cap Index Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: SunAmerica	Mid Cap Value Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Advisers: Boston Partners Global Investors, Inc. d/b/a Boston Partners and Wellington Management
Domestic Small-Cap Equity Asset Class			
Ariel Fund	Adviser: Ariel Investments, LLC	Small Cap Index Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: SunAmerica
Small Cap Growth Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (“JPMIM”) and T. Rowe Price	Small Cap Special Values Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Advisers: Wells Capital Management Incorporated (“WellsCap”)
		Small Cap Value Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: JPMIM
Global Equity Asset Class (International And Domestic)			
Global Strategy Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Advisers: Franklin Advisers, Inc.	International Socially Responsible Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: SunAmerica
International Equity Asset Class			
Emerging Economies Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: JPMIM	International Growth Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: Morgan Stanley Investment Management Inc.
International Equities Index Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: SunAmerica	International Opportunities Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Advisers: MFS and Delaware Investment Fund Advisers
		International Value Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: WellsCap

<u>Variable Account Options</u>	<u>Adviser/Sub-Adviser</u>	<u>Variable Account Options</u>	<u>Adviser/Sub-Adviser</u>
Specialty Asset Class			
Global Real Estate Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Advisers: Invesco Advisers, Inc. (“Invesco”) and Goldman Sachs Sub-Sub-Adviser: Invesco Asset Management Limited, an affiliate of Invesco	Invesco Balanced-Risk Commodity Strategy Fund Science & Technology Fund	Adviser: Invesco Adviser: VALIC Sub-Advisers: T. Rowe Price, Allianz and Wellington Management
Hybrid Asset Class (Equity and Fixed Income)			
Aggressive Growth Lifestyle Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: PineBridge Investments LLC (“PineBridge”)	T. Rowe Price Retirement 2040 Fund	Adviser: T. Rowe Price
Asset Allocation Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: JPMIM	T. Rowe Price Retirement 2045 Fund	Adviser: T. Rowe Price
Conservative Growth Lifestyle Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: PineBridge	T. Rowe Price Retirement 2050 Fund	Adviser: T. Rowe Price
Dynamic Allocation Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Advisers: AllianceBernstein L.P. and SunAmerica	T. Rowe Price Retirement 2055 Fund	Adviser: T. Rowe Price
Moderate Growth Lifestyle Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: PineBridge	T. Rowe Price Retirement 2060 Fund	Adviser: T. Rowe Price
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2015 Fund	Adviser: T. Rowe Price	Vanguard LifeStrategy Conservative Growth Fund	The LifeStrategy Funds do not employ an investment advisor, but benefit from the investment advisory services provided to the underlying funds in which they invest. The investment advisor to the underlying funds is The Vanguard Group, Inc. (“Vanguard”).
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2020 Fund	Adviser: T. Rowe Price	Vanguard LifeStrategy Growth Fund	
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2025 Fund	Adviser: T. Rowe Price	Vanguard LifeStrategy Moderate Growth Fund	
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2030 Fund	Adviser: T. Rowe Price		
T. Rowe Price Retirement 2035 Fund	Adviser: T. Rowe Price	Vanguard Wellington Fund	
Fixed Income Asset Class			
Core Bond Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: PineBridge	Inflation Protected Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: Wellington Management
Government Money Market I Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: SunAmerica	International Government Bond Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: PineBridge
Government Securities Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: JPMIM	Vanguard Long-Term Investment-Grade Fund	Advisers: Wellington Management and Vanguard
High Yield Bond Fund	Adviser: VALIC Sub-Adviser: Wellington Management	Vanguard Long-Term Treasury Fund	Adviser: Vanguard

The Dynamic Allocation Fund has an investment strategy that may serve to reduce the risk of investment losses that could require the Company to use its own assets to make payments in connection with certain guarantees under the Contract. In addition, the Dynamic Allocation Fund may enable the Company to more efficiently manage its financial risks associated with guarantees like living and death benefits, due in part to a formula developed by affiliated insurance companies and provided to the Sub-advisers. The formula used by the Sub-advisers is described in the Fund's prospectus and may change over time based on proposals by the Company. Any changes to the formula proposed by the Company will be implemented only if they are approved by the Fund's investment adviser and the Fund's Board of Directors, including a majority of the Independent Directors. **See the VALIC Company I prospectus and Statement of Additional Information for details.**

A detailed description of the fees and investment objective, strategies, and risks of each Mutual Fund can be found in the current prospectus for each Fund mentioned. These prospectuses are available online at www.aigrs.com.

Purchase Period

The Purchase Period begins when your first Purchase Payment is made and continues until you begin your Payout Period. This period may also be called the accumulation period, as you save for retirement. Changes in the value of each Fixed and Variable Account Option are reflected in your overall Account Value. Thus, your investment choices and their performance will affect the total Account Value that will be available for the Payout Period. The amount, number, and frequency of your Purchase Payments may be determined by the retirement plan for which your Contract was purchased. The Purchase Period will end upon death, upon surrender, or when you complete the process to begin the Payout Period.

Account Establishment

You may establish an account through a financial professional. Initial Purchase Payments must be received by VALIC either with, or after, a completed application. If part of an employer-sponsored retirement plan, your employer is responsible for remitting Purchase Payments to us. The employer is responsible for furnishing instructions to us (a premium flow report) as to the amount being applied to your account (see below). Purchase Payments can also be made by you for IRAs and certain nonqualified Contracts ("individual contracts").

The maximum single payment that may be applied to any account without prior Home Office approval is \$1,000,000. Minimum initial and subsequent Purchase Payments are as follows:

<u>Contract Type</u>	<u>Initial Payment</u>	<u>Subsequent Payment</u>
Periodic Payment	\$ 30	\$ 30
Single Payment	\$1,000	-0-

Periodic Payment minimums apply to each Periodic Payment made. The Single Payment minimum applies to each of your accounts.

When an initial Purchase Payment is accompanied by an application, we will promptly:

- Accept the application and establish your account within 2 Business Days. We will also apply your Purchase Payment by crediting the amount, effective the date we accept your application, to the Fixed or Variable Account Option(s) selected; or
- Request additional information to correct or complete the application. In the case of an individual variable annuity Contract, we will return the Purchase Payments within 5 Business Days if the requested information is not provided, unless you otherwise so specify. Once you provide us with the requested information, we will establish your account and apply your Purchase Payment, effective the date we accept your application, by crediting the amount to the Fixed or Variable Account Option(s) selected; or
- Reject the application and return the Purchase Payment.

If we receive Purchase Payments from your employer before we receive your completed application or enrollment form, we will not be able to establish a permanent account for you. If this occurs, we will take one of the following actions:

Return Purchase Payments. If we do not have your name, address or Social Security Number ("SSN"), we will return the Purchase Payment to your employer unless this information is immediately provided to us; or

Employer-Directed Account. At the direction of your employer, provided on a form acceptable to VALIC and accompanied by certain necessary information (such as name, address, and SSN), we may establish an account for you. In that case we will deposit your Purchase Payment in an “Employer-Directed” account invested in a Money Market Division, or other investment options chosen by your employer, and provide a Contract or certificate. If you want a financial professional to assist you in allocating these amounts, you will first need to provide certain personal and financial information that may be required by the advisor in order to provide such assistance; or

Starter Account. If we have your name, address and SSN, but we do not have an agreement with your employer for employer directed accounts, we will deposit your Purchase Payment in a “starter” account invested in the Money Market Division option available for your plan or other investment options chosen by your employer. We will send you a follow-up letter requesting the information necessary to complete the application, including your allocation instructions. You may not transfer these amounts until VALIC has received a completed application or enrollment form.

If mandated under applicable law, we may be required to reject a Purchase Payment. We may also be required to block a Contract Owner’s account and thereby refuse to pay any request for transfers, withdrawals, surrenders, loans or death benefits, until instructions are received from the appropriate regulatory authority.

When Your Account Will Be Credited

Depending on your retirement plan, Purchase Payments may be made by your employer for your account or by you for an IRA or certain nonqualified Contracts. It is the employer’s or the individual’s responsibility to ensure that the Purchase Payment can be promptly posted to the appropriate account(s).

A Purchase Payment must be “in good order” before it can be posted to your account. “In good order” means that all required information and/or documentation has been supplied and that the funds (check, wire, or ACH) clearly identify the individual SSN or Group Number to which they are to be applied. To ensure efficient posting for Employer-Directed accounts, Purchase Payment information must include complete instructions, including the group name and number, each employee’s name and SSN, contribution amounts (balanced to the penny for the total purchase) and the source of the funds (for example, employee voluntary, employer mandatory, employer match, transfer, rollover or a contribution for a particular tax year). Purchase Payments for individual accounts must include the name, SSN, and the source of the funds (for example, transfer, rollover, or a contribution for a particular tax year).

If the Purchase Payment is in good order as described and is received by our bank by Market Close, the appropriate account(s) will be credited the Business Day of receipt. Purchase Payments in good order received after Market Close will be credited the next Business Day.

Note that if the Purchase Payment is not in good order, the employer or individual will be notified promptly. No amounts will be posted to any accounts until all issues with the Purchase Payment have been resolved. If a Purchase Payment is not received in good order, the purchase amounts will be posted effective the Business Day all required information is received.

Purchase Units

A Purchase Unit is a unit of interest owned by you in your Variable Account Option. Purchase Unit values are calculated each Business Day following Market Close. Purchase Units may be shown as “Number of Shares” and the Purchase Unit values may be shown as “Share Price” on some account statements. *See “Purchase Unit Value” in the SAI for more information and an illustration of the calculation of the unit value.*

Calculation of Value for Fixed Account Options

The Fixed Account Plus, Short-Term Fixed Accounts, and DCA Fixed Accounts are part of the Company’s general assets. The Multi-Year Option may be invested in either the general assets of the Company or in a separate account of the Company, depending upon state requirements. You may allocate all or a portion of your Purchase Payment to the Fixed Account Options listed in the “Fixed and Variable Accounts Options” section in this prospectus. Purchase Payments you allocate to these Fixed Account Options are guaranteed to earn at least a minimum rate of interest. Interest is paid on each of the Fixed Account Options at declared rates, which may be different for each option. With the exception of a market value adjustment, which generally will be applied to withdrawals or transfers from a Multi-Year Option prior to the end of an MVA term, we bear the entire investment risk for the Fixed Account Options. All Purchase Payments and interest earned on such amounts in your Fixed Account Option will be paid regardless of the investment results experienced by the Company’s general assets. The minimum amount to establish each new Multi-Year Option guarantee period (MVA Band), as described in the Contract, may be changed from time to time by the Company.

The value of your Fixed Account Option is calculated on a given Business Day as shown below:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Value of Your Fixed Account Options}^* \\ = & \textbf{(equals)} \\ & \text{All Purchase Payments made to the Fixed Account Options} \\ + & \textbf{(plus)} \\ & \text{Amounts transferred from Variable Account Options to the} \\ & \text{Fixed Account Options} \\ + & \textbf{(plus)} \\ & \text{All interest earned} \\ - & \textbf{(minus)} \\ & \text{Amounts transferred or withdrawn from Fixed Account} \\ & \text{Options (including applicable fees and charges)} \end{aligned}$$

* This value may be subject to a market value adjustment under the Multi-Year Option.

Calculation of Value for Variable Account Options

You may allocate all or a portion of your Purchase Payments to the Variable Account Options listed in this prospectus as permitted by your retirement program. An overview of each of the Variable Account Options may be found in the “Fixed and Variable Account Options” section in this prospectus and in each Mutual Fund’s prospectus. The Purchase Unit value of each Variable Account Option will change daily depending upon the investment performance of the underlying Mutual Fund (which may be positive or negative) and the deduction of the Separate Account Charges. See “Fees and Charges.” Your account will be credited with the applicable number of Purchase Units, including any dividend or capital gains per share declared on behalf of the underlying Fund as of that day. If the Purchase Payment is in good order as described and is received by our bank by Market Close, the appropriate account(s) will be credited the Business Day of receipt and will receive that Business Day’s Purchase Unit value. Purchase Payments in

good order received by our bank after Market Close will be credited the next Business Day and will receive the next Business Day’s Purchase Unit value. Because Purchase Unit values for each Variable Account Option change each Business Day, the number of Purchase Units your account will be credited with for subsequent Purchase Payments will vary. Each Variable Account Option bears its own investment risk. Therefore, the value of your account may be worth more or less at retirement or withdrawal.

During periods of low short-term interest rates, and in part due to Contract fees and expenses, the yield of the Government Money Market I Fund may become extremely low and possibly negative. If the daily dividends paid by the underlying mutual fund are less than the daily portion of the Separate Account Charges, the Purchase Unit value will decrease. In the case of negative yields, your investment in the Variable Account Option, which invests in the Government Money Market I Fund, will lose value.

Stopping Purchase Payments

You may stop Purchase Payments at any time. You may resume Purchase Payments thereafter during the Purchase Period. The value of the Purchase Units will continue to vary, and your Account Value will continue to be subject to charges. The Account Value will be considered surrendered when you begin the Payout Period. You may not make Purchase Payments during the Payout Period.

If both your Account Value and Purchase Payments (less any withdrawals) fall below \$300, and you do not make any Purchase Payments for at least a two year period, we may close the account and pay the Account Value to the Participant. We will not assess a surrender charge in this instance. Any such account closure will be subject to applicable distribution restrictions under the Contract and/or under your employer’s plan.

Transfers Between Investment Options

You may transfer all or part of your Account Value between the various Fixed and Variable Account Options in Portfolio Director without a charge. Transfers may be made during the Purchase Period or during the Payout Period, subject to certain restrictions. **We reserve the right to limit the number, frequency (minimum period of time between transfers) or dollar amount of transfers you can make and to restrict the method and manner of providing or communicating transfers or reallocation instructions.** You will be notified of any changes to this policy through newsletters or information posted online at www.aigrs.com.

During the Purchase Period — Policy Against Market Timing and Frequent Transfers

VALIC has a policy to discourage excessive trading and market timing. Our investment options are not designed to accommodate short-term trading or “market timing” organizations, or individuals engaged in certain trading strategies, such as programmed transfers, frequent transfers, or transfers that are large in relation to the total assets of a mutual fund. These trading strategies may be disruptive to mutual funds by diluting the value of the fund shares, negatively affecting investment strategies and increasing portfolio turnover. Excessive trading may also raise fund expenses, such as recordkeeping and transaction costs, and can potentially harm fund performance. Further, excessive

trading may harm fund investors, as the excessive trader takes security profits intended for the entire fund, and could force securities to be sold to meet redemption needs. The premature selling and disrupted investment strategy could cause the fund's performance to suffer, and exerts downward pressure on the fund's price per share.

Accordingly, VALIC implemented certain policies and procedures intended to hinder short-term trading. If you sell Purchase Units in a Variable Account Option valued at \$5,000 or more, whether through an exchange, transfer, or any other redemption, you will not be able to make a purchase of \$5,000 or more in that same Variable Account Option for 30 calendar days.

This policy applies only to investor-initiated trades of \$5,000 or more, and does not apply to the following:

- Plan-level or employer-initiated transactions;
- Purchase transactions involving transfers of assets or rollovers;
- Retirement plan contributions, loans, and distributions (including hardship withdrawals);
- Roth IRA conversions or IRA recharacterizations;
- Systematic purchases or redemptions; or

The Fixed Account Options are subject to additional restrictions:

<u>Fixed Account Option</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Other Restrictions</u>
Fixed Account Plus:	Up to 20% per Participant Year	At any time	If you transfer assets from Fixed Account Plus to another investment option, any assets transferred back into Fixed Account Plus within 90 days may receive a different rate of interest than your new Purchase Payments. ⁽¹⁾
	100%	At any time	If Account Value is less than or equal to \$500.
Short-Term Fixed Account:	Up to 100%	At any time	After a transfer into the Short-Term Fixed Account, you may not make a transfer from the Short-Term Fixed Account for 90 days. ⁽²⁾
Multi-Year Option ⁽³⁾ :	Up to 100%	At any time	Withdrawals or Transfers subject to market value adjustment if prior to the end of an MVA term. Each MVA Band will require a minimum transfer amount, as described in the Contract. ⁽⁴⁾
DCA Fixed Account 6-month & DCA Fixed Account 12-month ⁽⁵⁾ :	100%	At any time	Transfers can be made from a DCA Fixed Account Option at any time. Only money remaining in the Option will earn interest. Transfers from other Options are not allowed into the DCA Fixed Account Options at any time.

(1) Your employer may further limit or expand the restrictions. We may charge for those modified restrictions if specified in your employer's retirement plan.

(2) VALIC may change this holding period at any time in the future, but it will never be more than 180 days.

(3) The Multi-Year Option may not be available unless it has been selected as an option for your employer's retirement plan.

(4) The minimum transfer amount may be changed from time to time by the Company.

(5) The DCA Fixed Account 6-month & DCA Fixed Account 12-month Options are only available for individual retirement annuities.

Contracts issued in connection with certain plans or programs may have different transfer restrictions due to the higher interest rates offered on Fixed Account Plus. From time to time

- Trades of less than \$5,000.

Transfers resulting from your participation in the GPS Portfolio Manager Program or GPA Program administered by VALIC Financial Advisors, Inc. will not count against these transfer limitations.

As described in a Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information, in addition to the above, fund purchases, transfers and other redemptions may be subject to other investor trading policies, including redemption fees, if applicable. Certain Funds may set limits on transfers in and out of a Fund within a set time period in addition to or in lieu of the policy above. Also, an employer's benefit plan may limit an investor's rights to transfer.

We intend to enforce these investor trading policies uniformly. We make no assurances, however, that all the risks associated with frequent trading will be completely eliminated by these policies and/or restrictions. If we are unable to detect or prevent market timing activity, the effect of such activity may result in additional transaction costs for the investment options and dilution of long-term performance returns. Thus, your account value may be lower due to the effect of the extra costs and resultant lower performance. We reserve the right to modify these policies at any time.

we may waive the 20% transfer restriction on Fixed Account Plus for transfers to the Multi-Year Option or to other investment options.

Communicating Transfer or Reallocation Instructions

Transfer instructions may be given by telephone, through the internet (VALIC Online), using the self-service automated phone system (VALIC by Phone), or in writing. We encourage you to make transfers or reallocations using VALIC Online or VALIC by Phone for most efficient processing. We will send a confirmation of transactions to the Participant within five days from the date of the transaction. It is your responsibility to verify the information shown and notify us of any errors within 30 calendar days of the transaction.

Generally, no one may give us telephone instructions on your behalf without your written or recorded verbal consent. Financial professionals or authorized broker-dealer employees who have received client permission to perform a client-directed transfer of value via the telephone or internet will follow prescribed verification procedures.

Transfers During the Payout Period

During the Payout Period, transfer instructions must be given in writing and mailed to our Home Office. Transfers may be made between the Contract's investment options subject to the following limitations:

<u>Payout Option</u>	<u>% of Account Value</u>	<u>Frequency</u>
Variable Payout:	Up to 100%	Once every 365 days
Combination Fixed and Variable Payout:	Up to 100% of money in variable option payout	Once every 365 days
Fixed Payout:	Not permitted	N/A

Fees and Charges

By investing in Portfolio Director, you may be subject to these fees and charges:

- Account Maintenance Charge
- Surrender Charge
- Premium Tax Charge
- Separate Account Charges
- Market Value Adjustment
- Other Charges

These fees and charges are applied to the Fixed and Variable Account Options in proportion to the Account Value as explained below. Unless we state otherwise, we may profit from these fees and charges. *For additional information about these fees and charges, see the "Fee Tables."* In addition, certain charges may apply to the Multi-Year Option, which are discussed at the end of this section. More detail regarding Mutual Fund fees and expenses may be found in the prospectus for each Mutual Fund, available at www.aigrs.com.

Account Maintenance Charge

During the Purchase Period an account maintenance charge of \$3.75 will be deducted on the last Business Day of each

When receiving instructions over the telephone or online, we follow appropriate procedures to provide reasonable assurance that the transactions executed are genuine. Thus, we are not responsible for any claim, loss or expense from any error resulting from instructions received over the telephone or online. If we fail to follow our procedures, we may be liable for any losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. We reserve the right to modify, suspend, waive or terminate these transfer provisions at any time.

Effective Date of Transfer

The effective date of a transfer will be:

- The date of receipt, if received in our Home Office before Market Close; otherwise,
- The next date values are calculated.

calendar quarter if any of your money is invested in the Variable Account Options. We will sell Purchase Units from your account to pay the account maintenance charge. If all your money in the Variable Account Options is withdrawn, or transferred to a Fixed Account Option, the charge will be deducted at that time. The charge will be assessed pro-rata among the Variable Account Options that make up your Account Value. We do not charge an account maintenance charge during the Payout Period.

The account maintenance charge is to reimburse the Company for our administrative expenses. This includes the expense for establishing and maintaining the record keeping for the Variable Account Options. Certain Contracts may not be subject to this charge, as described below.

Surrender Charge

When you withdraw money from your account, you may be subject to a surrender charge that will be deducted from the amount withdrawn. If you request a partial surrender of your Account Value, a surrender charge would apply to any amount that exceeds the 10% free withdrawal allowed for any Participant Year. See below for exceptions to this charge. It is assumed that any new Purchase Payments are withdrawn before older ones; thus, the last dollar in is the first dollar out.

See below for exceptions to this procedure. *For information about your right to surrender, see “Surrender of Account Value” in this prospectus.*

Amounts exchanged from other contracts issued by the Company may or may not be subject to a surrender charge. After the exchange, it is assumed that any new Purchase Payments are withdrawn before the exchanged amount. *For more information, see “Exchange Privilege” in the SAI.*

Amount of Surrender Charge

A surrender charge will be the lesser of:

- Five percent (5%) of the amount of all Purchase Payments received during the past 60 months; or
- Five percent (5%) of the amount withdrawn.

10% Free Withdrawal

In any Participant Year, up to 10% of the Account Value may be withdrawn without a surrender charge. The surrender charge will apply to any amount withdrawn that exceeds this 10% limit. The percentage withdrawn will be determined by dividing the amount withdrawn by the Account Value just prior to the withdrawal. If more than one withdrawal is made during a Participant Year, each percentage will be added to determine at what point the 10% limit has been reached.

These 10% withdrawals without charge do not reduce Purchase Payments for the purpose of computing the surrender charge. If a surrender charge is applied to all or part of a Purchase Payment, no surrender charge will be applied to such Purchase Payment (or portion thereof) again. There may be a 10% premature distribution tax penalty for taking a withdrawal prior to age 59½. *See “Federal Tax Matters” for more information.*

Exceptions to Surrender Charge

No surrender charge will be applied:

- To money applied to provide a Payout Option;
- To death benefits;
- If no Purchase Payments have been received during the 60 months prior to the date of surrender;
- If your account has been in effect for 15 years or longer;
- If your account has been in effect for 5 years or longer, and you have attained age 59½;
- To “No Charge Systematic Withdrawals”;
- Under certain contracts, to withdrawals under the No Charge Minimum Distribution provisions;

- If, after the original Contract issue date, you have become totally and permanently disabled, defined as follows: you are unable, due to mental or physical impairment, to perform the material and substantial duties of any occupation for which you are suited by means of education, training or experience; the impairment must have been in existence for more than 180 days; the impairment must be expected to result in death or be long-standing and indefinite and proof of disability must be evidenced by a certified copy of a Social Security Administration determination or a doctor’s verification; or
- If you are at least 55 years old, are no longer employed by the employer that established the plan, and your account under the plan was established at least 5 years prior to the date of surrender.
- For Contracts issued to individuals in the State of Oregon, no surrender charge will be applied to withdrawals if your account has been in effect for 10 years or longer. In addition, we will treat funds withdrawn from such Contract, when such funds are subject to surrender charges, as attributable to Purchase Payments withdrawn on a first-in-first out basis. This procedure applies to Contracts issued on and after July 1, 2017. The amount of the surrender charge for such Contracts will be the lesser of: five percent (5%) of the amount withdrawn which is attributable to Purchase Payments received during the most recent 60 months; or five percent (5%) of the total amount withdrawn.

We may waive any otherwise applicable surrender charge if you reinvest the surrender proceeds in another VALIC product. You will, however, be subject to a surrender charge, if any, in the newly acquired product under the same terms and conditions as the original product. For purposes of calculating any surrender charge due, you will be considered to have acquired the new product as of the date you acquired the original product.

Premium Tax Charge

Premium taxes are imposed by some states, cities, and towns. The rate will range from 0% to 3.5%, depending on whether the Contract is qualified or nonqualified. Such tax will be deducted from the Account Value when annuity payments are to begin. We will not profit from this charge. See Appendix C for variations of the premium tax charge that may be applicable in your state.

Separate Account Charges

The Separate Account Charges for each Variable Account Option are shown in the Fee Tables of this prospectus. The maximum charges range from 1.00% to 1.25% depending on

the Variable Account Option selected. This charge is guaranteed and cannot be increased by the Company. The current (net) charges range from 0.85% to 1.25%. The charge is deducted daily from the net assets.

These charges are to compensate the Company for assuming certain risks under Portfolio Director. The Company assumes the obligation to provide payments during the Payout Period for your lifetime, no matter how long that might be. In addition, the Company assumes the obligation, during the Purchase Period, to pay an interest guaranteed death benefit. The Separate Account charges also may cover the costs of issuing and administering Portfolio Director and administering and marketing the Variable Account Options, including but not limited to enrollment, participant communication and education. Separate Account Charges are applied to Variable Account Options during both the Purchase Period and Payout Period.

The Separate Account Charges may be reduced if issued to certain types of plans that are expected to result in lower costs to VALIC, as discussed below.

Reduction or Waiver of Account Maintenance, Surrender, or Separate Account Charges

We may, as described below, determine that the account maintenance charge, surrender charges, or Separate Account charges for Portfolio Director may be reduced or waived. We may reduce or waive these charges if we determine that your retirement program will allow us to reduce or eliminate administrative or sales expenses that we usually incur for retirement programs. There are a number of factors we will review in determining whether your retirement program will allow us to reduce or eliminate these administrative or sales expenses:

- The type of retirement program. Certain types of retirement programs, because of their stability, can result in lower administrative costs.
- The nature of your retirement program. Certain types of retirement programs, due to the types of employees who participate, experience fewer account surrenders, thus reducing administrative costs.
- Other factors of which we are not presently aware that could reduce administrative costs.

We review the following additional factors to determine whether we can reduce or waive account maintenance charges:

- The frequency of Purchase Payments for your retirement program. Purchase Payments received no more than once a year can reduce administrative costs.
- The administrative tasks performed by your employer for your retirement program.

The employer sponsoring your retirement program can, through its method of remitting Purchase Payments, reduce administrative costs.

We review the following additional factors to determine whether we can reduce surrender charges:

- The size of your retirement program. A retirement program that involves a larger group of employees may allow us to reduce sales expenses.
- The total amount of Purchase Payments to be received for your retirement program. Larger Purchase Payments can reduce sales expenses.
- The use of mass enrollment or related administrative tasks performed by your employer for your retirement program.

We review the following additional factors to determine whether we can reduce the Separate Account charges:

- The frequency of Purchase Payments for your retirement program.
- The size of your retirement program.
- The amount of your retirement program's periodic Purchase Payment.
- The method of remitting periodic Purchase Payments.

In no event will the reduction or waiver of fees and charges be permitted where the reduction or waiver will unfairly discriminate against any person.

Additionally, under certain circumstances, and at VALIC's sole discretion, VALIC may issue a Contract credit for amounts transferred on behalf of a group contract from another plan or provider, pursuant to the terms of the Contract.

Separate Account Expense Reimbursements or Credits

Some of the Mutual Funds or their affiliates have an agreement with the Company to pay the Company for administrative, recordkeeping and shareholder services it provides to the underlying Fund. The Company may, in its discretion, apply some or all of these payments to reduce its charges to the Division investing in that Fund. We receive payments for the administrative services we perform, such as account recordkeeping, mailing of Fund related information and responding to inquiries about the Funds. Currently, these payments range from 0.00% to 0.35% of the market value of the assets invested in the underlying Fund as of a certain date, usually paid at the end of each calendar quarter.

We may also receive what is referred to as "12b-1 fees" from some of the Funds themselves. These fees are designed to help pay for our direct and indirect distribution costs. In addition, we may receive non-12b-1 service fees from certain funds. The

12b-1 fees and non-12b-1 service fees are generally equal to 0.25% of the daily market value of the assets invested in the underlying Fund.

We may use these 12b-1 and non-12b-1 service fees or a portion of the recordkeeping fees to directly reduce the maximum Separate Account Charges. The current Net Separate Account Charges of each Variable Account Option are reflected in the Fee Tables and range from 0.85% to 1.25%. From time to time some of these fund arrangements may be renegotiated so that we receive a greater payment than previously paid. These fee arrangements do not result in any additional charges to Contract Owners or Participants. The maximum Separate Account Charges are guaranteed and may not be increased for the life of your Contract.

Market Value Adjustment (“MVA”)

Under the Multi-Year Option, you may establish one or more new Multi-Year Option guarantee periods (MVA Bands) with a minimum amount, as described in the Contract, per MVA Band in states in which the Multi-Year Option has been approved. The Company may change the minimum from time to time. Each MVA Band will be guaranteed to receive a stated rate of interest through the end of the selected MVA term. We guarantee your Multi-Year Option will earn at least the lowest minimum interest rate applicable to any of the fixed interest options in the Contract. A withdrawal will generally be subject to a surrender charge if it exceeds the amount of any free withdrawal amount permitted under your Contract. Withdrawals or transfers from an MVA Band prior to the end of the MVA term will be subject to a market value adjustment, unless an exception applies. This adjustment may be positive or negative,

Payout Period

The Payout Period begins when you decide to retire or when you elect to annuitize all or a portion of your Account Value. If your employer’s plan permits, you may apply any portion of your Account Value to one of the types of payout options listed below. You may choose to have your payout option on either a fixed, a variable, or a combination payout basis. When you choose to have your payout option on a variable basis, you may keep the same Variable Account Options in which your Purchase Payments were made, or transfer to different ones. If you do not elect a payout option, the payout option will mirror the allocation of investment options in your Contract upon annuitization. For example, if your Account Value is allocated solely to the Variable Account Options upon annuitization and you have not made an election, a variable payout option will be applied, or if your Account Value is allocated to a Fixed Account Option a fixed payout option will be applied. Similarly, if your Account Value is allocated to both Fixed and Variable Account Options, a combination fixed and variable payout option will be applied.

based upon the differences in selected interest rates at the time the MVA Band was established and at the time of the withdrawal. This adjustment will not apply upon the Owner’s death, or if the Contract Owner is not a natural person, upon the death of the Annuitant. This adjustment applies independently from surrender charges, and can apply to a 10% free withdrawal. The market value adjustment may be waived for distributions that are required under your Contract. It will also be waived for 30 days following the end of an MVA term. Loans are not available from the Multi-Year Option. Please review your Contract for additional information on the Multi-Year Option.

Other Charges

We reserve the right to charge for certain taxes that we may have to pay. This could include federal income taxes. Currently, no such charges are being made.

Fees for plan services provided by parties other than VALIC or its affiliates maybe assessed to participant accounts upon the direction or authorization of a plan representative. Additional fees may be withdrawn from client accounts in accordance with a client’s independent investment advisory contract. Such withdrawals will be identified on applicable participant account reports or client statements.

Plan loans from the Fixed Account Options may be allowed by your employer’s plan. Refer to your plan for a description of charges and other information concerning plan loans. We reserve the right to charge a fee of up to \$75 per loan (if permitted under state law) and to limit the number of outstanding loans.

Fixed Payout

Under a fixed payout, you will receive payments that are fixed and guaranteed by the Company. The amount of these payments will depend on:

- Type and duration of payout option chosen;
- Your age or your age and the age of your survivor⁽¹⁾;
- Your gender or your gender and the gender of your survivor⁽¹⁾ (IRAs and certain nonqualified Contracts);
- The portion of your Account Value being applied; and
- The payout rate being applied and the frequency of the payments.

⁽¹⁾ This applies only to joint and survivor payouts.

If the benefit would be greater, the amount of your payments will be based on the current payout rate the Company uses for immediate annuity contracts.

Assumed Investment Rate

An “Assumed Investment Rate” or “AIR” is the rate used to determine your first monthly Payout Payment per thousand dollars of account value in your Variable Account Option. When you decide to enter the Payout Period, you will select your Payout Option, your Annuity Date, and the AIR. You may choose an AIR ranging from 3.5% to 5% (as prescribed by state law). If you choose a higher AIR, the initial Annuity Payment will be higher, but later payments will increase more slowly during periods of good investment performance, and decrease faster during periods of poor investment performance. The dollar amount of the variable income payments stays level if the net investment return equals the AIR. Your choice of AIR may affect the duration and frequency of payments, depending on the Payout Option selected. For example, a higher AIR will generate a higher initial Payout Payment, but as Payout Payments continue they may become smaller, and eventually could be less than if you had initially selected a lower AIR. The frequency of the Payout Payments may lessen to ensure that each Payout Payment is at least \$25 per month.

Variable Payout

With a variable payout, you may select from your existing Variable Account Options. Your payments will vary accordingly. This is due to the varying investment results that will be experienced by each of the Variable Account Options you selected. The Payout Unit value is calculated just like the Purchase Unit value for each Variable Account Option except that the Payout Unit value includes a factor for the AIR you select. *For additional information on how Payout Payments and Payout Unit Values are calculated, see the SAI.*

In determining your first Payout Payment, an AIR of 3.5% is used (unless you select a higher rate as allowed by state law). If the net investment experience of the Variable Account Option exceeds your AIR, your subsequent payments will be greater than your first payment. If the investment experience of the Variable Account Option is lower than your AIR, your subsequent payments will be less than your first payment.

Combination Fixed and Variable Payout

With a combination fixed and variable payout, you may choose:

- From your existing Variable Account Options (payments will vary); with a
- Fixed payout (payment is fixed and guaranteed).

Partial Annuitization

A Participant may choose to annuitize a portion of the Account Value. This will, in essence, divide the Account Value into two parts. The current non-annuitized part would continue as

before, while the annuitized part would effectively be moved to a new Payout Payment account. Thus, the death benefit in such a situation would be reduced to the value of the amount remaining in the account minus the amount applied to Payout Payments. Depending on the payout option selected, there may also be a death benefit from the annuitized portion of the account, such as a payout for a guaranteed period.

Payout Date

The payout date is the date elected by you on which the annuity Payout Payments will start. The date elected must be the first of any month. A request to start payments must be received in our Home Office on a form or through other media approved by VALIC. This request must be received by VALIC by at least the fifteenth (15th) day of the month prior to the month you wish your annuity payments to start. Your account will be valued ten days prior to the beginning of the month in which the Payout Payments will start.

The following additional rules also apply when determining the payout date:

- The earliest payout date for a nonqualified Contract, an IRA, or a Roth IRA, is established by the terms of the contract, and generally can be any time from age 50 to age 85, and may not be later than age 85 without VALIC’s consent.
- The earliest payout date for all other qualified Contracts is generally subject to the terms of the employer-sponsored plan (including 403(b) plans and programs) under which the Contract is issued and the federal tax rules governing such Contracts and plans.
- Distributions from qualified Contracts issued under employer-sponsored retirement plans generally are not permitted until after you stop working for the employer sponsoring the plan, unless you have experienced a qualifying financial hardship (or in the case of a 457(b) plan, an unforeseeable emergency) or unless you have become disabled.
- In certain cases, and frequently in the case of your voluntary deferrals to a 403(b) or a 401(k) plan, you may begin taking distributions when you attain age 59½ even if you are still working for the employer sponsoring the plan.
- Except in the case of nonqualified Contracts, IRAs, and Roth IRAs, distributions generally must begin no later than April 1 following the calendar year you reach age 72 or the calendar year in which you retire, if later. Similar rules apply to IRAs, however distributions from those Contracts may not be postponed until after retirement.

- All Contracts require distributions to commence within a prescribed period after the death of the Contract Owner/Participant, subject to the specific rules which apply to the type of plan or arrangement under which the contract is issued.
- The Contract may also impose minimum amounts for annuity payments, either on an annual or on a more frequent periodic basis.

For additional information on plan-level distribution restrictions and on the minimum distribution rules that apply to payments under 403(b), 401, 403(a) and 457 plans, simplified employee plans (“SEPs”) or IRAs, see “Federal Tax Matters” in this prospectus and in the SAI.

Payout Options

You may specify the manner in which your Payout Payments are made. You may select one of the following options:

1. **Life Only** — payments are made only to you during your lifetime. Under this option there is no provision for a death benefit for the Beneficiary. For example, it would be possible under this option for the Annuitant to receive only one Payout Payment if the Annuitant died prior to the date of the second payment, or two if the Annuitant died before the third payment.
2. **Life with Guaranteed Period** — payments are made to you during your lifetime, but if you die before the guaranteed period has expired, your Beneficiary can receive payments for the rest of your guaranteed period, or take a lump-sum distribution.
3. **Life with Cash or Unit Refund** — payments are made to you during your lifetime. These payments are based upon your life expectancy and will continue for as long as you live. If you do not outlive the life expectancy calculated for you, upon your death, your Beneficiary may receive an additional payment. The additional payment under a fixed annuity, if any, is equal to the fixed annuity value of the Contract Owner’s Account at the time it was valued for the payout date, less the Payout Payments. The additional payment under a variable annuity, if any, is equal to the variable annuity value of the Contract Owner’s Account as of the date we receive Proof of Death, less the Payout Payments.
4. **Joint and Survivor Life** — payments are made to you during the joint lifetime of you and a second person. Upon the death of one, payments continue during the lifetime of the survivor. This option is designed primarily for couples who require maximum possible variable payouts during their joint lives and are not concerned with providing for beneficiaries at the death of the last survivor. For example, it would be possible under this option for the joint Annuitants to receive only one payment if both Annuitants died prior to the date of the second payment, or for the joint Annuitants to receive only one payment and the surviving Annuitant to receive only one payment if one Annuitant died prior to the date of the second payment and the surviving Annuitant dies prior to the date of the third payment. For example, if the Annuitant dies before receiving a Payout Payment the first Payout Payment will be made to the second designated person. If both the Annuitant and the second designated person die before the first Payout Payment is made, no Payout Payments will be made.
5. **Payment for a Designated Period** — payments are made to you for a select number of years between five and 30. Upon your death, payments will continue to your Beneficiary until the designated period is completed.

Payout Information

Once your Payout Payments have begun, the option you have chosen may not be stopped or changed. Any one of the Variable Account Options may result in your receiving unequal payments during the Payout Period. If payments begin before age 59½, you may suffer unfavorable tax consequences, in the form of a penalty tax, if you do not meet an exception under federal tax law. *See “Federal Tax Matters.”*

Under certain retirement plans, federal pension law may require that payments be made under the joint and survivor life payout option.

Most Payout Payments are made monthly. The first Payout Payment must total at least \$25, and the annual payment must be at least \$100. If the amount of a payment is less than \$25, we reserve the right to reduce the frequency of payments so that each payment is at least \$25, subject to any limitations under the Contract or plan.

For more information about payout options or enhancements of those payout options available under the Contract, see the SAI.

Surrender of Account Value

When Surrenders Are Allowed

You may withdraw all or part of your Account Value at any time before the Payout Period begins if:

- allowed under federal and state law; and
- allowed under your employer’s plan.

For Purchase Payments that are contributions made under your employer's plan, such as a 401(a) or (k) qualified cash or deferred arrangement or a 403(b) plan, surrenders are subject to the terms of the plan, in accordance with the Code. Qualified plans often require certain conditions to be met before a distribution or withdrawal may take place. See "Surrender Restrictions" below.

For an explanation of charges that may apply if you surrender your Account Value, see "Fees and Charges" in this prospectus. Additionally, you may incur a 10% federal tax penalty for partial or total surrenders made before age 59 1/2.

Delay of payment. We may be required under applicable law to block a request for a surrender until we receive instructions from the appropriate regulator, due to the USA Patriot Act. In addition, we may defer making payments from of the Fixed Account Options for up to six months, or less, if required by law. If payment is deferred, interest will accrue until the payment is made.

VALIC may be required to suspend or postpone the payment of a withdrawal for more than 7 days when: (1) the NYSE is closed (other than a customary weekend and holiday closings); (2) trading with the NYSE is restricted; (3) an emergency exists such that disposal of or determination of the value of shares of the Variable Account Options is not reasonably practicable; or (4) the SEC, by order, so permits for the protection of Contract Owners.

Surrender Process

If you are allowed to surrender all or a portion of your Account Value during the Purchase Period as noted above, then you must complete a surrender request form or information required in other approved media, and submit it to our Home Office or Annuity Service Center. We will mail the surrender value to you within seven calendar days after we receive your request if it is in good order. Good order means that all paperwork is complete and signed or approved by all required persons, and any necessary supporting legal documents or plan forms have been received in correct form.

We may be required to suspend or postpone payments if redemption of an underlying Fund's shares have been suspended or postponed. See the applicable Fund prospectus for a discussion of the reasons why the redemption of shares may be suspended or postponed.

We may receive a surrender for a Purchase Payment that has not cleared the banking system. We may delay payment of that portion of your surrender value until the check clears.

Amount That May Be Surrendered

The amount that may be surrendered during the Purchase Period can be determined as follows:

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Allowed} \\ \text{Surrender} \\ \text{Value} \end{array} = \text{(equals)} \begin{array}{r} \text{Your Account Value}^{(1)} \\ - \text{(minus)} \\ \text{Any Applicable} \\ \text{Surrender Charge} \end{array}$$

(1) Equals the Account Value next computed after your properly completed request for surrender is received in our Home Office.

There is no guarantee that the surrender value in a Variable Account Option will ever equal or exceed the total amount of your Purchase Payments received by us. The surrender value in a Fixed Account Option will never be less than the Purchase Payments allocated to the Fixed Account Option (less amounts transferred to a Variable Account Option or withdrawn from the Fixed Account Option).

Surrender Restrictions

Generally, Code section 403(b)(11) permits total or partial distributions from your voluntary contributions to a 403(b) contract only on account of hardship (employee contributions only without accrued interest), attainment of age 59 1/2, separation from service, death or disability. Similar restrictions apply to any amount transferred to a 403(b) contract from a 403(b)(7) custodial account. In addition, beginning for contracts issued on or after January 1, 2009, employer contributions and non-elective contributions to a 403(b) annuity contract are subject to restrictions specified in Treasury regulations as specifically imposed under the employer's plan.

Under the **Texas State Optional Retirement Program**, no surrender or partial surrender will be allowed except upon attainment of age 70 1/2, retirement or other termination of employment or death.

Under the **Florida State Optional Retirement Program**, no surrender or partial surrender of Purchase Payments made by the employer will be allowed except upon termination of employment, retirement or death. Benefit payments based on payments from the employer may not be paid in a lump sum or for a period certain, but must be paid under a life contingency option, except for:

- death benefits; and
- certain small amounts approved by the State of Florida.

Under the **Louisiana Optional Retirement Plan**, retirement benefits must be paid in the form of a lifetime income option.

Single sum surrenders and partial surrenders out of the plan are not permitted, unless they are rollovers to another qualified plan or IRA, except for death benefits.

Other employer-sponsored plans may also impose restrictions on the timing and form of surrenders from the Contract.

Partial Surrenders

You may request a partial surrender of your Account Value at any time during the Purchase Period, subject to any applicable surrender restrictions. A partial surrender plus any surrender charge will reduce your Account Value. You may specify an amount to be taken from each Fund or the amount will be distributed pro-rata against all Funds. If you do not specify, the distribution will be taken pro-rata against the Variable Account and Fixed Account Options.

The reduction in the number of Purchase Units credited to your Variable Account Option Account Value will equal:

$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} \text{The amount} \\ \text{surrendered from the} \\ \text{Variable Account Option} \\ \text{+ (plus)} \\ \text{Any surrender charge} \end{array}}{\text{(divided by)}} \text{ Your Purchase Units} \\ \text{next computed after the} \\ \text{written request for} \\ \text{surrender is received at} \\ \text{our Home Office}$$

The surrender value will be reduced by the full quarterly account maintenance charge in the case of a full surrender during a quarter. If your Account Value falls below a certain dollar amount and you do not make a Purchase Payment over a certain period of time, as specified in your Contract, we may close your account and pay the Account Value to you.

Systematic Withdrawals

You may elect to withdraw all or part of your Account Value under a systematic withdrawal method as described in your Contract ("No Charge" systematic withdrawals). There will be no surrender charge for withdrawals using this method, which provides for:

- Payments to be made to you; and
- Payment over a stated period of time, but not less than five years; and
- Payment of a stated yearly dollar amount or percentage (the amount or percentage may not exceed 20% of your Account Value at the time election is made).

We may require a minimum withdrawal amount under this method. The portion of your account that has not been withdrawn will continue to receive the investment return of the Variable Account Options that you selected. You may select the specific investment option(s) from which to take distributions for most payment options, or you may elect to have your payment distributed proportionally across all the funds in which you are invested, including the Multi-Year Option. A market value adjustment may apply to systematic withdrawals unless you choose the Fixed Interest Only payment option. Once begun, a "No Charge" systematic withdrawal election may not be changed, but can be revoked at no charge. If revoked, a "No Charge" systematic withdrawal may not be elected again. Systematic withdrawals that are not "No Charge" systematic withdrawals can be changed, revoked, and/or reinstated. No more than one systematic withdrawal election may be in effect at any one time. We reserve the right to discontinue any or all systematic withdrawals or to change the terms, at any time.

Distributions Required by Federal Tax Law

There will be no surrender charge on RMD's if the withdrawal:

- Is made payable to you; and
- Does not exceed the amount required under federal tax law as determined by the values in your Portfolio Director Contract and VALIC.

You may select the specific investment option(s) from which to take distributions for most payment options, or you may elect to have your payment distributed proportionally across all the investment options in which you are invested, including the Multi-Year Option. This Contract feature will not be available in any year that an amount has been withdrawn under the "No Charge" systematic withdrawal method. *See "Federal Tax Matters" for more information about required distribution rules.*

Exchange Privilege

From time to time, we may offer to exchange certain fixed or variable contracts into Portfolio Director. Such an exchange offer will be made in accordance with applicable federal

securities laws and state insurance rules and regulations. We will provide the specific terms and conditions of any such exchange offer at the time the offer is made.

Death Benefits

The Contracts will pay death benefits during either the Purchase Period or the Payout Period.

The Process

VALIC requires that complete and acceptable documentation and paperwork be received from the Beneficiary in order to begin the death benefit payment process. First, Proof of Death is required. Proof of Death is defined as a certified copy of the death certificate, a certified copy of a decree of a court of competent jurisdiction as to death or a written statement by an attending physician. Additionally, the Beneficiary must include an election specifying the distribution method and any other form required by VALIC or a regulator to process the claim. The account will not be valued and any payments will not be made until all paperwork is complete and in a form acceptable to VALIC. Your Beneficiary may contact us at 1-800-448-2542 with any questions about required documentation and paperwork. Death benefits are paid only once per Contract.

If your Account Value is reduced to zero, you may no longer make subsequent Purchase Payments or transfers, and no death benefit will be payable.

Beneficiary Information

The Beneficiary may receive death benefits:

- In a lump sum;
- In the form of an annuity under any of the Payout Options;
- In partial payments over the Beneficiary's life expectancy (where permitted); or
- In a manner mutually agreeable between the Beneficiary and VALIC that is in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Payment of any death benefits must be within the time limits set by federal tax law, if any. In the case of an IRA, a spousal Beneficiary may continue the Contract or may roll the funds over to an IRA. If the Beneficiary elects a life annuity for a designated or fixed period, the guarantee period cannot exceed the Beneficiary's life expectancy. After choosing a payment option, a Beneficiary may exercise many of the investment options and other rights that the Participant or Contract Owner had under the Contract.

Special Information for Nonqualified Contracts

It is possible that the Contract Owner and the Annuitant under a nonqualified Contract may not be the same person. If this is the case, and the Contract Owner dies, there will be no death benefit payable since the death benefit is only due in the event of the Annuitant's death. However, the Contract will be assigned to the contingent owner, if any, or to the Contract Owner's estate. Such transfers may be considered a taxable event by the

IRS. In general, payments received by your Beneficiaries after your death are taxed in the same manner as if you had received the payments. See *"Federal Tax Matters."*

During the Purchase Period

Two types of benefits are available if death occurs during the Purchase Period: interest guaranteed death benefit and standard death benefit. The Beneficiary will receive the greater of these two benefits. The interest guaranteed death benefit ensures that the Beneficiary receives at least a minimum death benefit under the Contract, even if invested in Variable Account Options, while the standard death benefit guarantees the return of Purchase Payments less any prior withdrawals.

As indicated above, a Contract Owner may elect to annuitize only a certain portion and leave the remaining value in the account. The death benefit in such situations would include the value of the amount remaining in the account minus the amount applied to Payout Payments. Depending on the payout option selected, there may also be a death benefit from the annuitized portion of the account.

Death Benefit Before Age of 70

The interest guaranteed death benefit is payable when death occurs prior to your reaching the age of 70, provided that the benefit is available in your state.

The interest guaranteed death benefit is generally calculated as is shown below. The calculation becomes more complex based upon the transfers between available investment options or product exchanges. Thus, the death benefit may only be calculated for a Beneficiary once VALIC receives all paperwork, including satisfactory proof of death, complete and in a form acceptable to VALIC.

Step 1: Determine your Fixed Account Option Value by taking the greater of:

Value of Fixed Account Option on date all paperwork is complete and in a form acceptable to VALIC

or

100% of Purchase Payments invested in Fixed Account Option

– (minus)

Amount of all prior withdrawals from the Fixed Account Option, charges and any portion of Account Value applied under a Payout Option

Step 2: Determine your Variable Account Option Value by taking the greater of:

Value of Variable Account Options on date all paperwork is complete and in a form acceptable to VALIC

or

100% of Purchase Payments invested in Variable Account Options

– **(minus)**

Amount of prior withdrawals (out of) or transfers (out of) the Variable Account Options

+ **(plus)**

Interest at an annual rate as specified in your Contract

Step 3: Add step 1 + 2 = *Death Benefit*

For purposes of this calculation amounts transferred into the Variable Account Option will be treated as Purchase Payments.

This value may be adjusted if the total amount of any death benefit exceeds the Account Value.

Death Benefit On or After Age 70

The standard death benefit is payable if death occurs on or after age 70, or at any age in a state where the interest guaranteed death benefit is not available.

The standard death benefit will be the greater of:

Your Account Value on the date all paperwork is complete and in a form acceptable to VALIC

or

100% of Purchase Payments (to Fixed and/or Variable Account Options)

– **(minus)**

Amount of all Prior Withdrawals, Charges and any portion of Account Value applied under a Payout Option

Adjusted Purchase Payment Amount

The information below is applicable to you only if you received a Death Benefit Endorsement or Amendatory Endorsement with your Contract or certificate.

If the total amount of any death benefit payable from the Fixed and Variable Account Options under the Contract exceeds the Account Value as of the date all paperwork is complete and in a form acceptable to VALIC, then the total death benefit paid may be adjusted to limit the death benefit due to withdrawals. An Adjusted Purchase Payment Amount will be calculated, on the date all paperwork is complete and in a form acceptable to VALIC, determined as follows:

- A. 100% of Purchase Payments
- **(minus)**
- B. Gross Withdrawals (see below) and any portion of Account Value applied under a Payout Option
- + **(plus)**
- C. Interest on the result of A minus B at an annual rate as specified in your Contract (see below).

Each “Gross Withdrawal” is calculated by multiplying the Adjusted Purchase Payment Amount by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the amount of the withdrawal plus any associated fees and charges. The denominator of the fraction is the Account Value immediately prior to the withdrawal. Thus, each Gross Withdrawal will proportionately reduce the Adjusted Purchase Payment Amount. The interest adjustment in C. above is added only if you are under age 70 at the time of death.

The Contract death benefit and the Adjusted Purchase Payment Amount are compared. The lesser amount is then compared to the Account Value, and the beneficiary will receive the greater of those two amounts.

During the Payout Period

If the Annuitant dies during the Payout Period, the Beneficiary may receive a death benefit depending on the payout option selected. The amount of death benefit will also depend on the payout option that you selected. The payout options available are described in the “Payout Period” section of this prospectus.

- If the life only option or joint and survivor life option was chosen, there will be no death benefit.
- If the life with guaranteed period option, life with cash or unit refund option or payment for a designated period option was chosen, and the entire amount guaranteed has not been paid, the Beneficiary may choose one of the following within 60 days after death benefits are payable:
 1. Receive the present value of any remaining payments in a lump sum; or
 2. Receive the remaining payments under the same terms of the guaranteed period option chosen by the deceased Annuitant; or
 3. Receive the present value of any remaining payments applied under the payment for a designated period option for a period equal to or shorter than the period remaining. Spousal Beneficiaries may be entitled to more favorable treatment under the Contract and/or under federal tax law, including additional permitted delays before beginning distributions, as well as being able to continue the Contract as their own and not as a beneficiary account.

Other Contract Features

Changes That May Not Be Made

The following terms in the Contracts may not be changed once your account has been established:

- The Contract Owner (except for an individual nonqualified Contract);
- The Participant; and
- The Annuitant.

Change of Beneficiary

The Beneficiary (if not irrevocable) may usually be changed at any time.

Under some retirement programs, the right to name a Beneficiary other than the spouse or change a Beneficiary is subject to approval by the spouse. Also, the right to name a Beneficiary other than the spouse may be subject to certain laws and regulations applicable to the plan.

If the Annuitant dies, and there is no Beneficiary, any death benefit will be payable to the Annuitant's estate, except in the case of a nonqualified Contract where the Contract Owner and Annuitant are different, in which case the death benefit is paid to the Contract Owner or the Contract Owner's estate.

If a Beneficiary dies while receiving payments, and there is no co-Beneficiary to continue to receive payments, any amount still due will be paid to the Beneficiary's estate.

Contingent Owner

The Contract Owner may name a contingent owner under an individual nonqualified Contract. During the Purchase Period, the contingent owner may be changed.

Cancellation — The "Free Look" Period

The Contract Owner of a group Contract (employer) or individual Contract Owner may cancel a Contract by returning it to the Company within 20 days after it is received. (A longer period will be allowed if required under state law.) See "Appendix C — State Contract Variability." The free look does not apply to Participant certificates except in a limited number of states. We will allocate Purchase Payments as instructed during the "free look" period. To cancel the Contract, the Contract Owner must send a written request for cancellation and return the Contract to us at our Home Office before the end of the "Free Look" period. A refund will be made to the Contract Owner within seven days after receipt of the Contract within the required period. Generally, the amount of the refund will be equal to all Purchase Payments received or, if more, the amount required under state law.

Additionally, all Contracts issued as an IRA require the full return of Purchase Payments upon a free look. If your Contract was issued either in a state requiring return of Purchase Payments or as an IRA, and you cancel your Contract during the free look period, we return the greater of (1) your Purchase Payments; or (2) the Account Value on the day we receive your request in good order at the Annuity Service Center. The Contract will be void once we issue a refund.

We Reserve Certain Rights

We may amend the Contracts to comply with changes in federal tax, securities, or other laws. We may also make changes to the Variable Account Options offered under the Contracts. For example, we may add new Variable Account Options to expand the offerings for an asset class. We may stop accepting allocations and/or investments in a particular Variable Account Option if the shares of the underlying Fund are no longer available for investment or if, for example, further investment would be inappropriate. We may move assets and re-direct future premium allocations from one Variable Account Option to another in accordance with federal and state law and, in some cases, with SEC approval. The new Variable Account Option offered may have different fees, expenses, objectives, strategies and risks.

We may restrict your ability to combine Contracts and may modify or suspend or impose additional or different conditions with respect to options available under the Contracts, as may be allowed by federal or state law. We will not make any changes to the Contracts without Contract Owner and Participant permission except as may be allowed by federal or state law. We may add endorsements to the Contracts that would apply only to new Contract Owners and Participants after the effective date of the changes. These changes would be subject to approval by the Company and may be subject to approval by the SEC.

We reserve the right to operate VALIC Separate Account A as a management investment company under the applicable securities laws, and to deregister VALIC Separate Account A under applicable securities laws, if registration is no longer required.

Relationship to Employer's Plan

If the Contract is being offered under a retirement plan through your employer, you should always refer to the terms and conditions in your employer's plan when reviewing the description of the Contracts in this prospectus.

Voting Rights

As discussed in the “About VALIC Separate Account A” section of this prospectus, VALIC Separate Account A holds, on your behalf, shares of the Mutual Funds that comprise the Variable Account Options. From time to time, the Funds may be required to hold a shareholder meeting to obtain approval from their shareholders for certain matters.

Who May Give Voting Instructions

During the Purchase Period, subject to any contrary provisions in the plan, the Contract Owner, Participant, or Beneficiary will have the right to give voting instructions to VALIC Separate Account A for the shareholder meetings, except as noted below. Proxy material and a form on which voting instructions may be given before the shareholder meeting is held will be mailed in advance of any shareholder meeting. Please vote each card received.

Participants in a nonqualified unfunded deferred compensation plan will not have the right to give voting instructions.

Determination of Fund Shares Attributable to Your Account

During the Purchase Period

The number of Fund shares attributable to your account will be determined on the basis of the Purchase Units credited to your account on the record date set for the Fund shareholder meeting.

Federal Tax Matters

The Contracts provide tax-deferred accumulation over time, but may be subject to certain federal income and excise taxes, mentioned below. Refer to the SAI for further details. Section references are to the Code. We do not attempt to describe any potential estate or gift tax, or any applicable state, local or foreign tax law other than possible premium taxes mentioned under “Premium Tax Charge.” Discussions regarding the tax treatment of any annuity contract or retirement plans and programs are intended for general purposes only and are not intended as tax advice, either general or individualized, nor should they be interpreted to provide any predictions or guarantees of a particular tax treatment. Such discussions generally are based upon the Company’s understanding of current tax rules and interpretations, and may include areas of those rules that are more or less clear or certain. Tax laws are subject to legislative modification, and while many such modifications will have only a prospective application, it is important to recognize that a change could have retroactive effect as well. You should seek competent tax or legal advice, as you deem necessary or appropriate, regarding your own circumstances.

During the Payout Period or after a Death Benefit Has Been Paid

The number of Fund shares attributable to your account will be based on the liability for future variable annuity payments to your payees on the record date set for the Fund shareholder meeting.

How Fund Shares Are Voted

VALIC Separate Account A will vote all of the shares of the Funds it holds based on, and in the same proportion as, the instructions given by all Participants invested in that Fund entitled to give instructions at that shareholder meeting. VALIC Separate Account A will vote the shares of the Funds it holds for which it receives no voting instruction in the same proportion as the shares for which voting instructions have been received. One effect of proportional voting is that a small number of Contract Owners may determine the outcome of a vote. In the future, we may decide how to vote the shares of VALIC Separate Account A in a different manner if permitted at that time under federal securities law.

In the event that shares of a Fund are owned by VALIC or an affiliated insurance company for their own benefit, such shares will be voted proportionally based on instructions received from Contract Owners.

Types of Plans

Tax rules vary, depending on whether the Contract is offered under your employer’s tax-qualified retirement program, an individual retirement plan, or is instead a nonqualified Contract. The Contracts are used under the following types of retirement arrangements:

- Section 403(b) annuities for employees of public schools and section 501(c)(3) tax-exempt organizations;
- Section 401(a), 403(a) and 401(k) qualified plans (including plans for self-employed individuals);
- Section 408(b) traditional IRAs;
- Section 408A Roth IRAs;
- Section 457 deferred compensation plans of governmental and tax-exempt employers;
- Section 408(k) SEPs and SARSEPs; and
- Section 408(p) SIMPLE retirement accounts.

Contributions under any of these retirement arrangements generally must be made to a qualifying annuity Contract or to a qualifying trust or custodial account, in order for the contributions to receive favorable tax treatment as pre-tax (or Roth) contributions. Contracts purchased under these retirement arrangements are “Qualified Contracts.”

Note that the specific terms of the governing employer plan may limit rights and options otherwise available under a Contract. In addition, changes in the applicable laws or regulations may impose additional limitations or may require changes to the contract to maintain its status as a Qualified Contract.

In addition, the Contracts may be used as “Nonqualified Contracts.” Such nonqualified Contracts may be used to “informally” fund nonqualified deferred compensation plans, or they may serve as individual annuity contracts issued outside of the context of any formal employer-sponsored retirement plan or arrangement. Nonqualified Contracts generally may invest only in Fixed Account Options and in mutual funds that are not available to the general public outside of annuity contracts or life insurance contracts (note, life insurance is an example only and is not otherwise addressed herein). The restriction on including publicly available funds in nonqualified annuity contracts results from a longstanding IRS position articulated in a 1981 Revenue Ruling and added to the Code in 1984. The restriction generally does not apply to Qualified Contracts, as confirmed by the IRS in 1999 guidance.

Tax Consequences in General

Purchase Payments, distributions, withdrawals, transfers and surrender of a Contract can each have a tax effect, which varies with the governing retirement arrangement. Please refer to the detailed explanation in the SAI, the documents (if any) controlling the retirement arrangement through which the Contract is offered, and your personal tax advisor.

Purchase Payments under the Contracts can be made as contributions by employers or as pre-tax or after-tax contributions by employees, depending on the type of retirement program. Purchase Payments also can be made outside of an employer-sponsored retirement program (e.g., a non-qualified deferred annuity contract or IRA). After-tax Purchase Payments, including after-tax employee contributions, generally constitute “investment in the Contract.” All Qualified Contracts receive deferral of tax on the inside build-up of earnings on invested Purchase Payments, until a distribution occurs. *See the SAI for a discussion of the taxation of distributions, including upon death, and special rules, including those applicable to non-natural owners of nonqualified Contracts.*

Transfers among investment options within a variable annuity Contract generally are not taxed at the time of such a transfer. However, in 1986, the IRS indicated that limitations might be imposed with respect to either the number of investment options available within a Contract, or the frequency of transfers between investment options, or both, in order for the Contract to be treated as an annuity Contract for federal income tax purposes. If imposed, VALIC can provide no assurance that such limitations would not be imposed on a retroactive basis to Contracts issued under this prospectus. However, VALIC has no present indications that the IRS intends to impose such limitations, or what the terms or scope of those limitations might be. In addition, based upon published guidance issued by the IRS in 1999, it appears likely that such limitations, if imposed, would only apply to nonqualified Contracts.

Distributions are taxed differently depending on the program through which the Contracts are offered and the previous tax characterization of the contributions to which the distribution relates. Generally, the portion of a distribution that is not considered a return of investment in the Contract is subject to income tax. For annuity payments, investment in the Contract is recovered ratably over the expected payout period. Special recovery rules might apply in certain situations. Non-periodic payments such as partial withdrawals and full surrenders during the Purchase Period are referred to as “amounts not received as an annuity” in the Code. These types of payments are generally taxed to the extent of any gain existing in the Contract at the time of withdrawal.

Amounts subject to income tax may also incur excise or penalty taxes, under certain circumstances. Generally, as more fully discussed in the SAI, taxable distributions received before you attain age 59½ are subject to a 10% penalty tax in addition to regular income tax, unless you make a rollover, in the case of a Qualified Contract, to another tax-deferred investment vehicle or meet certain exceptions. Note that a distribution from a 457(b) plan is not subject to the 10% tax penalty. And, if you have to report the distribution as ordinary income, you may need to make an estimated tax payment by the due date for the quarter in which you received the distribution, depending on the amount of federal tax withheld from the distribution. When calculating your tax liability to determine whether you need to make an estimated tax payment, your total tax for the year should also include the amount of the 10% additional tax on early distributions unless an exception applies. Amounts eligible for grandfathered status afforded to pre-1982 accounts might be exempt from the 10% early withdrawal penalty. Please consult with your tax advisor concerning these exceptions, tax reporting, and the tax-related effects of an early distribution. Required tax withholding will vary according to the type of program, type of payment and your tax status. In addition, amounts received under all Contracts may be subject to state income tax withholding requirements.

The Pension Protection Act of 2006 created other distribution events and exemptions from the 10% early withdrawal penalty tax. These include payments to certain reservists called up for active duty after September 11, 2001 and payments up to \$3,000 per year made directly to an insurer for health, life and accident insurance by certain retired public safety officers. The Disaster Tax Relief and Airport and Airway Extension Act of 2017 and the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 provided relief from the 10% early withdrawal penalty tax for qualified 2016 disaster distributions from retirement funds.

On March 30, 2010, the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act (“Reconciliation Act”) was signed into law. Among other provisions, the Reconciliation Act imposes a new tax on net investment income, which went into effect in 2013, at the rate of 3.8% of investment income in excess of applicable thresholds for Modified Adjusted Gross Income (\$250,000 for joint filers; \$125,000 for married individuals filing separately; and, \$200,000 for individual filers). An individual with MAGI in excess of the threshold will be required to pay this new tax on net investment income in excess of the applicable MAGI threshold. For this purpose, net investment income generally will include taxable withdrawals from a Non-Qualified contract, as well as other taxable amounts including amounts taxed annually to an owner that is not a natural person (see final paragraph in this section). This new tax generally does not apply to Qualified Contracts; however, taxable distributions from such contracts may be taken into account in determining the applicability of the MAGI thresholds.

On December 20, 2019 the Setting Every Community Up for Retirement Enhancement (SECURE) Act was signed into law as part of larger appropriations legislation. The SECURE Act includes many provisions affecting Qualified Contracts, some of which became effective upon enactment or on January 1, 2020, and certain provisions were retroactively effective. Some of the provisions effective January 1 include: an increase in the age at which required minimum distributions (RMDs) generally must commence, to age 72, from the previous age of 70 ½; new limitations on the period for beneficiary distributions following the death of the plan participant or IRA owner; elimination of the age 70 ½ restriction on IRA contributions (combined with an offset to the amount of eligible qualified charitable distributions (QCDs) by the amount of post-70 ½ IRA contributions); a new exception to the 10% additional tax on early distributions, for the birth or adoption of a child, which also became an allowable plan distribution event; and, reduction of the earliest permissible age for in-service distributions from pension plans and certain Section 457 plans to 59 ½. The foregoing is not an exhaustive list. The SECURE Act included many additional provisions affecting Qualified Contracts.

In 2019 the IRS issued multiple letter rulings to individual insurance companies recognizing the ability, in specific circumstances, to treat the payment of investment advisory fees to an investment advisor out of nonqualified contracts as non-taxable

withdrawals from the contracts. IRS letter rulings generally may only be relied upon by the party to whom they are issued.

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, which was signed into law on March 27, 2020, provides greater access to assets held in tax-qualified retirement plans and IRAs. The relief provided in the Act:

- Expands distribution and loan (including loan repayment) rules for certain retirement accounts in employer plans and IRAs, for qualifying distributions;
- Waives the 10% additional tax on the qualifying distributions, if they are considered early distributions (generally, distributions prior to age 59 1/2); and
- Provides a temporary waiver of required minimum distributions from qualifying retirement plans and IRAs which were due to be paid in 2020.

Some provisions in the Act are subject to the terms of an employer’s retirement plan.

It is the understanding of VALIC, confirmed by IRS Revenue Procedure 99-44, that a Qualified Contract described in section 401(a), 403(a), 403(b), 408(b) or 408A of the Code does not lose its deferred tax treatment if Purchase Payments under the Contract are invested in publicly available Mutual Funds.

It is also the understanding of VALIC that for each other type of Qualified Contract an independent exemption provides tax deferral regardless of how ownership of the Mutual Fund shares might be imputed for federal income tax purposes.

Investment earnings on contributions to nonqualified Contracts that are owned by non-natural persons (except for trusts or other entities as agent for a natural person) will be taxed currently to the Contract Owner and such Contracts will not be treated as annuities for federal income tax purposes.

Important Information Regarding 403(b) Regulations

On July 26, 2007, the Department of the Treasury published final 403(b) regulations that became largely effective on January 1, 2009. These comprehensive regulations include several rules and requirements, such as a requirement that employers maintain their 403(b) plans pursuant to a written plan. The final regulations, subsequent IRS guidance, and the terms of the written plan may impose restrictions on both new and existing contracts, including restrictions on the availability of loans, distributions, transfers and exchanges, regardless of when a contract was purchased.

In general, certain contracts originally established by a 90-24 transfer prior to September 25, 2007 are exempt (or grandfathered) from some of the requirements of the final

regulations; provided that no salary reduction or other contributions have ever been made to the contract, and that no additional transfers are made to the contract on or after September 24, 2007. Further, contracts that are not grandfathered were generally required to be part of, and subject to the requirements of an employer's 403(b) plan upon its establishment, but no later than by January 1, 2009.

The rules in the final regulations generally do not affect a participant's ability to transfer some or all of a 403(b) account to a state-defined benefit plan to purchase service credits, where such a transfer is otherwise consistent with applicable rules and requirements and with the terms of the employer's plan.

As a general matter, many Contracts that have received plan contributions after 2004, and all Contracts that have received plan contributions after 2008, are required to be included in the plan and in the plan's administrative coordination, even if the

investment provider and the Contract are no longer permitted to receive new contributions and/or transfers. However, IRS guidance generally permits a plan sponsor to exclude a Contract where the plan sponsor has otherwise made a good faith effort to include the Contract issued by a provider that ceased to receive contributions prior to January 1, 2009, as well as such Contracts maintained by certain former employees. You should be aware, however, that some rules governing contracts inside and outside of the plan after 2008 are subject to different interpretations, as well as possible additional IRS guidance. In addition, a Contract maintained under a plan subject to the requirements of ERISA may be required to be included in the plan regardless of whether it remains eligible to receive contributions after a specified date. The foregoing discussion is intended as a general discussion of the requirements only, and you may wish to discuss the requirements of the regulations and/or the general information above with your tax advisor.

Legal Proceedings

There are no pending legal proceedings affecting the Separate Account. Various federal, state or other regulatory agencies may from time to time review, examine or inquire into the operations, practices and procedures of the Company, such as through financial examinations, subpoenas, investigations, market conduct exams or other regulatory inquiries. Based on the current status of pending regulatory examinations, investigations and inquiries involving the Company, the Company believes that none of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the ability of the principal underwriter

to perform its contract with the Registrant or of the depositor to meet its obligations under the variable annuity contracts.

Various lawsuits against the Company have arisen in the ordinary course of business. As of April 27, 2021, the Company believes that none of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the ability of the principal underwriter to perform its contract with the Registrant or of the depositor to meet its obligations under the variable annuity contracts.

Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Company and the Separate Account and American Home (if applicable to you) are available on the SEC's web site (<http://www.sec.gov>). You may request a free copy of the SAI, which includes the financial statements, by contacting our Annuity Service Center at 1-800-448-2542 or by

mail at Annuity Service Center, P.O. Box 15570, Amarillo, Texas 79105-5570. We encourage both existing and prospective contract owners to read and understand the financial statements.

TABLE OF CONTENTS OF STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

	<u>Page</u>		<u>Page</u>
General Information	3	Calculation of MVA Option	20
Federal Tax Matters	3	Payout Payments	20
Exchange Privilege	12	Distribution of Variable Annuity Contracts	22
Calculation of Surrender Charge	17	Experts	22
Purchase Unit Value	19	Comments on Financial Statements	23

Appendix A — Selected Purchase Unit Data

Purchase units shown are for a Purchase Unit outstanding throughout the year for each Variable Account Option.*

Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31	Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31
VALIC Company I									
Asset Allocation Fund (Division 5)	2020	9.055	10.017	7,862,571	Dynamic Allocation Fund (Division 103)	2020	1.535	1.688	100,401,757
	2019	7.931	9.055	8,853,884		2019	1.288	1.535	112,436,456
	2018	8.805	7.931	9,432,770		2018	1.398	1.288	144,273,292
	2017	7.853	8.805	9,912,600		2017	1.175	1.398	164,520,988
	2016	7.391	7.853	10,485,387		2016	1.132	1.175	183,719,330
	2015	7.500	7.391	11,229,279		2015	1.198	1.132	200,438,926
	2014	7.190	7.500	11,464,518		2014	1.161	1.198	207,495,613
	2013	6.262	7.190	11,432,199		2013	0.998	1.161	157,565,861
	2012	5.582	6.262	11,341,787		2012	—	0.998	1,278
	2011	5.586	5.582	10,743,259	Emerging Economies Fund (Division 87)	2020	1.123	1.283	496,529,623
Blue Chip Growth Fund (Division 72)	2020	3.274	4.355	172,526,532		2019	0.943	1.123	508,613,732
	2019	2.547	3.274	199,083,807		2018	1.180	0.943	518,337,334
	2018	2.523	2.547	209,102,766		2017	0.844	1.180	566,414,809
	2017	1.871	2.523	213,205,602		2016	0.765	0.844	588,962,730
	2016	1.873	1.871	234,887,542		2015	0.904	0.765	514,456,202
	2015	1.704	1.873	249,325,806		2014	0.967	0.904	524,801,471
	2014	1.577	1.704	255,293,080		2013	1.004	0.967	461,831,807
	2013	1.128	1.577	274,949,669		2012	0.853	1.004	448,359,082
	2012	0.965	1.128	290,732,124		2011	0.991	0.853	183,542,976
	2011	0.960	0.965	292,547,139	Global Real Estate Fund (Division 101)	2020	1.727	1.604	133,097,976
Capital Conservation Fund (Division 7)**	2020	4.033	4.320	36,819,644		2019	1.401	1.727	188,373,325
	2019	3.718	4.033	24,079,279		2018	1.505	1.401	176,427,547
	2018	3.797	3.718	27,123,774		2017	1.336	1.505	172,100,568
	2017	3.705	3.797	26,438,035		2016	1.319	1.336	210,495,647
	2016	3.659	3.705	25,066,756		2015	1.332	1.319	238,892,974
	2015	3.688	3.659	26,925,896		2014	1.201	1.332	267,978,180
	2014	3.515	3.688	28,654,292		2013	1.160	1.201	216,238,726
	2013	3.637	3.515	28,296,085		2012	0.894	1.160	241,543,325
	2012	3.463	3.637	35,290,472		2011	0.982	0.894	232,943,420
	2011	3.274	3.463	29,728,225	Global Strategy Fund (Division 88)	2020	2.091	2.145	108,244,481
Core Equity Fund (Division 15)***	2020	5.145	6.080	35,577,452		2019	1.922	2.091	120,048,469
	2019	4.043	5.145	39,666,693		2018	2.117	1.922	133,377,446
	2018	4.380	4.043	44,027,614		2017	1.883	2.117	145,920,891
	2017	3.655	4.380	48,506,718		2016	1.806	1.883	163,523,909
	2016	3.275	3.655	53,159,438		2015	1.915	1.806	183,895,415
	2015	3.370	3.275	59,276,410		2014	1.900	1.915	195,648,003
	2014	3.052	3.370	65,322,905		2013	1.615	1.900	207,385,139
	2013	2.286	3.052	71,971,776		2012	1.365	1.615	211,834,246
	2012	2.022	2.286	78,896,796		2011	1.410	1.365	257,082,832
	2011	2.052	2.022	86,784,230	Government Money Market I Fund (Division 6)	2020	1.994	1.978	135,356,133
Dividend Value Fund (Division 21)	2020	3.882	3.864	147,524,017		2019	1.981	1.994	110,997,629
	2019	3.175	3.882	181,269,527		2018	1.975	1.981	123,856,624
	2018	3.524	3.175	169,239,656		2017	1.987	1.975	114,481,329
	2017	3.014	3.524	182,217,087		2016	2.007	1.987	123,629,671
	2016	2.609	3.014	195,018,399		2015	2.027	2.007	119,987,728
	2015	2.652	2.609	175,738,943		2014	2.047	2.027	123,650,875
	2014	2.453	2.652	208,754,524		2013	2.067	2.047	130,251,067
	2013	1.905	2.453	186,304,389		2012	2.088	2.067	134,317,148
	2012	1.709	1.905	163,254,122		2011	2.109	2.088	141,509,055
	2011	1.596	1.709	101,063,866					

* The 2011 data for the Invesco Balanced-Risk Commodity Strategy Fund begins on November 1, 2011, the date this Division was added to Portfolio Director. On March 23, 2012, the Lou Holland Growth Fund was merged into American Beacon Holland Large Cap Growth Fund. The data for 2011 and prior periods for the American Beacon Holland Large Cap Growth Fund (later referred to as the American Beacon Bridgeway Large Cap Growth II Fund) reflects the data for the Lou Holland Growth Fund. The 2012 data for the Dynamic Allocation Fund begins on December 26, 2012, the date this Division was added to Portfolio Director. While the T. Rowe Price Retirement Funds were added as Divisions on December 17, 2014, investments in the Divisions did not occur until 2015. On December 15, 2017, the American Beacon Bridgeway Large Cap Growth II Fund (formerly, the American Beacon Holland Large Cap Growth Fund) (“replaced option”) merged with and into the American Beacon Bridgeway Large Cap Growth Fund (“surviving option”). The surviving option, American Beacon Bridgeway Large Cap Growth Fund, was added as a Variable Account Option in your prospectus on such date.

** This Variable Account Option no longer invests in the applicable Fund as of May 24, 2021, as a result of a reorganization of certain VALIC Company I and VALIC Company II Funds into certain VALIC Company I Funds.

*** This Variable Account Option no longer invests in the applicable Fund as of April 19, 2021, as a result of a reorganization of certain VALIC Company I and VALIC Company II Funds into certain VALIC Company I Funds.

Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31	Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31
Government Securities Fund (Division 8)	2020	3.770	3.980	18,732,500	International Growth Fund (Division 20)	2020	3.945	5.239	71,020,902
	2019	3.575	3.770	16,580,523		2019	3.004	3.945	78,869,364
	2018	3.593	3.575	16,988,120		2018	3.302	3.004	84,602,741
	2017	3.556	3.593	16,892,412		2017	2.613	3.302	87,409,448
	2016	3.549	3.556	19,501,841		2016	2.714	2.613	94,896,359
	2015	3.555	3.549	19,113,755		2015	2.755	2.714	105,372,533
	2014	3.403	3.555	20,195,666		2014	2.882	2.755	117,367,804
	2013	3.589	3.403	23,054,983		2013	2.411	2.882	129,867,358
	2012	3.496	3.589	22,678,354		2012	2.026	2.411	145,325,269
	2011	3.216	3.496	22,839,524		2011	2.269	2.026	150,087,437
	Growth Fund (Division 78)	2020	2.899	4.069		289,831,170	International Socially Responsible Fund (Division 12)	2020	8.031
2019		2.220	2.899	344,039,864	2019	6.439		8.031	30,433,876
2018		2.307	2.220	389,292,769	2018	7.104		6.439	32,097,800
2017		1.789	2.307	412,269,328	2017	5.847		7.104	36,088,652
2016		1.724	1.789	388,095,512	2016	5.522		5.847	38,124,466
2015		1.689	1.724	458,010,324	2015	5.596		5.522	38,399,751
2014		1.541	1.689	464,072,864	2014	5.235		5.596	42,855,429
2013		1.187	1.541	481,182,962	2013	4.103		5.235	46,143,368
2012		1.044	1.187	528,155,797	2012	3.533		4.103	42,760,926
2011		1.016	1.044	529,636,867	2011	3.804		3.533	44,012,539
Health Sciences Fund (Division 73)*		2020	6.500	8.340	95,476,278	International Value Fund (Division 89)		2020	1.404
	2019	5.095	6.500	102,864,159	2019		1.218	1.404	371,642,626
	2018	5.098	5.095	112,982,924	2018		1.497	1.218	398,968,875
	2017	4.033	5.098	120,429,800	2017		1.293	1.497	437,310,515
	2016	4.551	4.033	135,578,620	2016		1.165	1.293	461,800,327
	2015	4.081	4.551	163,117,194	2015		1.269	1.165	502,945,232
	2014	3.133	4.081	146,889,576	2014		1.451	1.269	529,897,500
	2013	2.095	3.133	136,545,423	2013		1.161	1.451	533,756,939
	2012	1.606	2.095	119,014,862	2012		0.987	1.161	579,481,027
	2011	1.469	1.606	103,364,423	2011		1.147	0.987	642,061,277
	Inflation Protected Fund (Division 77)	2020	1.385	1.492	374,736,573		Large Cap Core Fund (Division 76)*	2020	3.377
2019		1.288	1.385	344,572,748	2019	2.573		3.377	36,256,439
2018		1.330	1.288	381,331,745	2018	2.848		2.573	39,853,978
2017		1.281	1.330	312,352,863	2017	2.368		2.848	44,924,193
2016		1.247	1.281	281,898,871	2016	2.202		2.368	47,849,230
2015		1.299	1.247	308,672,313	2015	2.159		2.202	55,708,727
2014		1.274	1.299	299,760,024	2014	1.925		2.159	59,109,794
2013		1.383	1.274	277,565,988	2013	1.429		1.925	61,886,026
2012		1.293	1.383	258,308,256	2012	1.217		1.429	63,753,636
2011		1.186	1.293	220,201,675	2011	1.242		1.217	65,336,534
International Equities Index Fund (Division 11)		2020	2.267	2.410	428,764,073	Large Capital Growth Fund (Division 79)		2020	3.116
	2019	1.888	2.267	384,174,297	2019		2.249	3.116	131,798,956
	2018	2.211	1.888	371,444,185	2018		2.256	2.249	139,124,043
	2017	1.795	2.211	506,101,313	2017		1.772	2.256	151,262,122
	2016	1.791	1.795	394,166,789	2016		1.686	1.772	163,329,304
	2015	1.827	1.791	396,429,084	2015		1.704	1.686	176,905,029
	2014	1.952	1.827	386,208,304	2014		1.544	1.704	191,046,750
	2013	1.657	1.952	422,010,815	2013		1.185	1.544	206,576,744
	2012	1.430	1.657	400,470,192	2012		1.065	1.185	227,063,833
	2011	1.662	1.430	454,616,647	2011		1.146	1.065	247,157,945
	International Government Bond Fund (Division 13)	2020	3.292	3.594	25,134,023		Mid Cap Index Fund (Division 4)	2020	26.892
2019		3.058	3.292	24,534,961	2019	21.607		26.892	84,986,719
2018		3.188	3.058	31,861,851	2018	24.643		21.607	92,980,621
2017		2.979	3.188	46,965,550	2017	21.474		24.643	98,129,612
2016		2.901	2.979	52,375,313	2016	17.981		21.474	106,216,675
2015		3.031	2.901	41,460,619	2015	18.627		17.981	111,598,951
2014		3.020	3.031	45,268,931	2014	17.196		18.627	118,008,435
2013		3.232	3.020	46,400,845	2013	13.048		17.196	125,006,956
2012		3.005	3.232	42,794,823	2012	11.215		13.048	131,802,264
2011		2.905	3.005	52,050,637	2011	11.559		11.215	139,014,512

* This Variable Account Option no longer invests in the applicable Fund as of April 19, 2021, as a result of a reorganization of certain VALIC Company I and VALIC Company II Funds into certain VALIC Company I Funds.

Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31	Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31
Mid Cap Strategic Growth Fund (Division 83)	2020	3.361	4.466	65,451,727	Small Cap Special Values Fund (Division 84)	2020	2.346	2.356	57,754,846
	2019	2.464	3.361	73,048,596		2019	1.842	2.346	64,897,196
	2018	2.613	2.464	76,248,208		2018	2.155	1.842	71,950,621
	2017	2.090	2.613	79,665,280		2017	1.956	2.155	81,797,627
	2016	1.924	2.090	86,153,727		2016	1.522	1.956	96,731,540
	2015	1.996	1.924	95,511,744		2015	1.605	1.522	93,183,086
	2014	1.953	1.996	105,067,767		2014	1.515	1.605	101,453,298
	2013	1.423	1.953	115,522,045		2013	1.101	1.515	109,818,977
	2012	1.316	1.423	128,070,724		2012	0.972	1.101	123,878,008
	2011	1.426	1.316	145,399,643		2011	1.033	0.972	135,244,030
Nasdaq-100® Index Fund (Division 46)	2020	2.326	3.407	185,523,884	Small-Mid Growth Fund (Division 85)**	2020	2.559	3.855	34,250,253
	2019	1.694	2.326	187,353,073		2019	1.874	2.559	37,600,459
	2018	1.722	1.694	192,334,809		2018	1.999	1.874	40,474,575
	2017	1.315	1.722	192,928,000		2017	1.580	1.999	43,659,111
	2016	1.244	1.315	185,888,804		2016	1.593	1.580	47,269,477
	2015	1.151	1.244	189,969,327		2015	1.619	1.593	58,574,211
	2014	0.979	1.151	181,413,144		2014	1.472	1.619	55,536,044
	2013	0.726	0.979	168,103,592		2013	1.104	1.472	65,725,306
	2012	0.622	0.726	172,385,275		2012	0.999	1.104	69,751,171
	2011	0.610	0.622	147,793,034		2011	1.055	0.999	73,777,559
Science & Technology Fund (Division 17)	2020	10.059	15.618	103,364,404	Stock Index Fund (Division 10)	2020	14.140	16.517	209,543,645
	2019	7.285	10.059	111,098,915		2019	10.894	14.140	231,318,004
	2018	7.469	7.285	119,481,520		2018	11.549	10.894	263,771,333
	2017	5.338	7.469	126,278,517		2017	9.608	11.549	284,293,923
	2016	5.024	5.338	131,172,929		2016	8.696	9.608	291,165,076
	2015	4.704	5.024	141,264,036		2015	8.692	8.696	309,489,081
	2014	4.152	4.704	152,393,259		2014	7.750	8.692	336,587,419
	2013	2.943	4.152	162,421,469		2013	5.934	7.750	356,180,679
	2012	2.651	2.943	178,461,643		2012	5.186	5.934	375,264,648
	2011	2.848	2.651	198,738,067		2011	5.144	5.186	398,646,448
Small Cap Aggressive Growth Fund (Division 86)*	2020	3.656	4.987	31,257,834	Systematic Core Fund (Division 16)	2020	5.515	6.727	17,096,101
	2019	2.664	3.656	36,674,429		2019	4.264	5.515	18,620,980
	2018	2.937	2.664	38,602,368		2018	4.572	4.264	20,202,104
	2017	2.151	2.937	35,716,728		2017	3.814	4.572	21,697,261
	2016	2.135	2.151	37,341,453		2016	3.463	3.814	22,529,695
	2015	2.124	2.135	41,832,812		2015	3.502	3.463	24,899,000
	2014	1.952	2.124	38,029,319		2014	3.099	3.502	26,151,817
	2013	1.317	1.952	43,227,734		2013	2.359	3.099	26,563,614
	2012	1.156	1.317	43,036,493		2012	2.102	2.359	27,951,197
	2011	1.300	1.156	46,417,390		2011	2.220	2.102	29,538,389
Small Cap Fund (Division 18)*	2020	6.549	7.969	34,415,918	Systematic Value Fund (Division 75)	2020	2.395	2.303	13,798,801
	2019	5.110	6.549	37,693,560		2019	1.955	2.395	15,085,134
	2018	5.598	5.110	42,009,849		2018	2.229	1.955	16,661,659
	2017	4.929	5.598	46,776,607		2017	1.905	2.229	18,201,380
	2016	4.318	4.929	51,882,660		2016	1.690	1.905	19,267,145
	2015	4.580	4.318	57,724,906		2015	1.730	1.690	21,381,397
	2014	4.448	4.580	64,145,272		2014	1.625	1.730	22,365,875
	2013	3.200	4.448	71,381,164		2013	1.203	1.625	20,918,581
	2012	2.790	3.200	78,544,274		2012	1.066	1.203	20,711,268
	2011	2.839	2.790	87,744,409		2011	1.059	1.066	19,392,587
Small Cap Index Fund (Division 14)	2020	8.478	10.029	83,931,959	Value Fund (Division 74)**	2020	2.784	2.817	22,361,399
	2019	6.843	8.478	91,289,549		2019	2.206	2.784	23,302,652
	2018	7.786	6.843	107,302,975		2018	2.473	2.206	25,313,890
	2017	6.875	7.786	103,880,682		2017	2.166	2.473	28,889,134
	2016	5.731	6.875	112,356,933		2016	1.930	2.166	32,554,029
	2015	6.060	5.731	115,279,719		2015	2.014	1.930	36,295,560
	2014	5.842	6.060	123,361,844		2014	1.826	2.014	40,096,476
	2013	4.256	5.842	130,375,004		2013	1.406	1.826	45,967,293
	2012	3.704	4.256	136,984,141		2012	1.215	1.406	50,422,500
	2011	3.910	3.704	150,299,747		2011	1.256	1.215	68,559,347

* This Variable Account Option no longer invests in the applicable Fund as of May 24, 2021, as a result of a reorganization of certain VALIC Company I and VALIC Company II Funds into certain VALIC Company I Funds.

** This Variable Account Option no longer invests in the applicable Fund as of April 19, 2021, as a result of a reorganization of certain VALIC Company I and VALIC Company II Funds into certain VALIC Company I Funds.

Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31	Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31
VALIC Company II*					International Opportunities Fund (Division 33)*	2020	3.084	3.578	138,183,952
Aggressive Growth Lifestyle Fund (Division 48)*	2020	3.760	4.235	132,047,992		2019	2.471	3.084	150,924,455
	2019	3.079	3.760	136,647,252		2018	3.018	2.471	164,062,319
	2018	3.394	3.079	144,697,849		2017	2.182	3.018	191,372,537
	2017	2.941	3.394	148,428,257		2016	2.211	2.182	194,717,379
	2016	2.724	2.941	151,724,193		2015	2.053	2.211	230,164,248
	2015	2.770	2.724	158,226,021		2014	2.182	2.053	224,181,526
	2014	2.675	2.770	157,831,426		2013	1.815	2.182	227,763,862
	2013	2.210	2.675	144,481,682		2012	1.498	1.815	238,169,790
	2012	1.933	2.210	127,721,427		2011	1.878	1.498	302,524,054
	2011	1.951	1.933	92,224,594	Large Cap Value Fund (Division 40)**	2020	3.989	4.080	35,185,843
Capital Appreciation Fund (Division 39)*	2020	2.711	3.464	11,844,598		2019	3.165	3.989	37,289,013
	2019	2.139	2.711	13,141,887		2018	3.548	3.165	40,190,904
	2018	2.133	2.139	15,046,659		2017	3.107	3.548	45,742,585
	2017	1.737	2.133	15,067,252		2016	2.674	3.107	53,271,644
	2016	1.715	1.737	16,762,772		2015	2.771	2.674	51,680,485
	2015	1.633	1.715	18,482,317		2014	2.521	2.771	56,336,476
	2014	1.515	1.633	20,405,157		2013	1.877	2.521	60,432,399
	2013	1.122	1.515	21,659,297		2012	1.617	1.877	64,775,143
	2012	0.958	1.122	23,617,555		2011	1.704	1.617	78,162,609
	2011	0.984	0.958	22,658,750	Mid Cap Growth Fund (Division 37)**	2020	3.012	3.730	39,569,965
Conservative Growth Lifestyle Fund (Division 50)*	2020	3.220	3.544	88,596,962		2019	2.288	3.012	46,434,462
	2019	2.784	3.220	94,296,329		2018	2.490	2.288	50,817,514
	2018	2.986	2.784	97,026,559		2017	1.907	2.490	46,919,783
	2017	2.728	2.986	100,657,232		2016	1.835	1.907	45,174,629
	2016	2.578	2.728	105,647,225		2015	1.866	1.835	61,967,016
	2015	2.633	2.578	108,672,128		2014	1.840	1.866	60,301,358
	2014	2.559	2.633	109,316,736		2013	1.415	1.840	62,426,740
	2013	2.358	2.559	96,736,358		2012	1.281	1.415	71,170,383
	2012	2.123	2.358	80,441,631		2011	1.360	1.281	95,028,638
	2011	2.068	2.123	50,013,534	Mid Cap Value Fund (Division 38)*	2020	7.253	7.460	76,497,960
Core Bond Fund (Division 58)*	2020	2.221	2.397	374,300,264		2019	5.615	7.253	79,739,419
	2019	2.027	2.221	409,073,313		2018	6.657	5.615	86,935,516
	2018	2.085	2.027	469,322,870		2017	5.859	6.657	105,143,564
	2017	2.008	2.085	399,437,044		2016	5.176	5.859	125,670,581
	2016	1.956	2.008	367,086,298		2015	5.289	5.176	126,306,249
	2015	1.974	1.956	409,985,415		2014	4.993	5.289	128,256,862
	2014	1.886	1.974	303,470,023		2013	3.744	4.993	133,091,978
	2013	1.936	1.886	302,031,627		2012	3.097	3.744	143,237,727
	2012	1.816	1.936	200,538,609		2011	3.421	3.097	136,166,075
	2011	1.723	1.816	172,596,496	Moderate Growth Lifestyle Fund (Division 49)*	2020	3.728	4.161	227,113,696
Government Money Market II Fund (Division 44)*	2020	1.221	1.214	76,246,296		2019	3.115	3.728	238,108,237
	2019	1.210	1.221	63,563,653		2018	3.375	3.115	238,589,732
	2018	1.204	1.210	64,267,089		2017	2.993	3.375	239,754,874
	2017	1.209	1.204	70,076,229		2016	2.782	2.993	246,021,927
	2016	1.218	1.209	76,056,955		2015	2.830	2.782	249,674,163
	2015	1.227	1.218	102,648,541		2014	2.734	2.830	246,046,230
	2014	1.236	1.227	91,586,462		2013	2.362	2.734	218,376,320
	2013	1.245	1.236	107,637,847		2012	2.094	2.362	180,791,433
	2012	1.255	1.245	101,208,543		2011	2.083	2.094	128,021,253
	2011	1.264	1.255	111,284,185	Small Cap Growth Fund (Division 35)*	2020	5.044	8.001	24,969,239
High Yield Bond Fund (Division 60)*	2020	3.133	3.318	108,774,202		2019	3.691	5.044	27,026,831
	2019	2.745	3.133	126,443,493		2018	3.900	3.691	30,200,345
	2018	2.858	2.745	127,801,338		2017	2.778	3.900	26,382,353
	2017	2.669	2.858	143,217,243		2016	2.595	2.778	21,519,722
	2016	2.381	2.669	138,831,817		2015	2.648	2.595	25,250,387
	2015	2.491	2.381	123,518,044		2014	2.667	2.648	28,073,923
	2014	2.440	2.491	112,780,938		2013	1.819	2.667	31,219,056
	2013	2.337	2.440	108,354,843		2012	1.631	1.819	33,519,019
	2012	2.070	2.337	108,507,775		2011	1.715	1.631	35,002,239
	2011	1.997	2.070	86,556,392					

* This Variable Account Option no longer invests in the applicable Fund as of May 24, 2021, as a result of a reorganization of certain VALIC Company I and VALIC Company II Funds into certain VALIC Company I Funds.

** This Variable Account Option no longer invests in the applicable Fund as of April 19, 2021, as a result of a reorganization of certain VALIC Company I and VALIC Company II Funds into certain VALIC Company I Funds.

Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31	Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31		
Small Cap Value Fund (Division 36)*	2020	4.490	4.665	56,999,294	Invesco Balanced-Risk Commodity Strategy Fund (Division 102)	2020	0.605	0.647	209,477,050		
	2019	3.796	4.490	57,349,076		2019	0.585	0.605	196,519,064		
	2018	4.530	3.796	66,517,575		2018	0.671	0.585	198,773,656		
	2017	4.349	4.530	76,512,154		2017	0.646	0.671	255,281,855		
	2016	3.369	4.349	94,129,852		2016	0.583	0.646	256,654,785		
	2015	3.631	3.369	102,585,454		2015	0.705	0.583	358,669,447		
	2014	3.466	3.631	120,572,074		2014	0.846	0.705	302,624,993		
	2013	2.564	3.466	123,444,686		2013	0.992	0.846	241,375,267		
	2012	2.245	2.564	136,086,201		2012	0.967	0.992	180,710,150		
	2011	2.452	2.245	139,441,971		2011	—	0.967	4,758,993		
	Strategic Bond Fund (Division 59)*	2020	3.136	3.373		142,391,877	T Rowe Price Retirement 2015 Fund (Division 104)	2020	1.273	1.416	10,262,214
		2019	2.837	3.136		147,211,082		2019	1.099	1.273	9,523,969
2018		2.963	2.837	155,686,793	2018	1.161		1.099	8,226,196		
2017		2.795	2.963	164,781,486	2017	1.037		1.161	6,467,254		
2016		2.604	2.795	168,467,978	2016	0.978		1.037	5,134,987		
2015		2.675	2.604	176,746,030	2015	—		0.978	1,948,218		
2014		2.593	2.675	186,090,359	T Rowe Price Retirement 2020 Fund (Division 105)	2020		1.314	1.470	25,217,487	
2013		2.606	2.593	186,485,323		2019		1.115	1.314	26,054,045	
2012		2.336	2.606	188,347,893		2018		1.188	1.115	23,021,588	
2011		2.256	2.336	162,185,471		2017		1.039	1.188	16,588,395	
U.S. Socially Responsible Fund (Division 41)*		2020	4.022	4.625		132,612,958		2016	0.979	1.039	12,105,984
		2019	3.077	4.022		155,015,136		2015	—	0.979	6,548,107
	2018	3.271	3.077	167,919,018		T Rowe Price Retirement 2025 Fund (Division 106)	2020	1.349	1.527	32,909,758	
	2017	2.731	3.271	196,077,447			2019	1.129	1.349	29,785,911	
	2016	2.487	2.731	221,973,402			2018	1.211	1.129	23,050,918	
	2015	2.478	2.487	240,963,183			2017	1.042	1.211	13,933,713	
	2014	2.161	2.478	242,917,949			2016	0.981	1.042	8,873,080	
	2013	1.608	2.161	264,076,070			2015	—	0.981	4,650,550	
	2012	1.406	1.608	295,333,876	T Rowe Price Retirement 2030 Fund (Division 107)		2020	1.380	1.579	32,484,555	
	2011	1.398	1.406	409,272,143			2019	1.140	1.380	28,805,212	
	Public Funds American Beacon Bridgeway Large Cap Growth Fund (Division 90)	2020	1.207	1.601			22,626,168	2018	1.232	1.140	22,327,474
		2019	0.940	1.207			25,985,511	2017	1.044	1.232	15,025,342
2018		1.014	0.940	29,645,760			2016	0.982	1.044	8,070,123	
2017		1.752	1.014	31,755,517			2015	—	0.982	4,634,341	
2016		1.737	1.752	16,266,867		T Rowe Price Retirement 2035 Fund (Division 108)	2020	1.402	1.621	24,542,770	
2015		1.650	1.737	18,404,403			2019	1.147	1.402	21,176,244	
2014		1.557	1.650	20,837,760			2018	1.248	1.147	17,478,697	
2013		1.190	1.557	23,153,719			2017	1.045	1.248	12,286,454	
2012		1.071	1.190	26,529,443			2016	0.984	1.045	6,675,379	
2011		1.047	1.071	25,080,056			2015	—	0.984	3,044,249	
Ariel Appreciation Fund (Division 69)		2020	4.022	4.275	46,168,513		T Rowe Price Retirement 2040 Fund (Division 109)	2020	1.420	1.656	24,122,584
		2019	3.261	4.022	53,297,520			2019	1.153	1.420	21,226,929
	2018	3.829	3.261	59,526,552	2018			1.260	1.153	17,359,555	
	2017	3.360	3.829	76,145,758	2017			1.046	1.260	11,846,657	
	2016	3.012	3.360	100,648,708	2016			0.984	1.046	6,271,455	
	2015	3.249	3.012	96,732,440	2015			—	0.984	3,417,161	
	2014	3.030	3.244	113,599,159	T Rowe Price Retirement 2045 Fund (Division 110)	2020		1.430	1.675	17,350,449	
	2013	2.093	3.030	117,594,730		2019		1.155	1.430	14,579,120	
	2012	1.772	2.093	104,394,611		2018		1.265	1.155	10,742,857	
	2011	1.931	1.772	110,259,195		2017		1.047	1.265	7,025,498	
	Ariel Fund (Division 68)	2020	4.289	4.672		54,446,877		2016	0.984	1.047	3,680,281
		2019	3.475	4.289		61,280,591		2015	—	0.984	1,800,992
2018		4.066	3.475	70,056,441		T Rowe Price Retirement 2050 Fund (Division 111)	2020	1.430	1.675	15,012,339	
2017		3.544	4.066	76,013,684			2019	1.154	1.430	12,750,584	
2016		3.097	3.544	87,008,814			2018	1.265	1.154	9,829,448	
2015		3.262	3.097	94,375,118			2017	1.047	1.265	5,546,776	
2014		2.970	3.262	103,243,863			2016	0.984	1.047	2,355,047	
2013		2.073	2.970	111,663,269			2015	—	0.984	973,495	
2012		1.740	2.073	118,632,237							
2011		1.983	1.740	132,467,517							

* This Variable Account Option no longer invests in the applicable Fund as of May 24, 2021, as a result of a reorganization of certain VALIC Company I and VALIC Company II Funds into certain VALIC Company I Funds.

Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31	Fund Name	Year	Unit Value at 1/1	Unit Value at 12/31	Number of Units Outstanding at 12/31
T Rowe Price Retirement 2055 Fund (Division 112)	2020	1.429	1.672	7,363,812	Vanguard Long-Term Investment- Grade Fund (Division 22)	2020	4.166	4.757	47,104,512
	2019	1.154	1.429	5,970,212		2019	3.495	4.166	69,526,766
	2018	1.265	1.154	4,188,493		2018	3.753	3.495	46,746,815
	2017	1.046	1.265	2,737,598		2017	3.387	3.753	62,916,293
	2016	0.984	1.046	961,694		2016	3.173	3.387	71,034,505
	2015	—	0.984	463,103		2015	3.277	3.173	60,679,559
T Rowe Price Retirement 2060 Fund (Division 113)	2020	1.429	1.673	5,335,508	Vanguard Long-Term Treasury Fund (Division 23)	2020	3.836	4.489	44,139,609
	2019	1.154	1.429	3,645,041		2019	3.395	3.836	42,237,180
	2018	1.265	1.154	2,417,624		2018	3.496	3.395	43,926,047
	2017	1.047	1.265	1,387,567		2017	3.252	3.496	49,087,553
	2016	0.984	1.047	581,629		2016	3.246	3.252	58,381,499
	2015	—	0.984	406,231		2015	3.330	3.246	56,135,735
Vanguard LifeStrategy Conservative Growth Fund (Division 54)	2020	2.438	2.685	37,842,220	Vanguard Wellington Fund (Division 25)	2020	5.557	6.070	265,893,543
	2019	2.134	2.438	36,533,437		2019	4.593	5.557	284,088,390
	2018	2.227	2.134	34,579,634		2018	4.816	4.593	299,637,521
	2017	2.032	2.227	34,398,758		2017	4.251	4.816	320,542,237
	2016	1.942	2.032	35,607,152		2016	3.877	4.251	333,558,273
	2015	1.970	1.942	35,482,977		2015	3.924	3.877	349,226,508
	2014	1.865	1.970	35,502,846		2014	3.618	3.924	363,005,183
	2013	1.732	1.865	35,547,311		2013	3.061	3.618	375,667,377
	2012	1.606	1.732	35,294,428		2012	2.754	3.061	385,144,392
	2011	1.598	1.606	32,831,197		2011	2.685	2.754	405,547,723
	Vanguard LifeStrategy Growth Fund (Division 52)	2020	2.956	3.370		78,992,285	Vanguard Windsor II Fund (Division 24)	2020	5.337
2019		2.431	2.956	79,814,323	2019	4.188		5.337	245,796,210
2018		2.644	2.431	80,164,475	2018	4.640		4.188	267,285,407.50
2017		2.246	2.644	80,715,272	2017	4.023		4.640	296,200,573
2016		2.099	2.246	83,255,640	2016	3.591		4.023	321,567,382
2015		2.151	2.099	84,155,907	2015	3.757		3.591	350,718,647
2014		2.032	2.151	85,659,260	2014	3.423		3.757	374,431,862
2013		1.698	2.032	85,731,178	2013	2.652		3.423	387,835,473
2012		1.503	1.698	83,681,008	2012	2.301		2.652	412,181,555
2011		1.558	1.503	82,684,661	2011	2.268		2.301	455,670,339
Vanguard LifeStrategy Moderate Growth Fund (Division 53)		2020	2.756	3.092	85,342,431				
	2019	2.338	2.756	85,676,907					
	2018	2.490	2.338	85,404,663					
	2017	2.191	2.490	86,700,864					
	2016	2.071	2.191	87,472,057					
	2015	2.109	2.071	91,429,302					
	2014	1.995	2.109	90,369,353					
	2013	1.756	1.995	90,571,117					
	2012	1.591	1.756	89,444,247					
	2011	1.606	1.591	86,842,878					

Appendix B — Living Benefits

This Appendix provides information on IncomeLOCK +6, IncomeLOCK +8 (together, “IncomeLOCK Plus”) and IncomeLOCK all of which are no longer available for purchase. Effective January 1, 2017, IncomeLOCK +6 is no longer available for purchase. Effective February 25, 2013, IncomeLOCK +8 was no longer available for purchase. *If you elected IncomeLOCK +8 or if you elected IncomeLOCK +6 prior to February 25, 2013, see “IncomeLOCK Plus Endorsements Issued Prior to February 25, 2013” in this Appendix for specific provisions applicable to these products.*

An optional Living Benefit is designed to help you create a guaranteed income stream for as long as you live, or as long as you and your spouse live, even if the entire Account Value has been reduced to zero, provided withdrawals taken are within the parameters of the applicable feature. A Living Benefit may offer protection in the event your Account Value declines due to unfavorable investment performance, certain withdrawal activity, if you live longer than expected or any combination of these factors. If you decide not to take withdrawals under these features, or you surrender your Contract, you will not receive the guarantees of the Living Benefit. You could pay for this feature and not need to use it. Likewise, depending on your Contract’s market performance, you may never need to rely on the protections provided by a Living Benefit. If you elected IncomeLOCK Plus, you will not be able to take a loan while this Living Benefit is in effect.

Table of Contents

Living Benefit Defined Terms	B-1
IncomeLOCK Plus	B-2
Fee Table	B-2
IncomeLOCK Plus Fee Formula	B-2
IncomeLOCK Plus Features	B-3
IncomeLOCK Plus Options	B-6
Withdrawals under the Living Benefits	B-9
Death Benefits under IncomeLOCK Plus	B-10
IncomeLOCK Plus Endorsements Issued Prior to February 25, 2013	B-11
Fee Tables	B-11
IncomeLOCK Plus Features	B-11
IncomeLOCK Plus Options	B-15
Surrender of Account Value	B-16
Loans	B-16
IncomeLOCK	B-16
Extension Offer	B-17
Fee Table	B-18
IncomeLOCK Features	B-18
Surrender of Account Value	B-21
Death Benefits	B-23
Loans	B-23

Living Benefit Defined Terms

Anniversary Value — The Account Value minus any Ineligible Purchase Payments as measured on each Benefit Anniversary.

Benefit Anniversary — the first day of each Benefit Year.

Benefit Base — a component of the calculation of the Living Benefit, which is used to determine the Living Benefit fee, the MAWA and the Protected Income Payment.

Benefit Quarter Anniversary — is the first Business Day following each consecutive three month period starting on the Endorsement Date.

Benefit Year — each consecutive one year period starting on the Endorsement Date and each Benefit Anniversary, and ending on the day before the next Benefit Anniversary.

Covered Person(s) — the person or persons whose life or lives are used to determine the amount and duration of withdrawals under IncomeLOCK Plus. The Covered Persons are selected at the time IncomeLOCK Plus is elected and cannot be changed after the Endorsement Date.

Eligible Purchase Payments — are Purchase Payments or portions thereof made on or after the Endorsement Date that are included in the calculation of the Benefit Base (and the Income Credit Base and Minimum Benefit Base, if applicable, for IncomeLOCK Plus). Note that all Purchase Payments are not Eligible Purchase Payments for purposes of calculating the Benefit Base.

Endorsement Date — the date we issued the Living Benefit endorsement to your Contract.

Excess Withdrawal — any withdrawal or portion thereof that causes the total of all withdrawals for that Benefit Year to exceed the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount, except if taken to meet a required minimum distribution associated with the Contract to which a Living Benefit endorsement is attached.

Income Credit — is an amount that may be added to the Benefit Base during the Income Credit Period.

Income Credit Base — is a component of the calculation of IncomeLOCK Plus, which is used to determine the dollar amount of any Income Credit during the Income Credit Period.

Income Credit Percentage — a percentage used to calculate any available Income Credit for IncomeLOCK Plus on each Benefit Anniversary during the Income Credit Period.

Income Credit Period — is the first twelve Benefit Years during which we calculate an Income Credit that may be added to the Benefit Base for IncomeLOCK Plus.

Ineligible Purchase Payments — are Purchase Payments or portions thereof that are not included in the calculation of the Benefit Base (and the Income Credit Base and Minimum Benefit Base, if applicable, for IncomeLOCK Plus).

Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount — the maximum amount that may be withdrawn each Benefit Year and is an amount calculated as a percentage of the Benefit Base.

Minimum Benefit Base — is the guaranteed minimum amount to which the Benefit Base could be increased on the 12th Benefit Anniversary for IncomeLOCK Plus, provided no withdrawals are taken prior to that anniversary while the Living Benefit endorsement is in effect.

Protected Income Payment — the amount to be paid each year over the remaining lifetime of the Covered Person(s) under IncomeLOCK Plus, after the Account Value is reduced to zero but the Benefit Base is still greater than zero.

IncomeLOCK Plus

The IncomeLOCK Plus Living Benefit is a guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefit. You may elect IncomeLOCK Plus only on your original Contract issue date, subject to certain age requirements. You may elect to have the Living Benefit cover only your life or the lives of both you and your spouse. *If you elected IncomeLOCK +8 or if you elected IncomeLOCK +6 prior to February 25, 2013, see “IncomeLOCK Plus Endorsements Issued Prior to February 25, 2013” in this Appendix for specific provisions applicable to these products.*

Fee Table

The fees applicable to this Living Benefit are described below. You should keep in mind that an increase in the Benefit Base due to an adjustment to a higher Anniversary Value, an Income Credit, if applicable, or subsequent Eligible Purchase Payments will result in an increase to the dollar amount of the fee. Similarly, a decrease in the Benefit Base due to withdrawals will decrease the dollar amount of the fee.

The IncomeLOCK Plus fees are assessed as a percentage of the Benefit Base for all years in which the IncomeLOCK Plus benefit is in effect. The fee will be calculated and deducted on a proportional basis from your Account Value at the end of the first quarter following election and quarterly thereafter. *If you purchased IncomeLOCK +8 or if you purchased IncomeLOCK +6 prior to February 25, 2013, see “IncomeLOCK Plus Endorsements Issued Prior to February 25, 2013” in this Appendix for specific provisions applicable to these products.*

Number of Covered Persons	Initial Annual Fee Rate	Maximum Annual Fee Rate	Minimum Annual Fee Rate	Maximum Annualized Fee Rate Decrease or Increase*
One Covered Person . . .	1.10%	2.20%	0.60%	+/-0.25%
Two Covered Persons . . .	1.35%	2.70%	0.60%	+/-0.25%

* The fee rate can increase or decrease no more than 0.0625% each Benefit Quarter (0.25%/4).

The Initial Annual Fee Rate is guaranteed not to change for the first Benefit Year. Subsequently, the fee rate may change quarterly subject to the parameters identified in the table above. After the first Benefit Year, on each “Benefit Quarter Anniversary” (every consecutive three months starting on the Endorsement Date), we will deduct the fee in effect for the previous benefit quarter and determine the fee rate applicable to the next benefit quarter. Any fee adjustment is based on a non-discretionary formula tied to the change in the Volatility Index (“VIX®”), an index of market volatility reported by the Chicago Board Options Exchange. Your Fee Rate will increase or decrease on a Benefit Quarter Anniversary based on the change in the average value of the VIX from one Benefit Quarter to the next Benefit Quarter. *See “Fee Tables” in this prospectus. For the formula of how the fee is calculated, see “IncomeLock Plus Fee Formula” below.*

We will not assess a quarterly fee if you annuitize your Contract or if a death benefit is paid before the end of the benefit quarter. If IncomeLOCK Plus is still in effect while your Account Value is greater than zero, and you surrender your Contract, we will assess a pro-rata charge for the fee applicable to the benefit quarter in which the surrender occurs if you surrender your Contract before the end of a benefit quarter. The pro-rata fee is calculated by multiplying the fee by the number of days between the date the fee was last assessed and the date of surrender, divided by the number of days between the prior and the next benefit quarter anniversary. If your Account Value is reduced to zero before IncomeLOCK Plus has been cancelled, the fee will no longer be assessed.

IncomeLOCK Plus Fee Formula

The fee for IncomeLOCK Plus is assessed against the Benefit Base and deducted from the Account Value at the end of each Benefit Quarter.

If you purchased your IncomeLOCK Plus endorsement prior to December 26, 2012, the value of the Volatility Index (“VIX”), an index of market volatility reported by the Chicago Board Options Exchange, used to calculate your fee is the value of the VIX at the end of the Benefit Quarter. If you purchased your IncomeLOCK Plus endorsement on or after December 26, 2012, the value of the VIX used to calculate your fee is the average of the VIX over the Benefit Quarter. The formula is the same, and the only difference is the value of the VIX that is used.

The non-discretionary formula used in the calculation of the Annual Fee Rate applicable after the first Benefit Year is:

Initial Annual Fee Rate + [0.05% x (Value of the VIX as of Market Close on each day the fee is calculated – 20)]

The Initial Annual Fee Rate is guaranteed for the first Benefit Year. Subsequently, the fee rate may change quarterly subject to the parameters identified in the table above. Any fee adjustment is based on the non-discretionary formula stated above which is tied to the change in the VIX. If the value of the VIX increases or decreases on a Benefit Quarter Anniversary, your fee rate will increase or decrease accordingly.

You may find the value of the VIX for any given day by going to the Chicago Board Options Exchange website, www.cboe.com.

IncomeLOCK Plus Features

IncomeLOCK Plus offers guaranteed lifetime income plus the opportunity to increase income by locking in the greater of either the Contract's highest Anniversary Value or an annual Income Credit. IncomeLOCK +6 with a 6% Income Credit may be elected at the date of Contract issue. *If you purchased IncomeLOCK +8 or if you purchased IncomeLOCK +6 prior to February 25, 2013, see "IncomeLOCK Plus Endorsements Issued Prior to February 25, 2013" in this Appendix for specific provisions applicable to these products.*

Income Credit Options

The annual Income Credit is an amount we may add to the Benefit Base each year for the first 12 Benefit Years. The Income Credit is reduced but not eliminated in any Benefit Year in which cumulative withdrawals are less than 6% of the Benefit Base, thereby providing a guarantee that income can increase during

Investment Restrictions

As long as your Living Benefit endorsement remains in effect, we require that you allocate your investments in accordance with the applicable minimum and maximum percentages applicable to the Living Benefit selected. All IncomeLOCK Plus endorsements require that 20% of your Purchase Payments (including Ineligible Purchase Payments) be allocated to Fixed Account Plus. All amounts not allocated to Fixed Account Plus, will be rebalanced on a quarterly basis through an automatic rebalancing program as discussed in more detail below.

The IncomeLOCK +6 (Options 1, 2 and 3) endorsement requires that the remaining 80% of Purchase Payments be allocated among the Dynamic Allocation Fund and the Group A Variable Account Options referenced below (excluding Fixed Account Plus and Short-Term Fixed Account). IncomeLOCK +6 (Custom Allocation) allows you to allocate Purchase Payments among the Variable Account Options from Groups A, B and C to create your personal investment portfolio, subject to the limitations provided in the table below, including that no more than 90% of each Purchase Payment may be allocated on a combined basis to Fixed Account Plus and Short-Term Fixed Account.

the first 12 years even after starting withdrawals. If you take withdrawals in any Benefit Year in excess of 6%, you will not receive any portion of the 6% Income Credit for that Benefit Year.

After the expiration of the Income Credit Period your Benefit Base may continue to be increased to lock in a higher Anniversary Value. In addition, if no withdrawals are taken during the first 12 years, on the 12th Benefit Anniversary, your Benefit Base will be increased to the Minimum Benefit Base if the Benefit Base is less than this Minimum Benefit Base. The Minimum Benefit Base is equal to 200% of the first Benefit Year's Eligible Purchase Payments.

Amounts Received Under IncomeLOCK Plus — Summary

If you elect IncomeLOCK+6, you may choose from Income Option 1, 2 or 3 or the Income Option with a Custom Allocation, which determines the withdrawal percentages you will receive while the Living Benefit is in effect.

You may begin taking withdrawals as early as age 45. The amounts you receive will vary based on (1) the income option you selected, (2) whether there are one or two Covered Persons, and (3) the age of the Covered Person(s) at the time of the first withdrawal. The percentage of the Benefit Base that is guaranteed by the Living Benefits: (1) while the Account Value is greater than zero ranges from 3.25% to 6.5%, and (2) once the Account Value has been reduced to zero ranges from 3% to 5%. *See the "IncomeLOCK Plus Options — Amounts Received Under the Benefit" in this Appendix for more detailed information.* Note, however, that taxable distributions received before you attain age 59½ are subject to a 10% penalty tax in addition to regular income tax unless an exception applies (both the penalty tax and the exceptions are discussed in the "Federal Tax Matters" section in this prospectus).

If you purchased IncomeLOCK +8 or if you purchased IncomeLOCK +6 prior to February 25, 2013, see "IncomeLOCK Plus Endorsements Issued Prior to February 25, 2013" in this Appendix for more information regarding your investment restrictions.

Investment Group	<u>Group A: Bond, Cash and Fixed Accounts</u>	<u>Group B: Equity Maximum</u>	<u>Group C: Limited Equity</u>
Investment Restrictions	30%-Minimum 100%-Maximum	0%-Minimum 70%-Maximum	0%-Minimum 10%-Maximum
Variable Account Options and/or Fixed Accounts	Fixed Account Plus Short-Term Fixed Account Core Bond Fund Government Money Market I Fund Government Securities Fund Inflation Protected Fund International Government Bond Fund Vanguard Long-Term Investment Grade Fund Vanguard Long-Term Treasury Fund	Aggressive Growth Lifestyle Fund American Beacon Bridgeway Large Cap Growth Fund Asset Allocation Fund Blue Chip Growth Fund Capital Appreciation Fund Conservative Growth Lifestyle Fund Dividend Value Fund Dynamic Allocation Fund Global Strategy Fund Growth Fund High Yield Bond Fund International Equities Index Fund International Growth Fund International Socially Responsible Fund International Value Fund Large Capital Growth Fund Mid Cap Index Fund Mid Cap Value Fund Moderate Growth Lifestyle Fund Stock Index Fund Systematic Core Fund Systematic Value Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2015 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2020 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2025 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2030 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2035 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2040 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2045 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2050 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2055 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2060 Fund U.S. Socially Responsible Fund Vanguard LifeStrategy Conservative Growth Fund Vanguard LifeStrategy Growth Fund Vanguard LifeStrategy Moderate Growth Fund Vanguard Wellington Fund Vanguard Windsor II Fund	Ariel Appreciation Fund Ariel Fund Emerging Economies Fund Global Real Estate Fund International Opportunities Fund Invesco Balanced-Risk Commodity Strategy Fund Mid Cap Strategic Growth Fund Nasdaq-100® Index Fund Science and Technology Fund Small Cap Growth Fund Small Cap Index Fund Small Cap Special Values Fund Small Cap Value Fund

Investments are not permitted in the following:

Multi-Year Fixed Option – 3 years
Multi-Year Fixed Option – 5 years
Multi-Year Fixed Option – 7 years
Multi-Year Fixed Option – 10 years

Automatic Allocation to Fixed Account Plus

The 20% automatic allocation to Fixed Account Plus counts against the 30% of your investments that must be allocated to Group A (IncomeLOCK +6 endorsements with Custom Allocation only). The automatic allocation applies to all Purchase Payments, including Ineligible Purchase Payments that are not included in the calculation of the Benefit Base (and the Income Credit Base and Minimum Benefit Base, if applicable). The automatic allocation must remain invested in Fixed Account Plus for as long as the IncomeLOCK Plus benefit remains in effect. You may not transfer any portion of the automatic allocation to Fixed Account Plus to other investment options under the Contract. You may not request a specific percentage of any withdrawal be deducted solely from the automatic allocation to Fixed Account Plus. Rather, any withdrawal reduces the automatic allocation to Fixed Account Plus in the same proportion that the withdrawal reduces your Account Value.

Asset Rebalancing Program

We will automatically enroll you in an automatic asset rebalancing program, with quarterly rebalancing, because market performance and withdrawal activity may result in allocations inconsistent with the restrictions. We will also initiate immediate rebalancing in accordance with your automatic asset rebalancing instructions, after any of the following transactions:

- Any transfer or reallocation you initiate; or
- Any withdrawal you initiate.

If you initiate any transfer or reallocation, you must also at that time modify the automatic asset rebalancing instructions. Automatic transfers or Systematic Withdrawals will not result in immediate rebalancing but will wait until the next scheduled quarterly rebalancing.

Each Benefit Quarter, we will rebalance the Contract in accordance with the most current automatic asset rebalancing instructions on file. We will not rebalance your investment in Fixed Account Plus if it would result in the balance in Fixed Account Plus decreasing below the automatic allocation. If at any point for any reason, the automatic asset rebalancing instructions would result in allocations inconsistent with the restrictions, we will revert to your last instructions on file that are consistent with the restrictions whether for rebalancing or for allocation of a Purchase Payment and implement those at the next balancing.

You may modify the automatic asset rebalancing instructions at any time as long as they are consistent with the restrictions. If the Living Benefit is cancelled or terminated and the Contract remains in-force, investment restrictions will no longer apply.

We reserve the right to change the investment requirements at any time for prospectively issued Contracts. We may also revise the investment requirements for any existing Contract to the extent variable or fixed investment options are added, deleted, substituted, merged or otherwise reorganized. We will notify you of any changes to the investment requirements.

Additional Important Information Applicable to IncomeLOCK Plus

If you elect IncomeLOCK Plus, you will not be able to take a loan while this Living Benefit is in effect. You will need to wait until after the 5th Benefit Year anniversary (the earliest IncomeLOCK Plus termination date), terminate IncomeLOCK Plus and then take a loan. When you terminate IncomeLOCK Plus, you will lose any benefits that you may have had with this feature.

Withdrawals under these features are treated like any other withdrawal for the purpose of calculating taxable income, reducing your Account Value. The withdrawals count toward the 10% you may withdraw each Contract year without a surrender charge. *See the "Fees and Charges" section of this prospectus.*

Any withdrawals taken may be subject to a 10% tax penalty if you are under age 59½ at the time of the withdrawal. For information about how these features are treated for income tax purposes, you should consult a qualified tax advisor concerning your particular circumstances. If you set up required minimum distributions ("RMD") and have elected this feature, your distributions must be set up on the automated minimum distribution withdrawal program administered by our Annuity Service Center. Withdrawals greater than the RMD determined solely with reference to this Contract and the benefits thereunder, without aggregating the Contract with any other contract or account, may reduce the benefits of these features. In addition, if you have a qualified Contract, tax law and the terms of the plan may restrict withdrawal amounts. *See the "Surrender of Account Value" and "Federal Tax Matters" sections of this prospectus.*

IncomeLOCK Plus may only be elected on your original Contract issue date, provided you meet the applicable issue age requirements. Note that these features and/or their components may not be available in your state. *If you purchased IncomeLOCK +8 or if you purchased IncomeLOCK +6 prior to February 25, 2013, see "IncomeLOCK Plus Endorsements Issued Prior to February 25, 2013" in this Appendix for specific provisions applicable to these products.* In addition, effective December 26, 2012, IncomeLOCK Plus is no longer available for new enrollments under plans which are subject to the

requirements of Title I of ERISA. This discontinuance will not affect participants who have already elected IncomeLOCK or IncomeLOCK Plus under such plans. Check with your financial professional for availability and any additional restrictions.

Any amounts that we may pay under a Living Benefit in excess of your Account Value are subject to the Company's financial strength and claims-paying ability. **Excess Withdrawals may significantly reduce the value of or terminate the Living Benefit.**

IncomeLOCK Plus Options

You may elect IncomeLOCK Plus only on your Contract issue date to cover either your life only or the lives of both you and your spouse. We refer to the person or persons whose lifetime withdrawals are guaranteed under IncomeLOCK Plus as the "Covered Person(s)." If your Contract is not owned by a natural person, references to Owner(s) apply to the Annuitant(s). *If you purchased IncomeLOCK +8 or if you purchased IncomeLOCK +6 prior to February 25, 2013, see "IncomeLOCK Plus Endorsements Issued Prior to February 25, 2013" in this Appendix for specific provisions applicable to these products.*

IncomeLOCK +6 locks in the greater of two values in determining the Benefit Base. The Benefit Base determines the basis of the Covered Person(s)' guaranteed lifetime benefit which must be taken in a series of withdrawals. Each consecutive one-year period starting from the Endorsement Date is considered a Benefit Year. While the Benefit Base is greater than zero, the Benefit Base is automatically locked in on each Benefit Anniversary, to the greater of (1) the highest Anniversary Value, or (2) the Benefit Base increased by any available Income Credit. The Income Credit is reduced but not eliminated in any Benefit Year in which withdrawals are less than 6% of the Benefit Base, thereby providing a guarantee that income can increase during the first 12 years, even after starting withdrawals. There is an additional guarantee if you do not take any withdrawals before the 12th Benefit Anniversary (the "Minimum Benefit Base"). In that situation, the Benefit Base will be increased to the Minimum Benefit Base if the Benefit Base on the 12th Benefit Anniversary is less than the Minimum Benefit Base, which is equal to 200% of the first Benefit Year's Eligible Purchase Payments.

Age Requirements and Covered Persons

To elect IncomeLOCK Plus, Covered Persons must meet the age requirements set forth below. The age requirement varies depending on the number of Covered Persons. The age requirements for other optional benefits and features under your Contract may be different than those listed here. You must meet the age requirement for those features in order to elect them.

If you elect one Covered Person:

	Covered Person	
	Minimum Age	Maximum Age
One Covered Person	45	80

If you elect two Covered Persons:

	Covered Person #1		Covered Person #2	
	Minimum Age	Maximum Age	Minimum Age	Maximum Age
Nonqualified: One Owner with Spousal Beneficiary	45	80	45	N/A ⁽¹⁾
Qualified: One Owner with Spousal Beneficiary	45	80	45	N/A ⁽¹⁾

(1) The age requirement is based solely on the single owner for purposes of issuing the Contract with the Living Benefit. The spousal beneficiary's age is not considered in determining the maximum issue age of the second Covered Person.

Covered Persons can be any of the following:

If you elect one Covered Person:

- The Contract Owner
- The annuitant (for Contracts not naturally-owned)

If you elect two Covered Persons:

- The Contract Owner and the 100% spousal primary beneficiary
- The annuitant and the 100% spousal primary beneficiary (for Contracts not naturally-owned)
- Spousal joint annuitants (for Contracts not naturally-owned)

Ownership changes can affect IncomeLOCK Plus as follows:

If you elect one Covered Person:

An ownership change that removes the Covered Person cancels the feature. Ownership changes that do not cancel the feature:

1. Change from a natural to a non-natural Contract Owner: the natural Contract Owner and the annuitant must be the same person; and
2. Change from a non-natural Contract Owner to a natural Contract Owner: the new natural Contract Owner and the annuitant must be the same person.

If you elect two Covered Persons:

Ownership changes that do not eliminate the second Covered Person's guarantee include:

1. Change from a natural to a non-natural Contract Owner (the natural Contract Owner and the annuitant must be the same person); and
2. Change from a non-natural Contract Owner to a natural Contract Owner (the new natural Contract Owner and the annuitant must be the same person).

Ownership changes that eliminate the second Covered Person's guarantee, but still provide the life guarantee for the first Covered Person include:

1. Removal or replacement of the original spousal beneficiary; and
2. Removal of second Covered Person as Contract Owner or spousal beneficiary as a result of a divorce settlement.

Note also that if a Contract is non-naturally owned, a change of annuitant is not permitted.

Amounts Received under the Benefit

The amount you can receive differs depending on the Income Credit option you have elected and whether the Account Value is greater than or equal to zero. While the Account Value is greater than zero, the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Percentage represents the percentage of the Benefit Base used to calculate the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount that may be withdrawn each Benefit Year without decreasing the Benefit Base or Income Credit Base. If the Account Value has been reduced to zero, the Protected Income Payment Percentage represents the percentage of the Benefit Base used to calculate the Protected Income Payment that the client will receive each year over the remaining lifetime of the Covered Person(s). See "If your Account Value is Reduced to Zero" under the heading "Withdrawals under the Living Benefits" below.

The applicable Maximum Annual Withdrawal Percentage and Protected Income Payment Percentage depend on the attained age of the Covered Person(s) at the time of the first withdrawal under the benefit, as set forth below. The first percentage represents the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Percentage and the second percentage represents the Protected Income Payment Percentage for each of the options shown.

IncomeLOCK +6

Number of Covered Persons and Age of Covered Person at First Withdrawal	Income Option 1	Income Option 2	Income Option 3	Custom Allocation
One Covered Person (Age 64 and Younger)	5.0% / 3.0% *	5.0% / 3.0% *	3.75% for Life	4.5% / 3.0% *
One Covered Person (Age 65 and Older)	5.5% / 4.0%	6.5% / 3.0%	5.0% for Life	4.5% / 4.0%
Two Covered Persons (Age 64 and Younger)	4.5% / 3.0% *	4.5% / 3.0% *	3.25% for Life	4.0% / 3.0% *
Two Covered Persons (Age 65 and Older)	5.0% / 4.0%	6.0% / 3.0%	4.50% for Life	4.0% / 4.0%

* The Protected Income Payment Percentage is 4% if the Benefit Base is increased to a new highest Anniversary Value on or after the Covered Person's 65th birthday or, if two Covered Persons are elected, on or after the younger Covered Person's 65th birthday.

Calculation of the Value of each Component of the Benefit

The benefit offered by IncomeLOCK Plus is calculated by considering the factors described below. *If you purchased IncomeLOCK +8 or if you purchased IncomeLOCK +6 prior to February 25, 2013, see "IncomeLOCK Plus Endorsements Issued Prior to February 25, 2013" in this Appendix for specific provisions applicable to these products.*

First, we determine the initial Benefit Base. We reserve the right to limit the Account Value that will be considered in the initial Benefit Base to \$1.5 million (annual cap amount) without our prior approval. The initial Benefit Base is equal to the initial Purchase Payment, which must be at least \$50,000. In addition, certain Purchase Payments received during the first year after your Contract issue date will be considered Eligible Purchase Payments and will immediately increase the Benefit Base.

Any Purchase Payments made in contract year 1 in excess of the annual cap amount as well as all Purchase Payments received after the first contract year are considered Ineligible Purchase Payments, and are not included in the Benefit Base. Note that the earnings on Ineligible Purchase Payments, however, are included in the Anniversary Value. Total Eligible Purchase Payments are limited to \$1,500,000 (annual cap amount) without prior Company approval.

The Benefit Base is increased by each subsequent Eligible Purchase Payment, and is reduced proportionately for Excess Withdrawals, as defined below.

Second, we consider the Income Credit Period. The Income Credit Period is the period of time over which we calculate the Income Credit. The Income Credit Period begins on the Endorsement Date and ends 12 years thereafter. The Income Credit Period may not be extended.

Third, we determine the Anniversary Value which equals your Account Value on any Benefit Anniversary minus any Ineligible Purchase Payments. The highest Anniversary Value is the current Anniversary Value that is greater than (1) all previous Anniversary Values; or (2) Eligible Purchase Payments.

Fourth, we determine the Income Credit Base which is used solely as a basis for calculating the Income Credit during the Income Credit Period. The initial Income Credit Base is equal to the initial Benefit Base. The Income Credit Base is increased by each subsequent Eligible Purchase Payment, and is reduced proportionately for Excess Withdrawals, as defined below.

Fifth, we determine the Income Credit.

The Income Credit is equal to 6% ("Income Credit Percentage") of the Income Credit Base, on each Benefit Anniversary during the Income Credit Period. If you take withdrawals in a Benefit Year that are in total less than 6% of the Benefit Base (and therefore, less than your Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount), the Income Credit Percentage on the Benefit Year anniversary is reduced by a percentage calculated as the sum of all withdrawals taken during the preceding Benefit Year, divided by the Benefit Base. For example, if you take a withdrawal that is equal to 4% of the Benefit Base, the Income Credit Percentage for that Benefit Year is reduced from 6% to 2%. However, if you take a withdrawal that is greater than the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount in the preceding Benefit Year, the Income Credit for that Benefit Year is equal to zero.

Sixth, we determine the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount, which represents the maximum amount that may be withdrawn each Benefit Year while the Account Value is greater than zero, without reducing the Benefit Base, and if applicable, the Income Credit Base. The Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount is calculated by multiplying the Benefit Base by the applicable Maximum Annual Withdrawal Percentage. If your Account Value is reduced to zero but your Benefit Base is greater than zero, the Protected Income Payment is determined by multiplying the Benefit Base by the applicable Protected Income Payment Percentage.

Finally, we consider any Excess Withdrawals. We define Excess Withdrawals as any withdrawal in a Benefit Year taken after the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount has been withdrawn, or any portion of a withdrawal that causes the total withdrawals in a Benefit Year to exceed the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount.

Increase of the Benefit Base and Income Credit Base

On each Benefit Anniversary, the Benefit Base is automatically increased to the greater of (1) the highest Anniversary Value; or (2) the current Benefit Base plus the Income Credit, if any. In addition, the Benefit Base can also be increased to at least the

Minimum Benefit Base on the 12th Benefit Year anniversary, **provided no withdrawals are taken prior to that anniversary.**

On each Benefit Anniversary during the Income Credit Period (first 12 Benefit Years following the Endorsement Date), the Income Credit Base is automatically increased to the highest Anniversary Value, if the Benefit Base is also increased to the highest Anniversary Value. The Income Credit Base is not increased if an Income Credit is added to the Benefit Base.

Increases to your Benefit Base and Income Credit Base occur on Benefit Anniversaries while the Account Value is greater than zero. However, Eligible Purchase Payments can increase your Benefit Base and Income Credit Base at the time they are received. **Your Benefit Base and Income Credit Base will not increase if your Account Value was higher on days other than the Benefit Anniversary.**

In any Benefit Year during which subsequent Eligible Purchase Payments are allocated to your Contract, any remaining withdrawals of the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount will be based on the increased Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount reduced by withdrawals previously taken in that Benefit Year. If the Benefit Base is increased on a Benefit Anniversary, the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount will be recalculated on that Benefit Anniversary, applicable to the coming Benefit Year, by multiplying the increased Benefit Base by the applicable Maximum Annual Withdrawal Percentage.

If the Account Value has been reduced to zero, the Benefit Base will no longer be recalculated on each Benefit Anniversary. *See "If your Account Value is Reduced to Zero" under the heading "Withdrawals under the Living Benefits" below.*

Cancellation of IncomeLOCK Plus

IncomeLOCK Plus may be cancelled by the Contract Owner on any Benefit Quarter Anniversary after the end of the 5th Benefit Year. Cancellation will be effective on the Benefit Quarter Anniversary following receipt of a cancellation request and the fee will continue to be deducted up to and including the cancellation effective date. Prior fees taken are not returned upon cancellation. Once IncomeLOCK Plus is cancelled, the guarantees under the benefit are terminated, investment limitations no longer apply to the Contract and you may not re-elect IncomeLOCK Plus.

Automatic Termination of IncomeLOCK Plus

The feature and its corresponding fees will automatically and immediately terminate upon the occurrence of one of the following:

1. Any Excess Withdrawal that reduces the Account Value and Benefit Base to zero.
2. A death benefit is paid, and the Contract is terminated.

3. Full surrender or termination of the Contract.
4. Full or partial annuitization of the Contract.
5. Upon the death of the single Covered Person (for single life benefit).
6. Upon the death of the second (surviving) Covered Person (for joint lives benefit).
7. Any change of ownership except as noted above.

Benefit Year up to the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount will not be assessed a surrender charge.

You should not elect a Living Benefit if you plan to take Excess Withdrawals since those withdrawals may significantly reduce the value of or terminate the Living Benefit.

Withdrawal under IncomeLOCK Plus

The Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount, the Benefit Base and the Income Credit Base may change over time as a result of the timing and amount of withdrawals. If you take a withdrawal before the 12th Benefit Year anniversary, your Benefit Base is not eligible to be increased to the Minimum Benefit Base.

Withdrawals during a Benefit Year that in total are less than or equal to the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount will not reduce the Benefit Base or Income Credit Base. However, if you choose to take less than the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount in any Benefit Year, you may not carry over the unused amount for withdrawal in subsequent years.

Excess Withdrawals reduce your Benefit Base on the date the Excess Withdrawal occurs. Any Excess Withdrawal in a Benefit Year reduces the Benefit Base in the same proportion by which the Account Value is reduced by the Excess Withdrawal. As a result of a reduction of the Benefit Base, the new Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount will be equal to the reduced Benefit Base multiplied by the applicable Maximum Annual Withdrawal Percentage. The last recalculated Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount in a given Benefit Year is available for withdrawal at the beginning of the next Benefit Year and may be lower than the previous Benefit Year's Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount. When the Account Value is less than the Benefit Base, Excess Withdrawals will reduce the Benefit Base by an amount which is greater than the amount of the Excess Withdrawal. In addition, no Income Credit will be added to the Benefit Base in that Benefit Year.

The impact of withdrawals on specific factors is further explained below:

Benefit Base and Income Credit Base: If the sum of withdrawals in any Benefit Year exceeds the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount, the Benefit Base and Income Credit Base will be reduced for those withdrawals. For each Excess Withdrawal taken, the Benefit Base and Income Credit Base are reduced in the same proportion by which the Account Value is reduced by the amount in excess of the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount.

Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount: The Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount is recalculated each time there is a change in the Benefit Base. Accordingly, if the sum of withdrawals in any

Withdrawals under the Living Benefits

The timing and amount of withdrawals will affect the amounts received under the Living Benefits, as set forth below in greater detail.

The amount of any withdrawal for any Living Benefit which exceeds the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount because of RMDs required to comply with the minimum distribution requirements of the Code section 401(a)(9) and related provisions of the Code and regulations, as determined solely with reference to this Contract and the benefits thereunder, will not be treated as an Excess Withdrawal providing that all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) No withdrawals in addition to the RMD are taken in that same year;
- (2) Any RMD withdrawal is based only on the value of the Contract (including endorsements) and the benefits thereunder;
- (3) If the Endorsement Date is on or before the Required Beginning Date (RBD) of the RMD, you take the first yearly RMD withdrawal in the calendar year you attain age 70½ (or age 72, if applicable), or retire, if applicable; and
- (4) You do not make any RMD withdrawal that would result in you being paid in any Benefit Year more than one calendar year's RMD amount.

Any portion of a RMD withdrawal that is based on amounts greater than those set forth above will be considered an Excess Withdrawal.

If you have elected IncomeLOCK +6 and the RMD amount is greater than the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount, but less than 6% of the Benefit Base, an Income Credit will be included in determining any Benefit Base increase in that Benefit Year.

Withdrawals made under these Living Benefits are treated like any other withdrawals under the Contract for purposes of calculating taxable income, reducing the Account Value, deducting applicable surrender charges or market value adjustments, applying fixed account withdrawal restrictions or free withdrawal amounts and any other features, benefits and conditions of the Contract. The sum of withdrawals in any

Benefit Year does not exceed the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount for that year, the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount will not change for the next year unless your Benefit Base is increased. If you take an Excess Withdrawal, the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount will be recalculated by multiplying the reduced Benefit Base by the existing Maximum Annual Withdrawal Percentage. This recalculated Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount is available for withdrawal at the beginning of the next Benefit Year and may be lower than your previous Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount.

Protected Income Payment: If the Benefit Base is greater than zero, but the Account Value has been reduced to zero, we will pay any remaining Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount for the current Benefit Year. Thereafter, you will receive the Protected Income Payment each year over the remaining lifetime of the Covered Person(s) which is calculated by multiplying the Benefit Base by the applicable Protected Income Payment Percentage. The Benefit Base is no longer increased on Benefit Anniversaries after the Account Value has been reduced to zero. As a result, the Protected Income Payment is calculated once and will not change. See “If your Account Value is Reduced to Zero” below.

If your Account Value is Reduced to Zero

All withdrawals from the Contract, including withdrawals under IncomeLOCK Plus, will reduce your Account Value. Unfavorable investment experience and/or fees may also reduce your Account Value. If the Account Value is reduced to zero but the Benefit Base is greater than zero, we will pay the remaining Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount. Thereafter we will pay the Protected Income Payment over the remaining lifetime of the Covered Person(s).

If an Excess Withdrawal reduces your Account Value to zero, no further benefits are payable under the Contract and your Contract along with IncomeLOCK Plus will terminate.

If your Account Value is reduced to zero, you may no longer make subsequent Purchase Payments or transfers, and no death benefit is payable. Therefore, you should be aware that, particularly during times of unfavorable investment performance, withdrawals taken under IncomeLOCK Plus may reduce the Account Value to zero, thereby terminating any other benefits of the Contract. In addition, an Income Credit is not available if the Account Value is reduced to zero, even if a benefit remains payable.

When the Account Value equals zero but the Benefit Base is greater than zero, to receive any remaining Living Benefit, you must select one of the following options for payment:

1. The Protected Income Payment divided equally and paid on a monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual frequency

as selected by you until the date of death of the Covered Person(s); or

2. Any payment option mutually agreeable between you and us.

Once you elect a payment option, it cannot be changed. If you do not select a payment option above, the remaining benefit will be paid as an amount based on the Protected Income Payment Percentage. This amount will be divided equally and paid on a quarterly basis until the date of death of the Covered Person(s).

Latest Annuity Date

If the Account Value is greater than zero and you have reached the latest Annuity Date, if applicable, the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount is no longer available for withdrawal under IncomeLOCK Plus. Rather, the Protected Income Payment will be calculated by multiplying the Benefit Base by the Protected Income Payment Percentage and paid until the death(s) of the Covered Person(s), as discussed under “If your Account Value is Reduced to Zero” above.

If the Account Value and the Benefit Base are greater than zero on the latest Annuity Date, you must select one of the following options:

1. Annuitize the Account Value under the Contract’s annuity provisions; or
2. Elect to receive the Protected Income Payment on the latest Annuity Date, divided equally and paid on a monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual frequency as selected by you until the date of death of the Covered Person(s); or
3. Any payment option mutually agreeable between you and us.

If you do not elect an option listed above, on the latest Annuity Date, we may annuitize the Account Value in accordance with one of the single or joint life and period certain options under the Annuity Provisions of the Contract or payments that do not exceed your life expectancy as required by the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”).

Death Benefits under IncomeLOCK Plus

If there is one Covered Person and that person dies, the surviving spousal Beneficiary may elect to:

1. Make a death claim if the Account Value is greater than zero, which terminates IncomeLOCK Plus and the Contract; or
2. Continue the Contract if the Account Value is greater than zero, without IncomeLOCK Plus and its corresponding fee.

If there are two Covered Persons, upon the death of one Covered Person, the surviving Covered Person may elect to:

1. Make a death claim if the Account Value is greater than zero, which terminates IncomeLOCK Plus and the Contract; or
2. Continue the Contract with IncomeLOCK Plus and its corresponding fee.

The components of IncomeLOCK Plus in effect at the time of such continuation will not change. The surviving Covered Person can elect to receive withdrawals in accordance with the provisions of IncomeLOCK Plus elected based on the age of the younger Covered Person at the time the first withdrawal was taken. If no withdrawals were taken prior to the continuation, the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Percentage and the Protected Income Payment Percentage will be based on the age of the surviving Covered Person at the time the first withdrawal is taken. If the continuation occurs during the Income Credit Period, the surviving Covered Person will continue to receive any increases to the Benefit Base for highest Anniversary Values or if applicable, any Income Credit while the Account Value is greater than zero. The surviving Covered Person is also eligible to receive the Minimum Benefit Base on the 12th Benefit Anniversary if no withdrawals have been taken during the first 12 Benefit Years following the Endorsement Date.

Upon the death of the Covered Person(s), if the Account Value is greater than zero, a Beneficiary who is not a Covered Person must make an election under the death benefit provisions of the Contract, which terminates IncomeLOCK Plus.

For more information on death benefits, see "Death Benefits" in the prospectus.

IncomeLOCK Plus Endorsements Issued Prior to February 25, 2013

Effective February 25, 2013, the IncomeLOCK +8 living benefit is no longer available for purchase. If you elected IncomeLOCK +6 or IncomeLOCK +8 prior to February 25, 2013, the following provisions are applicable to this feature. All other IncomeLOCK Plus information provided in this Appendix under the heading "IncomeLOCK Plus" above applies to your Living Benefit except the following:

Fee Tables

The IncomeLOCK Plus fee is calculated as a percentage of the Benefit Base.¹

For Endorsement Dates of December 26, 2012 through February 24, 2013:

Number of Covered Persons	Initial Fee Rate	Maximum Annual Fee Rate ²	Maximum Annualized Fee Rate Decrease or Increase ³
One Covered Person	1.10%	2.20%	+/-0.25%
Two Covered Persons	1.35%	2.70%	+/-0.25%

For Endorsement Dates of May 1, 2012 through December 25, 2012:

Number of Covered Persons	Initial Fee Rate	Maximum Annual Fee Rate ²	Maximum Annualized Fee Rate Decrease or Increase ³
One Covered Person	1.30%	2.60%	+/-0.25%
Two Covered Persons	1.55%	3.10%	+/-0.25%

For Endorsement Dates prior to May 1, 2012:

Number of Covered Persons	Initial Fee Rate	Maximum Annual Fee Rate ²	Maximum Annualized Fee Rate Decrease or Increase ³
One Covered Person	1.10%	2.20%	+/-0.25%
Two Covered Persons	1.35%	2.70%	+/-0.25%

The fee rate can increase or decrease no more than 0.0625% each Benefit Quarter (0.25%/4).

IncomeLOCK Plus Features

IncomeLOCK Plus offers guaranteed lifetime income plus the opportunity to increase income by locking in the greater of either the Contract's highest Anniversary Value or an annual Income Credit. IncomeLOCK Plus was available with two separate Income Credit options: IncomeLOCK +6, with a 6% Income Credit, and IncomeLOCK +8, with an 8% Income Credit. The annual Income Credit is an amount we may add to the Benefit Base each year for the first 12 Benefit Years.

¹ The fee is assessed against the Benefit Base which determines the basis of the Covered Person(s) guaranteed lifetime benefit. The fee is deducted from your Account Value at the end of the first quarter following election and quarterly thereafter. *For a complete description of how the Benefit Base is calculated for IncomeLOCK Plus, see "IncomeLOCK Plus — IncomeLOCK Plus Options" in this Appendix.*

² The Initial Annual Fee Rate is guaranteed not to change for the first Benefit Year. Subsequently, the fee rate may change quarterly subject to the parameters identified in the table below. Any fee adjustment is based on a non-discretionary formula tied to the change in the Volatility Index ("VIX®"), an index of market volatility reported by the Chicago Board Options Exchange. If the VIX increases or decreases on a Benefit Quarter Anniversary, your fee rate will increase or decrease accordingly. *See "IncomeLOCK Plus — IncomeLOCK Plus Fee Formula" in this Appendix.*

³ The Minimum Annual Fee Rate for IncomeLOCK Plus is 0.60%.

Income Credit Options

The annual Income Credit is an amount we may add to the Benefit Base each year for the first 12 Benefit Years.

For IncomeLOCK +6, the Income Credit is reduced but not eliminated in any Benefit Year in which cumulative withdrawals are less than 6% of the Benefit Base, thereby providing a guarantee that income can increase during the first 12 years even after starting withdrawals.

For IncomeLOCK +8, the Income Credit is only available in years when no withdrawals are taken.

After the expiration of the Income Credit Period your Benefit Base may continue to be increased to lock in a higher Anniversary Value. In addition, if no withdrawals are taken during the first 12 years, on the 12th Benefit Anniversary, your Benefit Base will be increased to the Minimum Benefit Base if the Benefit Base is less than this Minimum Benefit Base. The Minimum Benefit Base is equal to 200% of the first Benefit Year's Eligible Purchase Payments if the feature is added on the original Contract issue date or 200% of your Account Value on the Endorsement Date if the feature was added after your original Contract issue date and prior to May 1, 2012.

Amounts Received Under IncomeLOCK Plus

You may begin taking withdrawals as early as age 45. If you elected IncomeLOCK+6 on December 26, 2012 through February 24, 2013, the withdrawal percentage you receive while the Living Benefit is in effect varies according to the Income Credit Option you elected (Option 1, 2, 3 or Custom Allocation).

In addition, if you elected IncomeLOCK +6 or IncomeLOCK +8, your withdrawal percentage will vary primarily depending on (1) whether you elected one or two Covered Persons, (2) the age of the Covered Person(s) at the time of the first withdrawal and (3) whether the Account Value is greater than or equal to zero.

While the Account Value is greater than zero, the MAWP represents the percentage of the Benefit Base used to calculate the MAWA that may be withdrawn each Benefit Year without decreasing the Benefit Base or Income Credit Base. If the Account Value has been reduced to zero, the PIPP represents the percentage of the Benefit Base used to calculate the Protected Income Payment that the client will receive each year over the remaining lifetime of the Covered Person(s). See "IncomeLOCK Plus — If your Account Value is Reduced to Zero" under the heading "Withdrawals under the Living Benefits" in the prospectus.

The percentage of the Benefit Base that is guaranteed by the Living Benefits while the Account Value is greater than zero, or the MAWP, ranges from 5% to 6% for IncomeLOCK Plus with an Endorsement Date prior to May 1, 2012 and ranges from 4.5% to 5.5% for IncomeLOCK Plus with an Endorsement Date of May 1, 2012 through December 25, 2012. The percentage of the Benefit Base that is guaranteed by the Living Benefits while the Account Value has been reduced to zero, or the PIPP, ranges from 3% to 4%. The MAWP and PIPP will vary based on (1) the Living Benefit selected (IncomeLOCK +6 or IncomeLOCK +8), (2) whether there are one or two Covered Person(s), (3) the age of the Covered Person(s) at the time of the first withdrawal, and (4) the Endorsement Date of the Living Benefit.

Note, however, that taxable distributions received before you attain age 59½ are subject to a 10% penalty tax in addition to regular income tax unless an exception applies (both the penalty tax and the exceptions are discussed in the "Federal Tax Matters" section in the prospectus).

The applicable MAWP and PIPP depend on the attained age of the Covered Person(s) at the time of the first withdrawal under the benefit, as set forth below. **The first percentage represents the MAWP and the second percentage represents the PIPP for each of the options shown.**

For IncomeLOCK Plus with an Endorsement Date on December 26, 2012 through February 24, 2013:

IncomeLOCK +6

Number of Covered Persons and Age of Covered Person at First Withdrawal	Income Option 1	Income Option 2	Income Option 3	Custom Allocation
One Covered Person (Age 64 and Younger)	5.5% / 3%*	5.5% / 3%	3.75% for Life	4.5% / 3%*
One Covered Person (Age 65 and Older)	5.5% / 4%	6.5% / 3%	5% for Life	4.5% / 4%
Two Covered Persons (Age 64 and Younger)	5% / 3%*	5% / 3%	3.25% for Life	4% / 3%*
Two Covered Persons (Age 65 and Older)	5% / 4%	6% / 3%	4.50% for Life	4% / 4%

* The PIPP is 4% if the Benefit Base is increased to a new Highest Anniversary Value on or after the Covered Person's 65th birthday or, if two Covered Persons are elected, on or after the younger Covered Person's 65th birthday.

IncomeLOCK +8

Number of Covered Persons and Age of Covered Person at First Withdrawal	MAWP and PIPP
One Covered Person (Age 64 and Younger)	3.75% for Life
One Covered Person (Age 65 and Older)	4.75% for Life
Two Covered Persons (Age 64 and Younger)	3.25% for Life
Two Covered Persons (Age 65 and Older)	4.25% for Life

For IncomeLOCK Plus with an Endorsement Date of May 1, 2012 through December 25, 2012:

Number of Covered Persons and Age of Covered Person at First Withdrawal	IncomeLOCK +6	IncomeLOCK +8
One Covered Person (Age 64 and Younger)	5.5% / 3%	5% / 3%
One Covered Person (Age 65 and Older)	5.5% / 4%	5% / 4%
Two Covered Persons (Age 64 and Younger)	5% / 3%	4.5% / 3%
Two Covered Persons (Age 65 and Older)	5% / 4%	4.5% / 4%

Investment Restrictions

As long as your Living Benefit endorsement remains in effect, we require that you allocate your investments in accordance with the applicable minimum and maximum percentages applicable to the Living Benefit selected. All IncomeLOCK Plus endorsements require that a percentage of your Purchase Payments (including Ineligible Purchase Payments) be allocated to Fixed Account Plus (15% if your Endorsement Date was before May 1, 2012 and 20% if your Endorsement Date was after May 1, 2012). All amounts not allocated to Fixed Account Plus, will be rebalanced on a quarterly basis through an automatic rebalancing program as discussed in more detail below.

For IncomeLOCK Plus with an Endorsement Date prior to May 1, 2012:

Number of Covered Persons and Age of Covered Person at First Withdrawal	IncomeLOCK +6	IncomeLOCK +8
One Covered Person (Age 64 and Younger)	6% / 3%	5.5% / 3%
One Covered Person (Age 65 and Older)	6% / 4%	5.5% / 4%
Two Covered Persons (Age 64 and Younger)	5.5% / 3%	5% / 3%
Two Covered Persons (Age 65 and Older)	5.5% / 4%	5% / 4%

Living Benefits Elected on December 26, 2012 through February 24, 2013. The IncomeLOCK +6 (Options 1, 2 and 3) and IncomeLOCK +8 endorsements require that the remaining 80% of Purchase Payments be allocated among the Dynamic Allocation Fund and the Group A Variable Account Options referenced below (excluding Fixed Account Plus and Short-Term Fixed Account). The IncomeLOCK +6 endorsement with Custom Allocation allows you to allocate Purchase Payments among the Variable Account Options from Groups A, B and C to create your personal investment portfolio, subject to the limitations provided in the table below, including that no more than 90% of each Purchase Payment may be allocated on a combined basis to Fixed Account Plus and Short-Term Fixed Account.

Living Benefits Elected prior to December 26, 2012. If you elected IncomeLOCK Plus prior to December 26, 2012, you may combine Variable Account Options from Groups A, B and C to create your personal investment portfolio in accordance with the minimum and maximum percentages below.

Investment Group	Investment Restrictions	Variable Account Options and/or Fixed Accounts
Group A: Bond, Cash and Fixed Accounts	30% ⁴ Minimum 100% Maximum	Fixed Account Plus Short-Term Fixed Account Core Bond Fund Government Money Market I Fund Government Securities Fund Inflation Protected Fund International Government Bond Fund Vanguard Long-Term Investment Grade Fund Vanguard Long-Term Treasury Fund

Investment Group	Investment Restrictions	Variable Account Options and/or Fixed Accounts
Group B: Equity Maximum	0% Minimum 70% Maximum	Aggressive Growth Lifestyle Fund American Beacon Bridgeway Large Cap Growth Fund Asset Allocation Fund Blue Chip Growth Fund Capital Appreciation Fund Conservative Growth Lifestyle Fund Dividend Value Fund Dynamic Allocation Fund Emerging Economies Fund ⁵ Global Strategy Fund Growth Fund High Yield Bond Fund International Equities Index Fund International Growth Fund International Socially Responsible Fund International Value Fund Large Capital Growth Fund Mid Cap Index Fund Mid Cap Value Fund Moderate Growth Lifestyle Fund Stock Index Fund Systematic Core Fund Systematic Value Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2015 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2020 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2025 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2030 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2035 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2040 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2045 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2050 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2055 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2060 Fund U.S. Socially Responsible Fund Vanguard LifeStrategy Conservative Growth Fund Vanguard LifeStrategy Growth Fund Vanguard LifeStrategy Moderate Growth Fund Vanguard Wellington Fund Vanguard Windsor II Fund

⁴ 20% of each investment, including Ineligible Purchase Payments (if any), is automatically allocated to Fixed Account Plus for as long as IncomeLOCK Plus remains in effect. (See also "Automatic Allocation to Fixed Account Plus" in this Appendix.)

⁵ For Living Benefits with an Endorsement Date prior to November 1, 2011, the Emerging Economies Fund is in Group B. For Living Benefits with an Endorsement Date on or after November 1, 2011, the Emerging Economies Fund is in Group C.

Investment Group	Investment Restrictions	Variable Account Options and/or Fixed Accounts
Group C: Limited Equity	0% Minimum 10% Maximum	Ariel Appreciation Fund Ariel Fund Emerging Economies Fund ⁵ Global Real Estate Fund International Opportunities Fund Invesco Balanced-Risk Commodity Strategy Fund Mid Cap Strategic Growth Fund Nasdaq-100® Index Fund Science and Technology Fund Small Cap Growth Fund Small Cap Index Fund Small Cap Special Values Fund Small Cap Value Fund

Investments are not permitted in the following:

Multi-Year Fixed Option – 3 years
Multi-Year Fixed Option – 5 years
Multi-Year Fixed Option – 7 years
Multi-Year Fixed Option – 10 years

Automatic Allocation to Fixed Account Plus

We will automatically allocate 15% of each Purchase Payment to Fixed Account Plus if your Endorsement Date was prior to May 1, 2012 or 20% of each Purchase Payment to Fixed Account Plus if your Endorsement Date was after May 1, 2012.

The automatic allocation applies to all Purchase Payments, including Ineligible Purchase Payments that are not included in the calculation of the Benefit Base (and the Income Credit Base and Minimum Benefit Base, if applicable). The automatic allocation must remain invested in Fixed Account Plus for as long as the IncomeLOCK Plus benefit remains in effect. You may not transfer any portion of the automatic allocation to Fixed Account Plus to other investment options under the Contract. You may not request a specific percentage of any withdrawal be deducted solely from the automatic allocation to Fixed Account Plus. Rather, any withdrawal reduces the automatic allocation to Fixed Account Plus in the same proportion that the withdrawal reduces your Account Value.

Asset Rebalancing Program.

If you elected IncomeLOCK Plus, you are automatically enrolled in an automatic asset rebalancing program, with quarterly rebalancing, because market performance and withdrawal activity may result in allocations inconsistent with the investment restrictions noted above. We will also initiate immediate rebalancing in accordance with your automatic asset rebalancing instructions, after any of the following transactions:

- Any transfer or reallocation you initiate; or
- Any withdrawal you initiate.

If you initiate any transfer or reallocation, you must also at that time modify the automatic asset rebalancing instructions. Automatic transfers or Systematic Withdrawals will not result in immediate rebalancing but will wait until the next scheduled quarterly rebalancing.

Each Benefit Quarter, we will rebalance the Contract in accordance with the most current automatic asset rebalancing instructions on file. We will not rebalance your investment in Fixed Account Plus if it would result in the balance in Fixed Account Plus decreasing below the 15% or 20% automatic allocation referenced above. If at any point for any reason, the automatic asset rebalancing instructions would result in allocations inconsistent with the restrictions, we will revert to your last instructions on file that are consistent with the restrictions whether for rebalancing or for allocation of a Purchase Payment and implement those at the next balancing. *See the “IncomeLOCK Plus Features — Asset Rebalancing Program” section of this Appendix for additional details of the automatic rebalancing program.*

See the “IncomeLOCK Plus Features — Additional Important Information about IncomeLOCK Plus” section in this Appendix for information about your Living Benefit.

IncomeLOCK Plus Options

If you elected IncomeLOCK +8, the Income Credit is eliminated in any Benefit Year in which you take a withdrawal.

Calculation of the Value of each Component of the Benefit

The calculation of the initial Benefit Base for IncomeLOCK +6 with Endorsement Dates prior to December 26, 2012 and for IncomeLOCK +8 with Endorsement Dates prior to February 25, 2013 is set forth below. *If you elected IncomeLOCK Plus on or after December 26, 2012, see the section of this Appendix titled “Calculation of the Value of each Component of the Benefit” under the heading “IncomeLOCK Plus — IncomeLock Plus Options.”*

⁵ For Living Benefits with an Endorsement Date prior to November 1, 2011, the Emerging Economies Fund is in Group B. For Living Benefits with an Endorsement Date on or after November 1, 2011, the Emerging Economies Fund is in Group C.

The calculation of other components of the Living Benefit, including the Income Credit Period, the Anniversary Value, the Income Credit Base, the Income Credit (if you elected IncomeLOCK +6), the MAWA and Excess Withdrawals, is calculated as set forth in the section of this Appendix titled *“Calculation of the Value of each Component of the Benefit” under the heading “IncomeLOCK Plus — IncomeLOCK Plus Options.”*

First, we determine the initial Benefit Base. If IncomeLOCK Plus was selected prior to May 1, 2012, the initial Benefit Base is equal to the Account Value on the Endorsement Date, which must be at least \$50,000. We reserve the right to limit the Account Value that will be considered in the initial Benefit Base to \$1.5 million without our prior approval. If IncomeLOCK Plus is selected at Contract issue, the initial Benefit Base is equal to the initial Purchase Payment, which must be at least \$50,000.

In addition, if IncomeLOCK Plus was selected prior to December 26, 2012, certain Purchase Payments received during the first five years after your Contract issue date will be considered Eligible Purchase Payments and will immediately increase the Benefit Base, as follows:

1. 100% of Purchase Payments received in the first contract year; and
2. Purchase Payments received in each of contract years 2-5, capped each year at an amount equal to 200% of the Purchase Payments received in contract year 1.

For example, if you made a \$100,000 Purchase Payment in contract year 1, Eligible Purchase Payments will include additional Purchase Payments of up to \$200,000 for contract years 2-5 for a grand total maximum of \$900,000 of Eligible Purchase Payments.

Any Purchase Payments made after your Endorsement Date (if IncomeLOCK Plus was selected after Contract issue), or any Purchase Payments made in contract years 2-5 in excess of the annual cap amount as well as all Purchase Payments received after the 5th contract year (if IncomeLOCK Plus is selected at Contract issue) are considered Ineligible Purchase Payments, and are not included in the Benefit Base.

If IncomeLOCK +8 was selected on December 26, 2012 through February 24, 2013, certain Purchase Payments received during the first year after your Contract issue date will be considered Eligible Purchase Payments and will immediately increase the Benefit Base.

Note that the earnings on Ineligible Purchase Payments, however, are included in the Anniversary Value. Total Eligible Purchase Payments are limited to \$1,500,000 without prior Company approval.

The Benefit Base is increased by each subsequent Eligible Purchase Payment, and is reduced proportionately for Excess Withdrawals.

If you elect IncomeLOCK +8, the Income Credit is 8% of the Income Credit Base, on each Benefit Anniversary during the Income Credit Period. The Income Credit may only be added to the Benefit Base if no withdrawals are taken in a Benefit Year. For example, if you take a withdrawal in Benefit Year 2, you will not be eligible for an Income Credit to be added to your Benefit Base on your second Benefit Anniversary; however, if you do not take a withdrawal in Benefit Year 3, you will be eligible for an Income Credit to be added to your Benefit Base on your third Benefit Anniversary.

See “IncomeLOCK Plus Options — Cancellation of IncomeLOCK Plus” under the heading “IncomeLOCK Plus” for information on how you may cancel your Living Benefit.

Automatic Termination of IncomeLOCK Plus

In addition to the termination events discussed in this Appendix in the section titled *“IncomeLOCK Plus Options — Automatic Termination of IncomeLOCK Plus”* under the heading *“IncomeLOCK Plus”*, the feature and its corresponding fees will automatically and immediately terminate upon the occurrence of one of the following:

1. The Contract Owner elects to take a loan from the Contract while the benefit is in effect.
2. The Contract Owner elects to add Guided Portfolio Services or Guided Portfolio Advantage while the benefit is in effect.

Surrender of Account Value

If you have elected IncomeLOCK +8, no Income Credit will be included in the calculation of the Benefit Base when an RMD is taken.

Loans

If you elected IncomeLOCK Plus prior to December 26, 2012 and then take a loan while your Living Benefit is in effect, the Living Benefit will automatically terminate and you will lose any benefits that you may have had with these features.

IncomeLOCK

IncomeLOCK, a Living Benefit, is no longer offered. If you elected IncomeLOCK, the following provisions are applicable to this feature.

In addition to the defined terms in the prospectus, the following defined terms are applicable to the IncomeLOCK Living Benefit:

Anniversary Value — the Account Value minus any Ineligible Purchase Payments, as measured on any Benefit Anniversary during the MAV Evaluation Period.

Maximum Anniversary Value (“MAV”) Evaluation Period — the period beginning on the Endorsement Date and ending on the 10th Benefit Anniversary for IncomeLOCK.

Minimum Withdrawal Period (“MWP”) — the minimum period over which you may take withdrawals under IncomeLOCK, if withdrawals are not taken under the lifetime withdrawal option.

Extension Offer

The information below is important to you if you purchased a Contract between May 1, 2006 and July 5, 2010 and you elected the IncomeLOCK living benefit. As described in this Appendix, the initial MAV Evaluation Period ends after the tenth contract year. On or about your tenth contract anniversary you will have an opportunity to extend the MAV Evaluation Period (the “Extension”) for an additional ten years. In choosing the Extension, your fee will change as detailed below. No other parameters or terms of your current benefit will change as a result of the Extension.

If you do not wish to elect the Extension, no further action is required by you. Your benefit will continue without change. You will continue to pay the same fee and can take the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount (MAWA) in effect at the end of the MAV Evaluation Period. However, your Benefit Base will no longer be adjusted for higher anniversary values. Please note that if you do not elect the Extension when it is offered, you will not be permitted to extend the MAV Evaluation Period in the future. As with all important financial decisions, we recommend that you discuss this with your financial professional.

To elect the Extension, you must complete the Election Form you will receive. The terms of the Extension for Contracts purchased between May 1, 2006 and July 5, 2010 are detailed below. The MAV Evaluation Period may be extended for an additional 10 year period.

If you elect the Extension, the IncomeLOCK fee will be increased by 0.25% as follows:

<u>Current Maximum Annual Fee Rate</u>	<u>Annual Fee Rate After Extension</u>
0.65%	0.90%

As a reminder, you also have the option to cancel your IncomeLOCK living benefit on your tenth contract anniversary, or any contract anniversary thereafter. If you elect to cancel your IncomeLOCK living benefit, you will no longer receive the guarantees of IncomeLOCK and you will no longer be charged the fee.

The information below is important to you if you purchased a Contract between July 6, 2010 and April 30, 2012 and you elected the IncomeLOCK living benefit. As described in this Appendix, the initial MAV Evaluation Period ends after the tenth contract year. On or about your tenth contract anniversary you will have an opportunity to extend the MAV Evaluation Period (the “Extension”) for an additional ten years. In choosing the Extension, your fee will change as detailed below. No other parameters or terms of your current benefit will change as a result of the Extension.

If you do not wish to elect the Extension, no further action is required by you. Your benefit will continue without change. You will continue to pay the same fee and can take the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount (MAWA) in effect at the end of the MAV Evaluation Period. However, your Benefit Base will no longer be adjusted for higher anniversary values. Please note that if you do not elect the Extension when it is offered, you will not be permitted to extend the MAV Evaluation Period in the future. As with all important financial decisions, we recommend that you discuss this with your financial advisor.

To elect the Extension, you must complete the Election Form you will receive. The terms of the Extension for Contracts purchased between July 6, 2010 and April 30, 2012 are detailed below. The MAV Evaluation Period may be extended for an additional 10 year period.

As long as your Living Benefit endorsement remains in effect, we require that you allocate your investments in accordance with the applicable minimum and maximum percentages applicable to the Living Benefit selected.

If you elect the Extension, the IncomeLOCK fee will be increased by 0.25% as follows:

<u>Current Maximum Annual Fee Rate</u>	<u>Annual Fee Rate After Extension</u>
0.70%	0.95%

As a reminder, you also have the option to cancel your IncomeLOCK living benefit on your tenth contract anniversary, or any contract anniversary thereafter. If you elect to cancel your IncomeLOCK living benefit, you will no longer receive the guarantees of IncomeLOCK and you will no longer be charged the fee.

Fee Table

The IncomeLOCK fee is calculated as a percentage of the Benefit Base.⁶

<u>Fee Period</u>	<u>Maximum Annual Fee Rate</u>
All years	0.90% ⁷

The fee will be calculated and deducted on a proportional basis from your Account Value on the last Business Day of each calendar quarter, starting on the first quarter following your Endorsement Date and ending upon termination of the benefit. If your Account Value and/or Benefit Base falls to zero before the feature has been terminated, the fee will no longer be deducted. We will not assess the quarterly fee if you surrender or annuitize your Contract before the end of a quarter.

IncomeLOCK Features

IncomeLOCK provides for an automatic lock-in of the Contract's highest Anniversary Value during the first ten years from the Endorsement Date (or twenty years, if the benefit is extended). You have the flexibility to receive income under the benefit when and how you need it. Each year, you can withdraw up to 5%, 7% or 10% of your Benefit Base (the total guaranteed amount available for withdrawal), depending on when you take your first withdrawal. A guaranteed lifetime income of 5% is also available if you wait until the Benefit Anniversary following your 65th birthday to take your first withdrawal under the Living Benefit. The MAWP is as follows:

- Before 5th Benefit Year anniversary: 5%
- On or after 5th Benefit Year anniversary: 7%
- On or after 10th Benefit Year anniversary: 10%
- On or after 20th Benefit Year anniversary: 10%
- On or after the Benefit Anniversary following your 65th birthday (for lifetime withdrawals): 5%

Investment Restrictions

As long as your IncomeLOCK endorsement remains in effect, we require that you allocate your investments in accordance with the applicable minimum and maximum percentages below. You may combine Variable Account Options from Groups A, B and C to create your personal investment portfolio. IncomeLOCK endorsements with an Endorsement Date prior to July 6, 2010 are not subject to these investment restrictions.

Investment Group	Investment Restrictions	Variable Account Options and/or Fixed Accounts
Group A: Bond, Cash and Fixed Accounts	20% Minimum 100% Maximum	Fixed Account Plus Short-Term Fixed Account Core Bond Fund Government Money Market I Fund Government Securities Fund Inflation Protected Fund International Government Bond Fund Vanguard Long-Term Investment Grade Fund Vanguard Long-Term Treasury Fund
Group B: Equity Maximum	0% Minimum 70% Maximum	Aggressive Growth Lifestyle Fund American Beacon Bridgeway Large Cap Growth Fund Asset Allocation Fund Blue Chip Growth Fund Capital Appreciation Fund Conservative Growth Lifestyle Fund Dividend Value Fund Dynamic Allocation Fund Emerging Economies Fund ⁸ Global Strategy Fund Growth Fund High Yield Bond Fund International Equities Index Fund International Growth Fund International Socially Responsible Fund International Value Fund Large Capital Growth Fund Mid Cap Index Fund Mid Cap Value Fund Moderate Growth Lifestyle Fund Stock Index Fund Systematic Core Fund Systematic Value Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2015 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2020 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2025 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2030 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2035 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2040 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2045 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2050 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2055 Fund T. Rowe Price Retirement 2060 Fund U.S. Socially Responsible Fund Vanguard LifeStrategy Conservative Growth Fund Vanguard LifeStrategy Growth Fund Vanguard LifeStrategy Moderate Growth Fund Vanguard Wellington Fund Vanguard Windsor II Fund

⁶ IncomeLOCK is an optional guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefit. The fee will be calculated and deducted on a proportional basis from your Account Value on the last Business Day of each calendar quarter, starting on the first quarter following your Endorsement Date and ending upon termination of the benefit.

⁷ For IncomeLOCK endorsements with an Endorsement Date from July 6, 2010 to April 30, 2012, the maximum annual fee is 0.70%, and for IncomeLOCK endorsements with an Endorsement Date prior to July 6, 2010, the maximum annual fee is 0.65%.

⁸ For Living Benefits with an Endorsement Date prior to November 1, 2011, the Emerging Economies Fund (formerly Global Equities Fund) is in Group B. For Living Benefits with an Endorsement Date on or after November 1, 2011, the Emerging Economies Fund is in Group C.

Investment Group	Investment Restrictions	Variable Account Options and/or Fixed Accounts
Group C: Limited Equity	0% Minimum 10% Maximum	Ariel Appreciation Fund Ariel Fund Emerging Economies Fund ⁸ Global Real Estate Fund International Opportunities Fund Invesco Balanced-Risk Commodity Strategy Fund Mid Cap Strategic Growth Fund Nasdaq-100 [®] Index Fund Science and Technology Fund Small Cap Growth Fund Small Cap Index Fund Small Cap Special Values Fund Small Cap Value Fund

Any withdrawals taken may be subject to a 10% tax penalty if you are under age 59½ at the time of the withdrawal. For information about how these features are treated for income tax purposes, you should consult a qualified tax advisor concerning your particular circumstances. If you set up required minimum distributions (“RMD”) and have elected this feature, your distributions must be set up on the automated minimum distribution withdrawal program administered by our Annuity Service Center. Withdrawals greater than the RMD determined solely with reference to this Contract and the benefits thereunder, without aggregating the Contract with any other contract or account, may reduce the benefits of these features. In addition, if you have a qualified Contract, tax law and the terms of the plan may restrict withdrawal amounts. *See the “Surrender of Account Value” section of this prospectus, including the section in this Appendix, and the “Federal Tax Matters” section of this prospectus.*

Investments are not permitted in the following:

Multi-Year Fixed Option – 3 years
Multi-Year Fixed Option – 5 years
Multi-Year Fixed Option – 7 years
Multi-Year Fixed Option – 10 years

Any amounts that we may pay under a Living Benefit in excess of your Account Value are subject to the Company’s financial strength and claims-paying ability.

IncomeLOCK Components

The benefit’s components and value may vary depending on when the first withdrawal is taken, the age of the Contract Owner at the time of the first withdrawal and the amount that is withdrawn. Your withdrawal activity determines the time period over which you are eligible to receive withdrawals. You will automatically be eligible to receive lifetime withdrawals if you begin withdrawals on or after the Benefit Anniversary following your 65th birthday and your withdrawals do not exceed the maximum annual withdrawal percentage of 5% in any Benefit Year. You may begin taking withdrawals under the benefit immediately following the date the IncomeLOCK endorsement is issued for your Contract. *See “Surrender of Account Value” in this Appendix for more information regarding the effects of withdrawals on the components of IncomeLOCK and a description of the effect of RMDs on the Living Benefit.*

Contract Owners who elected IncomeLOCK prior to July 2, 2012 may select Guided Portfolio Advantage, a financial service offered by VALIC Financial Advisors, Inc.

We reserve the right to change the investment requirements at any time for prospectively issued Contracts. We may also revise the investment requirements for any existing Contract to the extent variable or fixed investment options are added, deleted, substituted, merged or otherwise reorganized. We will notify you of any changes to the investment requirements

Additional Important Information about IncomeLOCK

If you take a loan after your IncomeLOCK Endorsement Date, the Living Benefit will automatically be terminated and you will lose any benefits that you may have had with this feature. Withdrawals under this feature are treated like any other withdrawal for the purpose of calculating taxable income, reducing your Account Value. The withdrawals count toward the 10% you may remove each Contract year without a surrender charge. *See the “Fees and Charges” section of this prospectus.*

⁸ For Living Benefits with an Endorsement Date prior to November 1, 2011, the Emerging Economies Fund (formerly Global Equities Fund) is in Group B. For Living Benefits with an Endorsement Date on or after November 1, 2011, the Emerging Economies Fund is in Group C.

The table below is a summary of the IncomeLOCK feature and applicable components of the benefit.

Withdrawal	MAWP Prior to any Extension	Initial MWP Prior to Any Extension	MAWP if Extension is Elected
Before 5th Benefit Anniversary	5%	20 Years	5%
On or after 5th Benefit Anniversary.	7%	14.28 Years	7%
On or after 10th Benefit Anniversary	10%	10 Years	7%
On or after 20th Benefit Anniversary	10%	10 Years	10%
On or after the Benefit Anniversary following Contract owner's 65th birthday	5%	Life of the Contract Owner ⁹	5%

Calculation of the value of each component of the Benefit

First, we determine the Benefit Base. If IncomeLOCK was selected after Contract issue and prior to May 1, 2012, the initial Benefit Base is equal to the Account Value on the Endorsement Date, which must be at least \$50,000. We reserve the right to limit the Account Value that will be considered in the initial Benefit Base to \$1 million without our prior approval. If IncomeLOCK was selected at Contract issue, the initial Benefit Base is equal to the initial Purchase Payment, which must be at least \$50,000.

In addition, if IncomeLOCK was selected at Contract issue, the amount of Purchase Payments received during the first two years after your Endorsement Date will be considered Eligible Purchase Payments and will immediately increase the Benefit Base. Any Purchase Payments we receive after your Endorsement Date, if IncomeLOCK was selected after Contract issue (or more than two years after your Endorsement Date, if IncomeLOCK is selected at Contract issue) are considered Ineligible Purchase Payments. Eligible Purchase Payments are limited to \$1 million without our prior approval.

On each Benefit Anniversary throughout the MAV Evaluation Period, the Benefit Base automatically adjusts upwards if the current Anniversary Value is greater than both the current Benefit Base and any previous year's Anniversary Value. Other than reductions made for withdrawals (including Excess Withdrawals), the Benefit Base will only be adjusted upwards. Note that during the MAV Evaluation Period the Benefit Base will never be lowered if Anniversary Values decrease as a result of investment performance. *For effects of withdrawals on the Benefit Base, see the "Surrender of Account Value" section in this Appendix.*

Second, we consider the MAV Evaluation Period, which begins on the Endorsement Date and ends on the 10th anniversary of the Endorsement Date. Upon the expiration of the MAV Evaluation

Period, you may contact us to extend the MAV Evaluation Period for an additional period as discussed further below.

Third, we determine the Anniversary Value, which equals your Account Value on any Benefit Anniversary during the MAV Evaluation Period, minus any Ineligible Purchase Payments. Note that the earnings on Ineligible Purchase Payments, however, are included in the Anniversary Value.

Fourth, we determine the MAWA, which represents the maximum amount that may be withdrawn each Benefit Year without creating an excess withdrawal and is an amount calculated as a percentage of the Benefit Base. The applicable MAWP is determined based on the Benefit Year when you take your first withdrawal, or, for lifetime withdrawals, the age of the owner when the first withdrawal is taken. Applicable percentages are shown in the IncomeLOCK summary table above. If the Benefit Base is increased to the current Anniversary Value, the MAWA is recalculated on that Benefit Anniversary using the applicable MAWP multiplied by the new Benefit Base. If the Benefit Base is increased as a result of Eligible Purchase Payments, the MAWA will be recalculated by multiplying the new Benefit Base by the applicable MAWP.

Lastly, we determine the MWP, which is the minimum period over which you may take withdrawals under this feature. The initial MWP is calculated when withdrawals under the benefit begin, and is re-calculated when the Benefit Base is adjusted to a higher Anniversary Value by dividing the Benefit Base by the MAWA. *See the summary table above for initial MWPs.* The MWPs will be reduced due to Excess Withdrawals. *For effects of withdrawals on the MWP, see the "Surrender of Account Value" section of this prospectus.*

Cancellation of IncomeLOCK

IncomeLOCK may be cancelled on the 5th Benefit Anniversary, the 10th Benefit Anniversary, or any Benefit Anniversary thereafter. Once IncomeLOCK is cancelled, you will no longer be charged a fee and the guarantees under the benefit are terminated. You may not extend the MAV Evaluation Period and you may not re-elect IncomeLOCK after cancellation.

⁹ Lifetime withdrawals are available so long as your withdrawals remain within the 5% MAWP indicated above. If withdrawals exceed the 5% MAWP in any Benefit Year, and if the excess is not solely a result of RMDs attributable to this Contract, lifetime withdrawals will no longer be available. Instead, available withdrawals are automatically recalculated with respect to the MWP and MAWP listed in the table above, based on the time of first withdrawal and reduced for withdrawals already taken.

Automatic Termination of IncomeLOCK

The feature automatically terminates upon the occurrence of one of the following:

1. The MWP has been reduced to zero unless conditions for lifetime withdrawals are met; or
2. Full or partial annuitization of the Contract; or
3. Full surrender of the Contract; or
4. A death benefit is paid, or
5. You elect to take a loan from the Contract; or
6. Your spousal Beneficiary elects to continue the Contract without IncomeLOCK.

We also reserve the right to terminate the feature if withdrawals in excess of the MAWA in any Benefit Year reduce the Benefit Base by 50% or more.

Lifetime withdrawals will not be available in the event of:

1. An ownership change which results in a change of the older Contract Owner;¹⁰ or
2. Withdrawals prior to the Benefit Anniversary following the 65th birthday of the Contract Owner; or
3. Death of the Contract Owner; or
4. A withdrawal in excess of the 5% MAWA.¹¹

Surrender of Account Value

The timing and amount of withdrawals will affect the amounts received under IncomeLOCK as set forth below in greater detail.

The amount of any withdrawal for IncomeLOCK which exceeds the MAWA because of RMDs required to comply with the minimum distribution requirements of the Code section 401(a)(9) and related provisions of the Code and regulations, as determined solely with reference to this Contract and the benefits thereunder, will not be treated as an excess withdrawal providing that all of the following conditions are met:

1. No withdrawals in addition to the RMD are taken in that same year;
2. Any RMD withdrawal is based only on the value of the Contract (including endorsements) and the benefits thereunder;

3. If the Endorsement Date is on or before the Required Beginning Date (RBD) of the RMD, you take the first yearly RMD withdrawal in the calendar year you attain age 70 ½ (or age 72, if applicable), or retire, if applicable; and
4. You do not make any RMD withdrawal that would result in you being paid in any Benefit Year more than one calendar year's RMD amount.

Any portion of a RMD withdrawal that is based on amounts greater than those set forth above will be considered an excess withdrawal. This will result in the cancellation of lifetime withdrawals and further may reduce your remaining MWP.

Withdrawals made under IncomeLOCK are treated like any other withdrawals under the Contract for purposes of calculating taxable income, reducing the Account Value, deducting applicable surrender charges or market value adjustments, applying fixed account withdrawal restrictions or free withdrawal amounts and any other features, benefits and conditions of the Contract. The sum of withdrawals in any Benefit Year up to the MAWA will not be assessed a surrender charge.

The MAWA, Benefit Base and MWP may change over time as a result of the timing and amounts of withdrawals.

If you elect to begin withdrawals prior to the Benefit Anniversary following your 65th birthday (if a jointly owned nonqualified Contract, prior to the 65th birthday of the older owner), you will not be eligible to receive lifetime withdrawals. If you begin withdrawals on or after the Benefit Anniversary following your 65th birthday (older owner 65th birthday if jointly owned) and wish to receive lifetime withdrawals, the MAWA is calculated as 5% of the Benefit Base. At any time, if the amount of withdrawals exceeds 5% of the Benefit Base in a Benefit Year, you will not be guaranteed to receive lifetime withdrawals. However, you can continue to receive withdrawals over the MWP in amounts up to the MAWA as described above, based on when you made your first withdrawal and reduced by withdrawals already taken.

Total withdrawals in any Benefit Year equal to or less than the MAWA reduce the Benefit Base by the amount of the withdrawal. Withdrawals in excess of the MAWA are considered Excess Withdrawals. We define Excess Withdrawals as either: 1) any withdrawal that causes the total withdrawals in a Benefit Year to exceed the MAWA; or 2) any withdrawal in a Benefit

¹⁰ If a change of ownership occurs from a natural person to a non-natural entity, the original natural older owner must also be the annuitant after the ownership change to prevent termination of lifetime withdrawals. A change of ownership from a non-natural entity to a natural person can only occur if the new natural owner was the original natural older annuitant in order to prevent termination of lifetime withdrawals. Any ownership change is contingent upon prior review and approval by the Company.

¹¹ However, if an RMD withdrawal for this Contract exceeds the MAWA, the ability to receive lifetime withdrawals will not be terminated as long as withdrawals of RMDs are determined solely with reference to this Contract and the benefits thereunder, without aggregating the Contract with any other contract or account. See the "Surrender of Account Value" section in this prospectus.

Year taken after the MAWA has been withdrawn. Excess Withdrawals will reduce the Benefit Base by the greater of: (a) the amount of the Excess Withdrawal; or (b) the relative size of the Excess Withdrawal in relation to the Account Value on the next Benefit Anniversary after the Excess Withdrawal. This means that if Account Value is less than the Benefit Base, withdrawals greater than the MAWA will result in a proportionately greater reduction of the Benefit Base (as described below), which will be more than the amount of the withdrawal itself. This will also reduce your MAWA.

The impact of withdrawals and the effect on each component of IncomeLOCK are further explained below.

Account Value: Any withdrawal reduces the Account Value by the amount of the withdrawal.

Benefit Base: Withdrawals reduce the Benefit Base as follows:

1. All withdrawals up to the MAWA, and any withdrawals in excess of the MAWA which are due solely to RMDs (as more specifically described above), will reduce the Benefit Base by the dollar amount of the withdrawal;
2. Excess Withdrawals as described above reduce the Benefit Base to the lesser of (a) or (b), where:
 - (a) is the Benefit Base immediately prior to the Excess Withdrawal minus the amount of the Excess Withdrawal, or;
 - (b) is the Benefit Base immediately prior to the Excess Withdrawal reduced in the same proportion by which the Account Value on the next Benefit Anniversary after the Excess Withdrawal is reduced by the amount of the Excess Withdrawal.

Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount (MAWA): The MAWA will be adjusted as follows:

1. If there are no Excess Withdrawals in a Benefit Year, no further changes are made to the MAWA for the next Benefit Year.
2. If there are Excess Withdrawals in a Benefit Year, the MAWA will be recalculated on the next Benefit Anniversary. The new MAWA will equal the new Benefit Base on that Benefit Anniversary after the Withdrawal divided by the new MWP on that Benefit Anniversary. The new MAWA may be lower than your previously calculated MAWA.

Minimum Withdrawal Period (MWP): The MWP is calculated as follows:

1. If there are no Excess Withdrawals during a Benefit Year, the new MWP will be the Benefit Base after the withdrawal divided by the current MAWA.

2. If there are Excess Withdrawals during a Benefit Year, the new MWP will equal the MWP calculated at the end of the prior Benefit Year reduced by one year. In the case of lifetime withdrawals, such an Excess Withdrawal will cancel that period and the new MWP will be determined by dividing the new Benefit Base by the new MAWA.

If your Account Value is Reduced to Zero

If your Account Value is reduced to zero and the Benefit Base is greater than zero, subsequent Purchase Payments will no longer be accepted and a death benefit will not be payable. Further payments under the Contract will be made according to your irrevocable election of one of the following two alternatives:

- (1) In a form acceptable to the Company, you may request a lump sum equal to the discounted present value of any remaining guaranteed payments under the benefit; or,
- (2) If no lump sum request is received by the Company during the period described in a notice provided to you by the Company, you will receive an annuity according to the annuitization provisions of your Contract. Absent an alternative election by you, the annuity will consist of annual payments equal to the MAWA, for a period of years equal to the remaining Benefit Base divided by the MAWA. Such payments will be made quarterly unless otherwise elected, and each individual periodic payment will be equal to the pro-rata portion of the annual MAWA based upon the frequency. Prior to the commencement of such payments, you may also elect to receive an alternative form of annuity, in any other actuarially equivalent form permitted under the Contract, subject to any applicable limitations under the Contract or the Plan.

Extending the MAV Evaluation Period

At the end of the MAV Evaluation Period, as long as the benefit is still in effect and the older owner is age 85 or younger, we guarantee that you will be given the opportunity to extend the MAV Evaluation Period for at least one additional evaluation period of 10 years. If you elect to extend the MAV Evaluation Period, the Benefit Base can continue to be adjusted upward as described above on each anniversary during the new MAV Evaluation Period. Also, if you extend the MAV Evaluation Period, you should note that the components of the feature, such as the fee and MAWP, will change to those in effect at the time you elect to extend. The components and fees may be different from when you initially elected the feature. Additional MAV Evaluation Periods may be offered at our sole discretion.

If you do not contact us to extend the MAV Evaluation Period, the Benefit Base will no longer be adjusted on subsequent Benefit Anniversaries. However, you can continue to take the MAWA in effect at the end of the last MAV Evaluation Period,

subject to adjustments for withdrawals. You will continue to pay the fee at the rate that was in effect during the last MAV Evaluation Period and you will not be permitted to extend the MAV Evaluation Period in the future.

Death Benefits

Spousal Beneficiary

Upon the death of the Contract Owner, and subject to any applicable limitations in this Contract, the Code, or under the plan or arrangement under which the Contract is issued, your spousal Beneficiary may elect either (i) to receive a death benefit in accordance with one of the forms permitted under the provisions of this Contract (if the Account Value is greater than zero), (ii) continue this Contract and IncomeLOCK (except as noted below) or (iii) continue the Contract and cancel IncomeLOCK and its accompanying charge. Spousal continuation of the Contract (and IncomeLOCK) is not available if the Contract was set up under one of the following "qualified" plan types: 403(b), 401(k), 401(a) or 457(b). For these Contracts, a spousal Beneficiary, like a non-spousal Beneficiary, cannot continue IncomeLOCK and must take a death benefit under the terms of the Contract. A spousal Beneficiary may continue IncomeLOCK but only for nonqualified Contracts and IRA plan types (Roth IRA, traditional IRA, SEP, and Simple IRA). Upon election to continue the Contract and IncomeLOCK, your spousal Beneficiary will be subject to the terms and conditions of IncomeLOCK, including the charge. Upon the owner's death, lifetime withdrawals under the IncomeLOCK end and are not available to your spousal Beneficiary. In this event, available withdrawals under IncomeLOCK are automatically recalculated with respect to the MWP and MAWP shown in the IncomeLOCK summary table above, based on the time of the first withdrawal under IncomeLOCK and reduced for withdrawals already taken. The Endorsement Date will not change as the result of spousal continuation.

Non-Spousal Beneficiary

Upon the death of the Contract Owner, if the Account Value is greater than zero, IncomeLOCK will terminate, and your nonspousal Beneficiary(ies) must receive a death benefit in accordance with the otherwise applicable terms of this Contract. If the Account Value is zero upon your death (meaning that no death benefit is payable) but the MWP remaining is greater than zero, a nonspousal beneficiary will receive the remaining value in a lump sum equal to the discounted present value of any remaining guaranteed payments under IncomeLOCK. Upon your death, lifetime withdrawals under the IncomeLOCK end and any available withdrawals under this Endorsement are automatically recalculated with respect to the MWP and MAWP shown in the IncomeLOCK summary table above, based on the time of the first withdrawal under IncomeLOCK and reduced for withdrawals already taken.

Loans

If you elected IncomeLOCK prior to December 26, 2012 and then take a loan while your Living Benefit is in effect, the Living Benefit will automatically terminate and you will lose any benefits that you may have had with these features.

Appendix C — State Contract Variability

Prospectus	Provision Availability or Variation	Issue State
Free Look	Free Look period is 20 days or 30 days if this is a replacement. The Free Look amount is the return of all purchase payments allocated to the contract.	Alaska
Free Look	If you are age 65 or older on the Contract issue date, the Free Look period is 30 days.	Arizona
Free Look	If you are age 60 or older on the Contract issue date, the Free Look period is 30 days. If you invest in the Fixed Account, the Free Look amount is calculated as the Purchase Payments paid. If you invest in Variable Account Options, the Free Look amount is calculated as the greater of (1) Purchase Payments or (2) the value of your Contract plus any fees paid on the day we received your request in good order at the Annuity Service Center.	California
Free Look	The Free Look period is 21 days and the amount is calculated as the value of your Contract plus fees and charges on the day we receive your request in good order at the Annuity Service Center.	Florida
Free Look	The Free Look period is 20 days.	Idaho North Dakota Rhode Island Texas
Free Look	The Free Look amount is calculated as the value of your Contract plus fees and charges on the day we received your request in good order at the Annuity Service Center.	Michigan Minnesota Missouri Texas
Free Look	The Free Look amount is calculated as the greater of (1) Purchase Payments including fees and charges or (2) the value of your Contract on the day we receive your request in good order at the Annuity Service Center.	Arkansas
Free Look	The Free Look period is 20 days. The Free Look amount is the purchase payments made to the fixed interest options and the accumulation value of the variable options on the day the contract is returned. The Free Look period is 60 days for a replacement.	New York
Death Benefit	Standard Death Benefit is paid on or after age 70	New York
Death Benefit	For Contracts issued on or after March 5, 2012, the interest guaranteed death benefit is available on individual nonqualified Contracts, Roth IRAs or IRAs (issued outside of an employer-sponsored retirement plan) if death occurs prior to age 70; the standard death benefit is payable if death occurs on or after age 70. For Contracts issued in connection with an employer-sponsored retirement plan, only the standard death benefit is payable.	Florida
Surrender Charge	For Contracts issued to individuals in the State of Oregon, no surrender charge will be applied to withdrawals if your account has been in effect for 10 years or longer. In addition, we will treat funds withdrawn from such Contract, when such funds are subject to surrender charges, as attributable to Purchase Payments withdrawn on a first-in-first out basis. This procedure applies to Contracts issued on and after July 1, 2017. The amount of the surrender charge for such Contracts will be the lesser of: five percent (5%) of the amount withdrawn which is attributable to Purchase Payments received during the most recent 60 months; or five percent (5%) of the total amount withdrawn.	Oregon
Surrender Charge	For ten years from the date the Certificate was issued the charge will be 5% of either (1) the amount withdrawn, or (2) the amount of any Purchase Payments received during the most recent 60 months prior to the surrender or withdrawal, whichever is less. During the eleventh and twelfth Certificate Years, the charge will be the lesser of the charge as described above or 1% of the amount withdrawn.	Texas
Premium Tax	We deduct premium tax charges of 0.50% for Qualified Contracts and 2.35% for Non-Qualified Contracts based on contract value when you begin the Payout Period.	California
Premium Tax	We deduct premium tax charges of 2.0% for Non-Qualified contracts based on total Purchase payments when you begin the Payout Period.	Maine
Premium Tax	We deduct premium tax charges of 3.5% for Non-Qualified contracts based on total Purchase payments when you begin the Payout Period.	Nevada
Premium Tax	For the first \$500,000 in the Contract, we deduct premium tax charges of 1.25% for Non-Qualified Contracts based on total Purchase Payments when you begin the Payout Period. For any amount in excess of \$500,000 in the Contract, we deduct front-end premium tax charges of 0.08% for Non-Qualified Contracts based on total Purchase Payments when you begin the Payout Period.	South Dakota
Premium Tax	We deduct premium tax charges of 1.00% for Qualified Contracts and 1.00% for Non-Qualified Contracts based on contract value when you begin the Payout Period.	West Virginia
Premium Tax	We deduct premium tax charges of 1.00% for Non-Qualified contracts based on total Purchase payments when you begin the Payout Period.	Wyoming

VFA — Business Continuity Statement

Overview:

The scope of VALIC Financial Advisors, Inc. (VFA) business continuity planning today entails certain key VFA business operations and data center locations. Business continuity planning is the process which defines the procedures employed to ensure the timely and orderly resumption of a company's business, through its ability to execute plans with minimal interruption to time-sensitive business operations.

How well VFA is prepared to survive a business disruption with minimal interruption to its daily routine will depend on the elements identified and the provisions made for review, maintenance, quality assurance and accuracy of its business continuity plans. Specific plans have been developed and teams have been identified for each time-sensitive business operation. Each plan prioritizes the critical business functions and states a strategy for recovery within a specified timeframe.

AIG's Enterprise Resiliency department is responsible for the guidelines, methodologies, and framework to support the strategies for recovery. VALIC's business units and application support teams are responsible for developing and maintaining continuity plans that are compliant with the above mentioned guidelines, methodologies, and framework.

VFA Business Continuity Objectives:

The objectives of the VFA Business Recovery Continuity Plan are to:

- Support health and well being of staff.
- Provide a framework for controlled and timely responses to incidents.
- Document recovery strategies to minimize impact to staff, customers and business.
- Minimize commercial and reputation damage.
- Protect account assets and financial position.
- Minimize the risk of legal liabilities.
- Resume and recover any disrupted business function or operation rapidly and effectively.
- Ensure compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.
- Maintain confidence and good relations with public safety and regulatory agencies, customers, service providers, and other official parties.
- Satisfy the interests and concerns of VFA programs and other related business entities.

VFA Business Continuity Guidelines:

The VFA Business Continuity Plans were developed in accordance with the AIG Enterprise Resiliency Policy. The AIG Enterprise Resiliency Policies are based on industry standard. The key elements of the policy include, , Business Impact Analysis, Business Continuity Plan, and Plan Testing. These key elements are discussed below:

- **Business Impact Analysis** – Each VFA business unit is required to identify follow the Criticality Tier Matrix to define the criticality of each business function, as well as the requirements such as internal & external dependencies and applications that the function needs to successfully recover. Additionally, each unit must review The Business Impact Analysis annually.
- **Business Continuity Plan** – VFA business units document and update annually a continuity plan to support the recovery of the business function/process. Continuity plans should be documented in accordance to the Enterprise Resiliency Policy and Standards and align to the Criticality Tier Matrix which can include; documenting recovery procedures, employee communication strategies, alternate site requirements, procedures for notifying clients, recovery management, and alternate site preparation checklists.
- **Plan Testing** – Once the Business Continuity plan documentation is complete, it is tested regularly to ensure that recovery capability remains viable. Testing requirements and frequency are driven by the Criticality Tier Matrix.

VFA Recovery Strategies:

Threats that materialize can cause varying degrees of outages. The VFA recovery strategies address loss of workspace, loss of technology, and loss of staff.

VFA Disaster Recovery:

VALIC's parent company, AIG, has implemented a two data center self-recovery strategy. Business applications are in production mode in one data center with fail-over to the second data center. The two data centers are geographically dispersed with one in Fort Worth, Texas and the other in Livingston, New Jersey.

VFA and its clearing firm, National Financial Services, LLC (NFS), have an agreement in which NFS may provide trade execution, clearing, and other related services for your brokerage account. NFS backs up VFA's important records in a geographically separate area. While every emergency situation poses unique problems based on external factors, such as time of day and the severity of the disruption, VFA has been advised by NFS that its objective is to restore its own operations and be able to complete existing transactions and accept new transactions and payments in a timely manner.

VFA is also the Broker/Dealer of record on many accounts held directly at third party mutual fund and annuity companies. These third-party companies each have their own business continuity plan in place in case normal business operations are interrupted for any reason.

In the event VFA ceases operations, customers who have retail accounts with NFS may call the VFA customer service line at 866-544-4968. VFA customers who have accounts held directly with third party mutual fund or annuity companies should call those companies directly if they need to place a trade, request a distribution, or have questions about their account. Clients who have VALIC Annuity Accounts should contact the VALIC Contact Center line at 800-448-2542.

VALIC Financial Advisors, Inc., member of FINRA, SIPC and an SEC-registered investment advisor.

This Business Continuity Statement is not part of the prospectus.

FACTS**WHAT DOES AIG RETIREMENT SERVICES DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?****Why?**

Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.

What?

The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:

- Social Security number and Medical Information
- Income and Credit History
- Payment History and Employment Information

When you are *no longer* our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.

How?

All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons AIG Retirement Services chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Does AIG Retirement Services share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes — such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, conduct research including data analytic or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
For our marketing purposes — to offer our products and services to you	Yes	No
For joint marketing with other financial companies	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes — information about your transactions and experiences	Yes	No
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes — information about your creditworthiness	No	We don't share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	No	We don't share

Questions? Call 1-800-448-2542 or go to aig.com/RetirementServices

Who we are

Who is providing this notice? AIG Retirement Services is providing this notice on behalf of the companies listed below.

What we do

How does AIG Retirement Services protect my personal information? To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings. We restrict access to employees, representatives, agents, or selected third parties who have been trained to handle nonpublic personal information.

How does AIG Retirement Services collect my personal information? We collect your personal information, for example, when you

- open an account or provide account information
- seek advice about your investments or tell us about your investment or retirement portfolio
- tell us about your investment or retirement earnings

We also collect your personal information from others, such as credit bureaus, affiliates, or other companies.

Why can't I limit all sharing? Federal law gives you the right to limit only

- sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes — information about your creditworthiness
- affiliates from using your information to market to you
- sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you

State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing. See below for more on your rights under state law.

Definitions

Affiliates Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.

- *Our affiliates include the member companies of American International Group, Inc.*

Nonaffiliates Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.

- *AIG Retirement Services does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.*

Joint Marketing A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.

- *AIG Retirement Services does not jointly market.*

Other important information

AIG Retirement Services represents AIG member companies—The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC) and its subsidiaries, VALIC Financial Advisors, Inc. (VFA) and VALIC Retirement Services Company (VRSCO). Securities offered through VFA member FINRA, SIPC, and an SEC registered investment advisor. Annuities issued by VALIC, Houston, TX. Variable annuities distributed by its affiliate, AIG Capital Services, Inc. (ACS), member FINRA. All companies are members of American International Group, Inc. (AIG).

This notice is provided by AIG Retirement Services on behalf of VALIC; VRSCO and VFA. In addition to AIG Retirement Services, the following companies are represented for purposes of this notice: American General Life Insurance Company; ACS; HRA Administrator, LLC; VALIC Company I; and VALIC Company II.

You have the right to see and, if necessary, correct personal data. This requires a written request, both to see your personal data and to request correction. We do not have to change our records if we do not agree with your correction, but we will place your statement in our file. If you would like a more detailed description of our information practices and your rights, please write us at: AIG Retirement Services Document Control, PO Box 15648, Amarillo, TX 79105-5648

For Vermont Residents only. We will not disclose information about your creditworthiness to our affiliates and will not disclose your personal information, financial information, credit report, or health information to nonaffiliated third parties to market to you, other than as permitted by Vermont law, unless you authorize us to make those disclosures. Additional information concerning our privacy policies can be found using the contact information above for Questions.

For California Residents only. We will not share information we collect about you with nonaffiliated third parties, except as permitted by California law, such as to process your transactions or to maintain your account.

For Nevada Residents only. We are providing this notice pursuant to Nevada state law. You may be placed on our internal Do Not Call List by calling 800-448-2542. Nevada law requires that we also provide you with the following contact information: Bureau of Consumer Protection, Office of the Nevada Attorney General, 555 E. Washington St., Suite 3900, Las Vegas, NV 89101; Phone number: 702-486-3132; email: aginfo@ag.nv.gov.

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

THE VARIABLE ANNUITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
P.O. Box 3206
Houston, TX 77253-3206

